

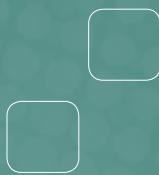


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Cheetah calculations of GA/BAMO candidate compositions



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English summary

Norway's main objective in the EDA project No B-0585-GEM2-GC "Formulation and Production of New Energetic Materials" was to synthesize different new energetic binders built of GA and BAMO polymers. Before starting experimentally work, Cheetah calculations with both BKWC and BKWS product libraries at standard conditions were performed to study what effects energetic binder/binder system had on the performance on different types of compositions.

Two classes of pressed compositions, one with filler content of 96 wt. % RDX or HMX and one with 92 wt. % RDX or HMX, have been studied to replace PBXW-11 and PBXN-9. The energetic binders we wanted to synthesize were GA/BAMO with different ratio between GA and BAMO. Calculations have been performed with both GAP and BAMO and of a mixture of these two binders. In addition, calculations with energetic binder and inert plasticizer have been performed.

Obtained detonation pressures and velocities for compositions with GAP, BAMO or GA/BAMO are both equal for these compositions. The ratio between GA/BAMO has only minor effect on both detonation velocity and detonation pressure. Changes occur first when an inert plasticizer is introduced. With inert plasticizer the detonation pressure drops by 1.6 GPa for the 96 wt. % HMX compositions and by 3 GPa for the 92 wt. % HMX compositions with the BKWS product library. With the BKWC product library the drop is 2.3 and 4.2 GPa respectively. The detonation velocity drops are 150 m/s and 300 m/s with BKWS and 240 m/s and 450 m/s with the BKWC product library for the respective compositions.

A composition with 92 wt. % HMX and energetic binder/plasticizer has equal or better performance than PBXW-11 (96 wt. % HMX, inert binder). Use of energetic binder in combination with inert plasticizer has only minor influence on detonation velocity and pressure for compositions with 96 wt. % filler. For compositions with 92 wt. % filler and energetic binder/inert plasticizer the detonation pressure increases by 1 GPa and the detonation velocity by +100 m/s. This trend is independent of filler.

For 87 wt. % HMX or RDX cast-cure compositions the effect of changing the binder system in PBXN-110 to energetic binders gives larger differences. The detonation pressure increases with 7.32 GPa (BKWC) and 4.94 GPa (BKWS) for HMX and slightly less (6.48/4.39) with RDX. The detonation velocity increase by 820 m/s (BKWC) and 508 m/s (BKWS) for HMX and 784/468 m/s for RDX. Compositions with energetic binders and inert plasticizer (DOA) have properties between those for PBXN-110 and compositions containing energetic binder systems.

The calculations have shown that compositions having energetic binder/binder systems increase the performance for both cast-cure and pressed compositions. The increased performance may also be used or utilized to reduce the filler content and thus reduce the sensitivity. For pressed compositions, the choice of ratio between GA and BAMO for the new polymers to be synthesised will be governed by the ability to coat crystals and give the press powder the required properties rather than the energy content, since the energy content is independent of the ratio.

Sammendrag

I EDA-prosjektet No B-0585-GEM2-GC "Formulation and Production of New Energetic Materials" hadde Norge som målsetting å syntetisere ulike nye energirike bindemidler oppbygd av GA- og BAMO-enheter. Før det eksperimentelle syntesearbeidet ble igangsatt, ble teoretiske beregninger med Cheetah utført. Beregninger ble utført med både BKWC- og BKWS-produktbibliotekene under standard betingelser. Hensikten var å studere hvilken effekt energirike bindemiddel/bindemiddelsystem har på virkningen til ulike komposisjoner. Pressbare komposisjoner med 96 vektprosent RDX eller HMX og med 92 vektprosent RDX eller HMX inngikk i studien, komposisjoner til erstatning for PBXW-11 og PBXN-9. PBXW-11 og PBXN-9 har et inert bindemiddelsystem av HYTEMP og DOA i forholdet 1/3. De energirike bindemidlene vi ønsket å studere, var GA/BAMO i forskjellige blandeforhold. Beregninger har vært utført for både GAP og BAMO samt en blanding av disse. I tillegg har beregninger vært utført med inert mykner.

Beregnet detonasjonstrykk og detonasjonshastighet med GAP, BAMO eller GA/BAMO avviker lite for disse komposisjonene. Blandingsforholdet mellom GAP/BAMO har kun ubetydelig innvirkning på både detonasjonshastigheten og detonasjonstrykket. Forskjeller oppstår først når en inert mykner blir anvendt. For komposisjoner med 96 vektprosent HMX gir inert mykner en reduksjon i detonasjonstrykket på 1.6 GPa, og for komposisjonene med 92 vektprosent HMX 3 GPa med BKWS. Med BKWC er reduksjonen i detonasjonstrykk henholdsvis 2.3 og 4.2 GPa. Detonasjonshastigheten faller med 150 m/s og 300 m/s med BKWS og 240 m/s og 450 m/s med BKWC for de samme kombinasjonene. For komposisjoner med RDX er trenden og størrelsesordenen i reduksjonen i detonasjonshastighet og trykk som for de HMX-baserte komposisjonene med inert mykner.

For komposisjoner med 92 vektprosent HMX eller RDX er effekten av å bytte til energirikt bindemiddel en økt virkning lik eller bedre enn for PBXW-11 (96 vektprosent HMX/inert bindemiddel). Anvendelse av energirikt bindemiddel i komposisjoner med 96 vektprosent fyllstoff i kombinasjon med inert mykner har kun ubetydelig innvirkning på detonasjonshastigheten og detonasjonstrykket. For komposisjoner med 92 vektprosent fyllstoff oppnås en økning i detonasjonstrykket med 1 GPa og i detonasjonshastigheten med 100 m/s. Tendensen er den samme for både RDX og HMX.

For støpherdbare komposisjoner med 87 vektprosent HMX (RDX) er effekten av å skifte til energirikt bindemiddel betydelig. Detonasjonstrykket øker med 7.32 GPa (BKWC) og 4.94 GPa (BKWS) for HMX og noe mindre for RDX-komposisjonen, henholdsvis 6.48 og 4.39 GPa. Detonasjonshastigheten øker tilsvarende med 820 m/s (BKWC) og 508 m/s (BKWS) for HMX og med 784/468 m/s for RDX-komposisjonen. Komposisjoner som har energirikt bindemiddel og inert mykner (DOA), har egenskaper som ligger mellom PBXN-110 og komposisjoner med energirikt bindemiddelsystem.

Konklusjonen fra beregningene er at energirikt bindemiddel gir betydelig økning i virkningen for både støpherdbare og pressede komposisjoner. Den økte virkningen kan tas ut eller benyttes til reduksjon av fyllstoffinnhold og dermed følsomheten. Valg av forholdet mellom GA og BAMO i nye bindemiddel for pressede komposisjoner vil bli styrt av beleggingsegenskaper/konsistens siden energien er den samme.

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Abbreviations

BAMO	3,3-Bis(azidomethyl)oxetane, C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O
BKWC	Becker-Kistiakowsky-Wilson C (LLNL library)
BKWS	Becker-Kistiakowsky-Wilson S (Baer/Hobbs library)
DOA	Dioctyl adipate, C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
ETPE	Energetic Thermoplastic Elastomers
GA	Glycidyl azide, C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O
GAP	Glycidyl azide polymer, (C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O) _n
GA/BAMO	Glycidyl azide- (3,3-bis(azidomethyl)oxetane) Copolymers
HMX	Octogen/1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetraazacyclooctane, C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈
HTPB	Hydroxy -terminated polybutadiene, C ₄ H ₆
HYTEMP	Used formula in the calculations, C ₁₀ H _{15.46} O _{3.307}
IPDI	Isophorone diisocyanate, C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
IM	Insensitive Munitions
pNIMMO	Poly-3-nitratomethyl-3-methyloxethan, C ₅ H ₉ N ₁ O ₄
RDX	Hexogen/1,3,5 -trinitro-1,3,5-triazacyclohexane, C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆
TMD	Theoretical Maximum Density

1 Introduction

Norway had as the main objective in the EDA project arrangement No B-0585-GEM2-GC “Formulation and Production of New Energetic Materials” to synthesize different new energetic binders built of GA and BAMO polymer units. New GA/BAMO ETPE polymers for coating of RDX and HMX crystals to produce granules. Granules with properties suitable for press filling of munition units or production of pressed charges.

Norway was the only country with the aim to use the new energetic binders to produce explosive charges. The other countries working with energetic binders Italy and Germany aimed at use theirs polymers as binders for propellants (1-4). The compositions we aimed at to produce should have high content of HMX (92-97 wt. %) or RDX. Primary application for the compositions would be as boosters or main fillings for shaped charges.

The new energetic binders would contain different ratio of GA/BAMO polymers. GA is the liquid/soft part and BAMO the solid/hard part in the final polymer. In the previous project a 75/25 ratio of GA/BAMO was study for cast-cure applications (2). This was the starting point for the new program. The new thermoplastic elastomers must have mechanical properties similar to inert energetic binders as Hytemp 4454.

Before the syntheses of the new energetic polymer took place thermochemical calculations of performance were performed for different combinations of binders and nitramines. These calculations were performed with Cheetah 2.0 (5). The Cheetah reactant library contains both GAP and BAMO polymers but not the combined binder. The library gives formula, density and Heat of Formation for reactants. Our new polymer is a mixture of BAMO and GAP and will have density and Heat of Formation not different from the building units. Heat of Formation, chemical composition and density of the (GA/BAMO) polymer to be synthesized was not known. Therefore the calculations were performed with a mechanical mixture of GAP and BAMO polymer. The difference in Heat of Formation, density and formula between this choice and the actual properties will be small. For all other ingredients as HMX, RDX, DOA, IPDI, HTPB etc. the properties given in the Cheetah 2.0 reactant library have been used in the calculations.

The objectives for Norway was to look on pressed compositions containing some few percentage binder/and or plasticizer. PBXW-11 or Comp 7 is one model compound to be replaced. PBXW-11 contains 96 wt. % HMX. A more insensitive composition is PBXN-9 (Comp 14) with 92 wt. % HMX and inert binder and plasticizer. With these two filler contents (92/96) of both HMX and RDX, different ratios between GA and BAMO, with and without inert plasticizer have standard calculations been performed. Total 28 different combinations, 14 with RDX and 14 with HMX have been included in the study.

We have also performed some calculations for cast-cure alternatives with 87 wt. % HMX or RDX. These compositions are equal to PBXN-110 with regard to solid content (6). The GA/BAMO elastomers contain chains with no end groups (2). These molecules will function as plasticizer in cast-cure systems.

Cheetah 2.0 contains two product libraries, BKWS EOS and BKWC EOS. Standard run calculations have been performed with both libraries for compositions based on either HMX or RDX. These calculations give in addition to performance also the detonation products at the equilibrium at 1 atm and room temperature, 298 K. This information is used to see if there are significant differences in the detonation products for the studied compositions.

2 Calculations

All calculations have been performed with Cheetah 2.0 (5). We have used two libraries. The BKWS EOS product library takes into consideration a larger number of products than the BKWC EOS product library. In the appendixes are summary printouts for all calculations with both libraries. The content of the studied compositions are given in the respective chapters.

Calculations have been performed for 38 different combinations of binder system and filler. 19 of the combinations contain RDX as filler and the remaining 19 combinations have HMX as filler.

Compound	Formula	Molecule Weight	Density (g/cm ³)	Heat of formation (cal/mol)
BAMO	C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O	168.16	1.30	100382
DOA	C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄	370.56	0.93	-290392
GAP	C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O	99.09	1.29	33939
HMX	C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈	296.17	1.91	17866
HTPB	C ₄ H ₆	54.09	0.90	1195
HYTEMP*	C ₁₀ H _{15.46} O _{3.307}	188.60	1.00	-205067
IPDI	C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂	222.28	1.06	-88910
pNIMMO	C ₅ H ₉ N ₁ O ₄	147.13	1.28	73853
RDX	C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆	222.13	1.81	16496

*Used formula is for Hycar 4051. For HYTEMP 4454, (C_{4.95}H_{7.95}O_{1.95}Cl_{0.05}) we have not the heat of formation.

Table 2.1 Properties used for the ingredients included in the calculations.

In addition to the performance properties the detonation products have been calculated and are given in 3.2 for all compositions with both product libraries. The BKWC product library uses 17 products in the equilibrium calculations. The BKWS product library uses 63 products in the equilibrium calculations. Tables with the product content for RDX containing compositions are given in 3.3.3 and for HMX containing compositions in 3.2.2. In addition the BKWC products and most of the BKWS products at equilibrium are given as plots. For the BKWS products of very low content have been excluded from the plots.

3 Results

3.1 Performance

3.1.1 96 wt. % HMX compositions

To obtain satisfactory sensitivity properties compositions with higher solid content than 96 wt. % have not been included in this study as candidates to replace PBXW-11, or other similar pressed filled compositions with high content of HMX. PBXW-11 can normally be used both as booster and main charge filling. Table 3.1 gives the content of the compositions we have selected to be included in our study. In addition to HMX and PBXW-11 are six compositions all with energetic binder included. Of those six two have GA/BAMO (75/25) as binder, one is without plasticizer (COMP 3) and the other is with inert DOA plasticizer (COMP 4). For comparison two compositions with GAP–binder and two with BAMO binder have been included. For both GAP (COMP 5) and BAMO (COMP 6) has one composition inert plasticizer.

Ingredients	HMX	COMP 1	COMP 2	COMP 3	COMP 4	COMP 5	COMP 6	COMP 7
HMX	100	96	96	96	96	96	96	96
GAP		4		3	0.75	1		
BAMO			4	1	0.25		1	
HYTEMP								1
DOA					3	3	3	3

Table 3.1 Content of candidate compositions containing 96 wt. % HMX.

3.1.1.1 BKWS EOS library

Cheetah 2.0 contains two product libraries. Normally both are used to perform standard runs for explosive compositions. In this study both libraries have been used, and a comparison of the obtained properties is performed. The BKWS EOS product library takes into consideration a larger number of products than the BKWC EOS product library, but have poorer fit to experimentally determined detonation velocity for compositions containing C, H,N,O. Appendix A gives obtained standard run results for HMX and compositions with 96 wt. % HMX for both libraries.

Table 3.2 gives the performance data for the compositions in Table 3.1. Appendix A gives separate summary sheets for all compositions. The largest differences in detonation pressure, detonation velocity and temperature are obtained between the compositions with or without inert plasticizer. The difference in properties between compositions with inert or energetic binder is small.

The C-J condition	HMX	COMP 1	COMP 2	COMP 3	COMP 4	COMP 5	COMP 6	COMP 7
Pressure (GPa)	38.12	36.36	36.40	36.37	34.77	34.77	34.78	34.32
Volume (cc/g)	0.406	0.413	0.413	0.413	0.419	0.419	0.419	0.421
Density (g/cc)	2.406	2.423	2.424	2.423	2.385	2.385	2.386	2.376
Energy (kJ/cc)	4.30	4.15	4.16	4.15	3.99	3.99	3.99	3.94
Temperature (K)	4059	4013	4021	4015	3918	3917	3919	3892
Shock Velocity (m/s)	9415	9227	9230	9228	9079	9079	9080	9033
Particle velocity(m/s)	2125	2108	2109	2108	2084	2084	2084	2076
Speed of sound (m/s)	7290	7119	7121	7120	6995	6995	6996	6958
Gama	3.430	3.378	3.377	3.377	3.357	3.357	3.357	3.352
For freezing at T=1800 K and relative V= we have	2.095	2.093	2.098	2.094	2.055	2.055	2.056	2.042
Mechanical energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	-11.353	-10.992	-11.007	-10.996	-10.682	-10.627	-10.631	-10.514
Thermal energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Total energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	-11.353	-10.992	-11.007	-10.996	-10.628	-10.627	-10.631	-10.514

Table 3.2 Results for the compositions in Table 3.1 calculated by Cheetah 2.0 using the BKWS EOS product library.

3.1.1.2 BKWC EOS library

By using the BKWC EOS product library the equilibrium contain fewer products than obtained by use of the BKWS EOS product library. This difference gives slightly different results for most of the detonation properties. The effect on specific properties is different for the different compositions.

The C-J condition	HMX	COMP 1	COMP 2	COMP 3	COMP 4	COMP 5	COMP 6	COMP 7
Pressure (GPa)	39.37	37.18	37.28	37.21	34.90	34.90	34.92	34.29
Volume (cc/g)	0.400	0.406	0.406	0.406	0.412	0.412	0.412	0.414
Density (g/cc)	2.503	2.464	2.465	2.464	2.428	2.428	2.428	2.418
Energy (kJ/cc)	4.70	4.49	4.50	4.49	4.24	4.24	4.24	4.17
Temperature (K)	4113	4075	4080	4076	3998	3998	3999	3978
Shock Velocity (m/s)	9301	9080	9088	9082	8.841	8840	8842	8778
Particle velocity (m/s)	2222	2190	2194	2191	2148	2148	2149	2134
Speed of sound (m/s)	7079	6889	6894	6890	6693	6693	6694	6645
Gama	3.186	3.145	3.143	3.144	3.116	3.116	3.115	3.114
For freezing at T=1800 K and relative V= we have	2.085	2.104	2.107	2.105	2.101	2.101	2.102	2.095
Mechanical energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	-11.112	-10.752	-10.770	-10.756	-10.375	-10.374	-10.378	-10.257
Thermal energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Total energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	-11.112	-10.752	-10.770	-10.757	-10.375	-10.374	-10.378	-10.257

Table 3.3 Results for the compositions in Table 3.1 calculated by Cheetah 2.0 using the BKWC EOS product library.

The manual for Cheetah 2.0 indicates that for some types of compositions the difference between experimentally measured properties and calculated is smallest by using the BKWC product library. Table 3.3 contains a summary of the most important detonation properties for the compositions given in Table 3.1. Detonation pressure calculated with BKWC is about 1 GPa higher for HMX and the compositions with energetic binder compared with BKWS. For Comp 4-7 the detonation pressure is independent of product library. Calculated detonation velocity shows the same differences as the pressure for the two product libraries. We have to wait until experimentally results are available to decide which product library gives the best agreement for our compositions.

3.1.2 92 wt.% HMX compositions

Compositions containing 92 wt. % HMX is mainly candidates as pressed main fillings with reduced sensitivity compared to the compositions with 96 wt. % HMX given in 3.1.1. Our main candidates to substitute Comp 14 (PBXN-9) are Comp 10 and Comp 11. Comp 10 contains only energetic binder, while Comp 11 has 6 wt. % inert plasticizer. The content of the 92 wt. % HMX compositions included in this study is given in Table 3.4

Ingredients	HMX	COMP 8	COMP 9	COMP 10	COMP 11	COMP 12	COMP 13	COMP 14
HMX	100	92	92	92	92	92	92	92
GAP		8		6	1.50	2		
BAMO			8	2	0.50		2	
HYTEMP								2
DOA					6	6	6	6

Table 3.4 Content of 92 wt. % HMX compositions.

3.1.2.1 BKWS EOS library

For the compositions in Table 3.4 we first performed standard Cheetah runs with the BKWS EOS product library. The results are summarized in Table 3.5. Appendix B gives summary printout sheets for each composition. The results in Table 3.5 show that both detonation pressure and detonation velocity drop some few percentages compared with the results given in Table 3.2 for the 96 wt. % compositions. The drop in detonation pressure is 2-3 GPa and in detonation velocity 200-300 m/s. Again the main difference in properties is between compositions with and without energetic binder system.

The detonation pressure for the compositions containing 92 wt. % HMX and energetic binder system is equal to the pressure obtained for the 96 wt. % HMX compositions with inert plasticizer and PBXW-11 (Comp 7). Also the detonation velocity shows only minor differences for compositions with 92 wt. % HMX and energetic binder system compared with 96 wt. % HMX compositions with inert plasticizer and PBXW-11 (Comp 7).

The C-J condition	HMX	COMP 8	COMP 9	COMP 10	COMP 11	COMP 12	COMP 13	COMP 14
Pressure (GPa)	38.12	34.67	34.75	34.69	31.77	31.77	31.78	30.96
Volume (cc/g)	0.406	0.419	0.419	0.419	0.433	0.433	0.433	0.436
Density (g/cc)	2.406	2.384	2.386	2.384	2.312	2.311	2.312	2.294
Energy (kJ/cc)	4.30	3.99	4.00	3.99	3.69	3.68	3.69	3.60
Temperature (K)	4059	3967	3982	3971	3780	3779	3782	3729
Shock Velocity (m/s)	9415	9061	9067	9063	8784	8783	8785	8698
Particle velocity (m/s)	2125	2084	2.087	2085	2037	2037	2038	2021
Speed of sound (m/s)	7290	6977	6981	6978	6746	6746	6747	6677
Gama	3.430	3.347	3.346	3.347	3.311	3.311	3.311	3.303
For freezing at T=1800 K and relative V= we have	2.095	2.091	2.102	2.094	2.009	2.009	2.011	1.981
Mechanical energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	-11.353	-10.645	-10.674	-10.653	-9.985	-9.957	-9.963	-9.747
Thermal energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Total energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	-11.353	-10.645	-10.674	-10.653	-9.958	-9.957	-9.963	-9.747

Table 3.5 Results for the 92 wt. % HMX compositions calculated with Cheetah 2.0 and the BKWS EOS product library.

3.1.2.2 BKWC EOS library

Table 3.6 summaries the results obtained from Cheetah 2.0 standard runs by using the BKWC EOS product library. Appendix B gives summary printout for each composition.

The C-J condition	HMX	COMP 8	COMP 9	COMP 10	COMP 11	COMP 12	COMP 13	COMP 14
Pressure (GPa)	39.37	35.11	35.30	35.16	30.89	30.88	30.92	29.79
Volume (cc/g)	0.400	0.412	0.412	0.412	0.425	0.425	0.425	0.429
Density (g/cc)	2.503	2.425	2.427	2.425	2.352	2.351	2.352	2.332
Energy (kJ/cc)	4.70	4.27	4.29	4.27	3.78	3.78	3.79	3.65
Temperature (K)	4113	4034	4045	4037	3877	3877	3879	3829
Shock Velocity (m/s)	9301	8871	8888	8875	8426	8425	8429	8311
Particle velocity (m/s)	2222	2156	2162	2158	2065	2064	2066	2035
Speed of sound (m/s)	7079	6715	6725	6718	6362	6361	6363	6276
Gama	3.186	3.114	3.110	3.113	3.081	3.081	3.080	3.084
For freezing at T=1800 K and relative V= we have	2.085	2.120	2.127	2.122	2.104	2.103	2.105	2.086
Mechanical energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	-11.112	-10.408	-10.444	-10.417	-9.701	-9.699	9.707	-9.483
Thermal energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Total energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	-11.112	-10.408	-10.445	-10.417	-9.701	-9.699	-9.707	-9.483

Table 3.6 Results for the 92 wt. % HMX compositions calculated with Cheetah 2.0 and the BKWC EOS product library.

The results show a similar or larger drop in both detonation pressure and velocity compared with the properties for the 96 wt. % HMX compositions as was observed by use of the BKWS EOS product library.

3.1.3 Comparison 96 wt. % and 92 wt. % HMX

In Figure 3.1 detonation velocity and pressure from Table 3.2, Table 3.3, Table 3.5 and Table 3.6 have been plotted. The figure visualizes the differences discussed above between the different product libraries and the contents of filler.

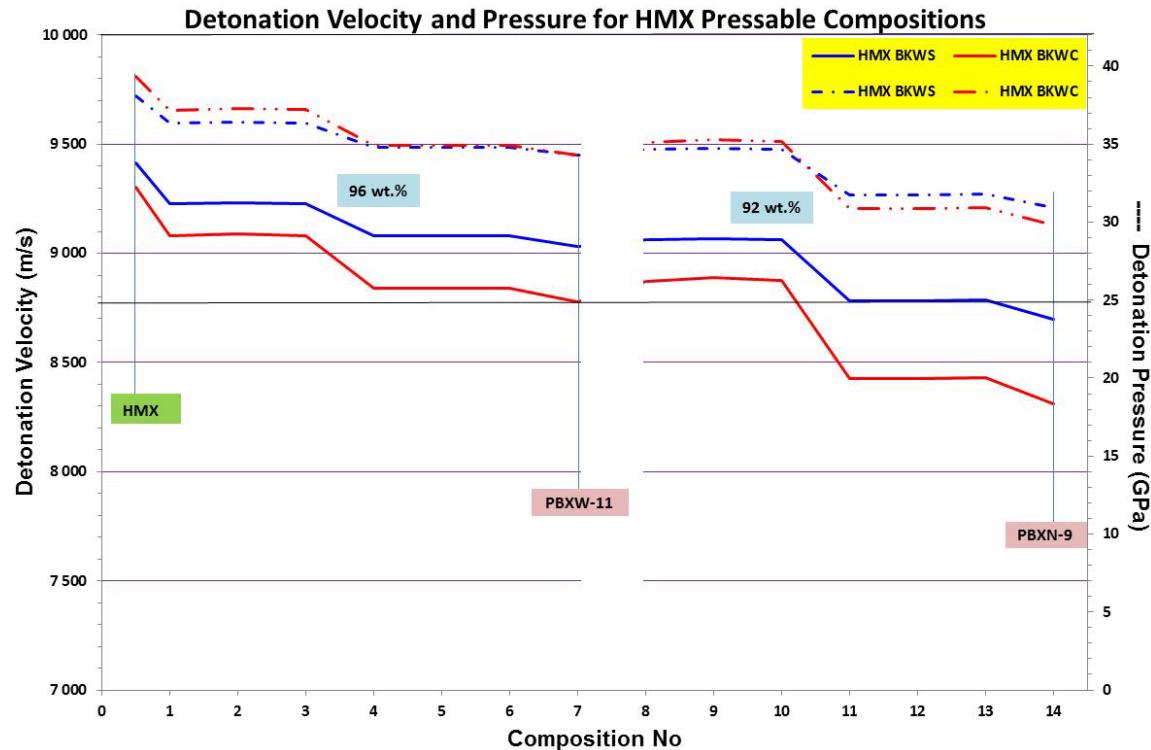


Figure 3.1 Plot of detonation velocity and pressure for HMX and HMX based pressed compositions.

3.1.4 96 wt. % RDX containing compositions

Table 3.7 gives the content for some RDX compositions with and without energetic binder/plasticizer. All compositions contain 96 wt. % RDX. The compositions in Table 3.7 are equal to the compositions in Table 3.1 except for the filler which has been changed from HMX to RDX. Compositions 15-17 have energetic binder/plasticizer. All the compositions 18-20 have energetic binder and inert plasticizer, while for Comp 21 both the binder and the plasticizer are inert.

Ingredients	RDX	COMP 15	COMP 16	COMP 17	COMP 18	COMP 19	COMP 20	COMP 21
RDX	100	96	96	96	96	96	96	96
GAP		4		3	0.75	1		
BAMO			4	1	0.25		1	
HYTEMP								1
DOA					3	3	3	3

Table 3.7 Content of some RDX compositions with 96 wt. % solid content.

The compositions with RDX filler are cheaper alternatives than the similar compositions with HMX.

3.1.4.1 BKWS EOS library

Table 3.8 summarises the results obtained for Cheetah 2.0 standard runs by using the BKWS EOS product library. Appendix C gives a summary printout for each composition. For the compositions

The C-J condition	RDX	COMP 15	COMP 16	COMP 17	COMP 18	COMP 19	COMP 20	COMP 21
Pressure (GPa)	33.78	32.55	32.59	32.56	31.19	31.19	31.20	30.80
Volume (cc/g)	0.426	0.431	0.431	0.431	0.438	0.438	0.438	0.439
Density (g/cc)	2.348	2.320	2.321	2.320	2.285	2.285	2.285	2.276
Energy (kJ/cc)	3.90	3.80	3.81	3.80	3.66	3.66	3.66	3.61
Temperature (K)	4154	4103	4111	4105	4002	4002	4004	3975
Shock Velocity (m/s)	9000	8853	8856	8854	8720	8720	8721	8679
Particle velocity (m/s)	2078	2068	2069	2069	2045	2045	2045	2037
Speed of sound (m/s)	6922	6785	6787	6785	6675	6675	6676	6642
Gama	3.331	3.280	3.280	3.280	3.264	3.264	3.264	3.261
For freezing at T=1800 K and relative V= we have	2.225	2.215	2.221	2.216	2.172	2.171	2.173	2.157
Mechanical energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	-10,695	-10.391	-10.404	-10.394	-10.057	-10.056	-10.060	-9.952
Thermal energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Total energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	-10.695	-10.391	-10.404	-10.394	-10.057	-10.056	-10.060	-9.952

Table 3.8 Results for the 96 wt. % RDX compositions calculated with Cheetah 2.0 and the BKWS EOS product library.

with inert plasticizer the obtained detonation pressures and velocities fall in the same range as we obtained for compositions with 92 wt. % HMX in Table 3.5. For RDX compositions with energetic binder and plasticizer the detonation velocities are about 200 m/s lower and the detonation pressure is reduced by approximately 2 GPa. Compared with the properties of 96 wt. % HMX compositions the detonation pressure difference increased to approximately 4 GPa and for the detonation velocity to 400 ± 50 m/s.

3.1.4.2 BKWC EOS library

Table 3.9 summarises the properties for the compositions in Table 3.7 obtained by performing standard Cheetah runs with the BKWC EOS product library. Appendix C gives a summary printout for each composition. By comparing the results in Table 3.9 with the results in Table 3.8 the largest differences both in detonation pressure and detonation velocity are observed between the most and the less energetic compositions. For detonation pressure the difference goes from 32.56 to 30.80 GPa in Table 3.8 compared to from 33.12 to 30.52 GPa in Table 3.9. Detonation velocity calculated with BKWC gives a difference of approximately 200 m/s between

compositions with energetic binders and compositions with inert plasticizer. With the BKWS library this difference is only 130 m/s.

The C-J condition	RDX	COMP 15	COMP 16	COMP 17	COMP 18	COMP 19	COMP 20	COMP 21
Pressure (GPa)	34.74	33.03	33.12	33.06	31.05	31.05	31.07	30.52
Volume (cc/g)	0.421	0.426	0.426	0.426	0.432	0.432	0.432	0.434
Density (g/cc)	2.378	2.347	2.348	2.347	2.313	2.313	2.313	2.304
Energy (kJ/cc)	4.18	4.00	4.02	4.01	3.78	3.78	3.79	3.72
Temperature (K)	4209	4160	4165	4161	4075	4074	4076	4049
Shock Velocity (m/s)	8942	8755	8764	8757	8534	8533	8535	8475
Particle velocity (m/s)	2151	2122	2125	2123	2080	2080	2081	2067
Speed of sound (m/s)	6791	6633	6639	6634	6454	6453	6455	6.409
Gama	3.157	3.125	3.124	3.125	3.102	3.103	3.102	3.101
For freezing at T=1800 K and relative V= we have	2.214	2.223	2.227	2.224	2.214	2.214	2.215	2.206
Mechanical energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	-10.434	-10.134	-10.151	-10.138	-9.790	-9.789	-9.793	-9.681
Thermal energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	-0.000	-0.000	-0.000	-0.000	-0.000	-0.000	-0.000	-0.000
Total energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	-10.434	-10.134	-10.151	-10.138	-9.790	-9.789	-9.793	-9.681

Table 3.9 Results for the 96 wt. % RDX compositions calculated with Cheetah 2.0 and the BKWC EOS product library.

3.1.5 92 wt. % RDX containing compositions

Table 3.10 gives the content for the study compositions with RDX filler content of 92 wt. %. All compositions are copies of the compositions given in Table 3.4 with the only difference that HMX is replaced with RDX.

Ingredients	RDX	COMP 22	COMP 23	COMP 24	COMP 25	COMP 26	COMP 27	COMP 28
RDX	100	92	92	92	92	92	92	92
GAP		8		6	1.50	2		
BAMO			8	2	0.50		2	
HYTEMP								2
DOA					6	6	6	6

Table 3.10 Content of the RDX compositions with 92 wt. % solid content.

3.1.5.1 BKWS library

Table 3.11 summaries the properties for the compositions in Table 3.10 obtained by performing standard Cheetah runs with the BKWS EOS product library. Appendix D gives summary printout for each composition.

The results in Table 3.11 shows a reduction of 1-3 GPa in detonation pressure and 100-300 m/s in detonation velocity for the 92 wt.% RDX compositions compared with the 96 wt.% RDX

compositions. The largest reduction is found for Comp 28 having inert binder/plasticizer (HYTEMP/DOA). The detonation pressure is reduced by 2.8 GPa and the velocity by 290 m/s.

The C-J condition	RDX	COMP 22	COMP 23	COMP 24	COMP 25	COMP 26	COMP 27	COMP 28
Pressure (GPa)	33.78	31.24	31.31	31.26	28.73	28.72	28.74	28.01
Volume (cc/g)	0.426	0.437	0.437	0.437	0.450	0.450	0.450	0.454
Density (g/cc)	2.348	2.287	2.289	2.288	2.220	2.220	2.221	2.204
Energy (kJ/cc)	3.90	3.67	3.68	3.67	3.39	3.39	3.39	3.31
Temperature (K)	4154	4049	4064	4052	3852	3851	3855	3799
Shock Velocity (m/s)	9000	8720	8725	8721	8467	8467	8468	8389
Particle velocity (m/s)	2078	2047	2049	2047	2001	2000	2001	1985
Speed of sound (m/s)	6922	6673	6676	6.674	6467	6467	6468	6404
Gama	3.331	3.260	3.259	3.259	3.232	3.233	3.232	3.227
For freezing at T=1800 K and relative V= we have	2.225	2.204	2.216	2.207	2.113	2.112	2.115	2.082
Mechanical energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	-10.695	-10.096	-10.123	-10.103	-9.464	-9.462	-9.469	-9.268
Thermal energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Total energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	-10.695	-10.096	-10.123	-10.103	-9.464	-9.462	-9.469	9.268

Table 3.11 Results for the 92 wt. % RDX compositions calculated with Cheetah 2.0 and the BKWS EOS product library.

3.1.5.2 BKWC EOS library

Table 3.12 summaries the properties for the compositions in Table 3.10 obtained by performing standard Cheetah runs with the BKWC EOS product library. Appendix D gives summary printout for each composition.

The C-J condition	RDX	COMP 22	COMP 23	COMP 24	COMP 25	COMP 26	COMP 27	COMP 28
Pressure (GPa)	34.74	31.39	31.55	31.43	27.69	27.68	27.71	26.72
Volume (cc/g)	0.421	0.432	0.432	0.432	0.445	0.445	0.445	0.449
Density (g/cc)	2.378	2.315	2.317	2.315	2.247	2.247	2.247	2.229
Energy (kJ/cc)	4.18	3.83	3.85	3.83	3.40	3.40	3.40	3.28
Temperature (K)	4209	4109	4121	4112	3939	3938	3941	3887
Shock Velocity (m/s)	8942	8576	8593	8581	8158	8157	8160	8048
Particle velocity (m/s)	2151	2091	2097	2092	2001	2001	2002	1973
Speed of sound (m/s)	6791	6485	6496	6488	6156	6155	6158	6074
Gama	3.157	3.101	3.098	3.101	3.076	3.076	3.075	3.078
For freezing at T=1800 K and relative V= we have	2.214	2.231	2.239	2.233	2.201	2.201	2.203	2.180
Mechanical energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	-10.434	-9.846	-9.880	-9.854	-9.197	-9.195	-9.203	-8.995
Thermal energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	-0.000	-0.000	-0.000	-0.000	-0.000	-0.000	-0.000	-0.000
Total energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	-10.434	-9.846	-9.880	-9.854	-9.197	-9.195	-9.203	-8.995

Table 3.12 Results for the 92 wt. % RDX compositions calculated with Cheetah 2.0 and the BKWC EOS product library.

Compared with the results given in Table 3.11 the BKWC EOS product library gives equal detonation pressure for the compositions with energetic binder/plasticizer, but lower detonation pressure for compositions with inert binder/plasticizer. The detonation velocity is lower for all compositions. Highest reduction is 341 m/s obtained for Comp 28.

3.1.6 Comparison 96 wt. % and 92 wt. % RDX

In Figure 3.2 detonation velocities and detonation pressures from Table 3.2, Table 3.3, Table 3.5 and Table 3.6 have been plotted. The figure visualizes the differences being discussed above between the different product libraries and the content of filler.

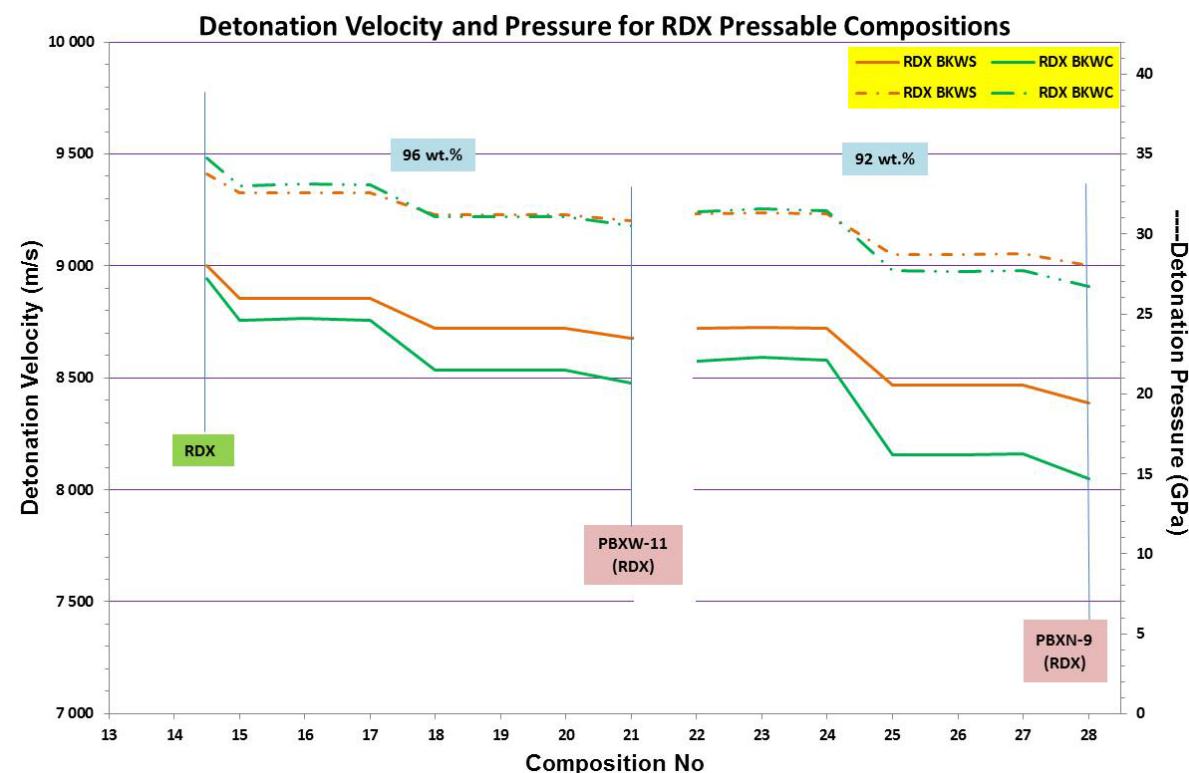


Figure 3.2 Plot of detonation velocity and pressure for RDX and RDX based pressed compositions.

3.1.7 87 wt. % HMX cast-cure compositions

In addition to Comp 1-28, which are all press filled compositions, Cheetah 2.0 standard run calculations have been carried out on 5 cast-cured 87 wt. % HMX compositions. They contain 5 different combinations of different polymers/plasticizer. The content of these compositions is given in the top of Table 3.13. The lower part of the table gives the accompanying results for both the BKWC and the BKWS EOS product library. The model composition is a simplified version of PBXN-110. The choice of 87 wt. % filler content was done to increase the probability for the compositions to be castable. The volume of the binder is largely decreased for energetic binders compared with inert HTPB polymer since the density is significantly higher.

Independent of which product library we use Comp 33 has significantly higher detonation pressure than Comp 29. Also for the detonation velocity large differences are obtained. Between Comp 29 and Comp 33 with the BKWC product library a difference in detonation velocity of 820 m/s is observed.

Comp 33 can compete with several of the pressed 92 wt. % HMX compositions in Table 3.4 either in detonation velocity or in detonation pressure. From Table 3.13 we can see that Comp 30 containing pNIMMO has slightly higher performance with regard both to detonation pressure and velocity than Comp 31 and Comp 32 based on GAP and BABO respectively. Comp 33 with energetic binder/plasticizer has significantly highest performance.

CONTENT	COMP 29	COMP30	COMP 31	COMP 32	COMP 33
HTPB	5				
pNIMMO		5			
GAP			5		8
BAMO				5	3
DOA	7	7	7	7	
IPDI	1	1	1	1	2
HMX	87	87	87	87	87
The C-J condition					
EOS product library	BKWC	BKWS	BKWC	BKWS	BKWC
Pressure (GPa)	24.53	27.15	28.09	29.84	27.68
Volume (cc/g)	0.450	0.457	0.437	0.444	0.438
Density (g/cc)	2.221	2.190	2.288	2.250	2.284
Energy (kJ/cc)	3.02	3.20	3.48	3.51	3.40
Temperature (K)	3664	3547	3867	3748	3774
Shock Velocity (m/s)	7714	8294	8118	8588	8087
Particle velocity (m/s)	1900	1955	2010	2018	1986
Speed of sound (m/s)	5813	6338	6108	6570	6101
Gama	3.060	3.242	3.038	3.255	3.071
For freezing at T=1800 K and relative V= we have	2.103	1.936	2.193	2.055	2.098
Mechanical energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	-8.683	-8.940	-9.409	-9.695	-9.148
Thermal energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	-0.000	-0.000	-0.000	-0.000	-0.000
Total energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	-8.683	-8.940	-9.409	-9.695	-9.148

Table 3.13 Results for the 87 wt. % HMX compositions calculated with Cheetah 2.0 and both the BKWC EOS and BKWS EOS product library.

3.1.8 87 wt.% RDX cast-cure compositions

Table 3.14 gives content and results for standard Cheetah 2.0 runs for compositions containing 87 wt.% RDX. Appendix F gives summary printout of each composition. The compositions in Table 3.14 are equal to the compositions given in Table 3.13 except that HMX has been substituted with

RDX. From the results in Table 3.14 more or less the same conclusions can be drawn as for the HMX compositions in Table 3.13.

CONTENT	COMP 34	COMP35	COMP 36	COMP 37	COMP 38					
HTPB	5									
PNIMMO		5								
GAP			5		8					
BAMO				5	3					
DOA	7	7	7	7						
IPDI	1	1	1	1	2					
RDX	87	87	87	87	87					
The C-J condition										
EOS product library	BKWC	BKWS								
Pressure (GPa)	22.22	24.77	25.42	27.21	25.01	26.70	25.09	26.73	28.70	29.16
Volume (cc/g)	0.469	0.474	0.456	0.461	0.457	0.462	0.456	0.462	0.442	0.447
Density (g/cc)	2.132	2.111	2.194	2.168	2.190	2.166	2.191	2.167	2.263	2.236
Energy (kJ/cc)	2.74	2.96	3.15	3.25	3.07	3.17	3.08	3.17	3.52	3.44
Temperature (K)	3708	3603	3917	3811	3825	3733	3832	374	4008	3941
Shock Velocity (m/s)	7491	8033	7883	8309	7849	8249	7859	8253	8275	8501
Particle velocity (m/s)	1846	1919	1954	1984	1929	1960	1932	1960	2031	2008
Speed of sound (m/s)	5644	6114	5929	6325	5920	6290	5926	6292	6245	6492
Gama	3.057	3.185	3.035	3.186	3.068	3.210	3.067	3.210	3.075	3.233
For freezing at T=1800 K and relative V= we have	2.178	2.023	2.279	2.150	2.182	2.065	2.188	2.072	2.230	2.172
Mechanical energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	-8.287	-8.545	-8.960	-9.249	-8.715	-8.971	-8.734	-8.986	-9.366	-9.608
Thermal energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	-0.000	-0.000	-0.000	-0.000	-0.000	-0.000	-0.000	-0.000	-0.000	-0.000
Total energy of detonation (kJ/cc)	-8.287	-8.545	-8.960	-9.249	-8.715	-8.971	-8.734	-8.986	-9.366	-9.608

Table 3.14 Content and properties of cast-cure compositions containing 87 wt. % RDX.

3.1.9 Comparison between HMX and RDX cast-cure compositions

Table 3.15 shows detonation velocities and pressures for the 87 wt. % cast-cure compositions. In addition the differences between HMX and RDX compositions are given. HMX compositions with energetic binder have 2.6-2.7 GPa higher detonation pressure than analogue RDX compositions independent of product library. For PBXN-110 the difference is 2.3 GPa and for the composition with energetic binder/plasticizer 3 GPa. The detonation velocity for HMX compositions is 223 to 301 m/s higher than for analogue RDX compositions. The BKWS product library gives approximately 40 m/s higher difference in detonation velocity than the BKWC product library.

Composition	COMP 29/COMP34		COMP 30/COMP35		COMP 31/COMP36		COMP 32/COMP37		COMP 33/COMP38	
EOS product library	BKWC	BKWS								
Pressure HMX (GPa)	24.53	27.15	28.09	29.84	27.68	29.30	27.77	29.34	31.85	32.09
Pressure RDX (GPa)	22.22	24.77	25.42	27.21	25.01	26.70	25.09	26.73	28.70	29.16
Pres. difference (GPa)	2.31	2.38	2.67	2.63	2.67	2.60	2.68	2.61	3.15	2.93
Shock Velocity HMX (m/s)	7714	8294	8118	8588	8087	8528	8097	8531	8534	8802
Shock Velocity RDX (m/s)	7491	8033	7883	8309	7849	8249	7859	8253	8275	8501
Velocity Difference (m/s)	223	261	235	279	238	279	238	278	259	301

Table 3.15 Detonation velocities and pressures for cast-cure compositions.

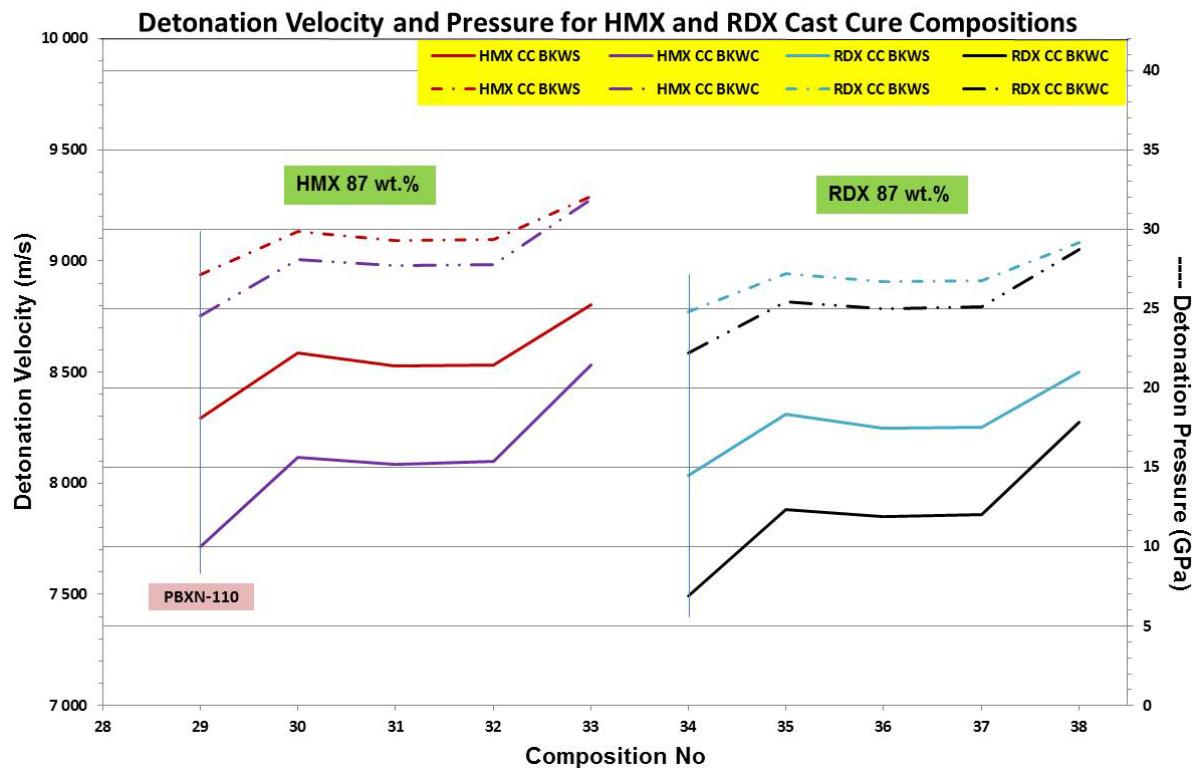


Figure 3.3 Plot of detonation velocity and pressure for HMX and RDX based cast-cure compositions.

For cast-cure compositions with 87 wt. % HMX or RDX the effect of changing the binder in PBXN-110 to an energetic binder (COMP 33/38) give large differences. For HMX compositions the detonation pressure increases with 7.32 GPa (BKWC) or 4.94 GPa (BKWS) and for compositions with RDX slightly less (6.48 GPa/4.39GPa). The detonation velocity increases by 820 m/s (BKWC) and 508 m/s (BKWS) for HMX and 784 m/s/468 m/s for RDX. Compositions with energetic binders and inert plasticizer (DOA) have properties between PBXN-110 and compositions containing an energetic binder system.

3.1.10 All compositions

Figure 3.4 shows a plot of detonation velocity and pressure for all compositions in this study.

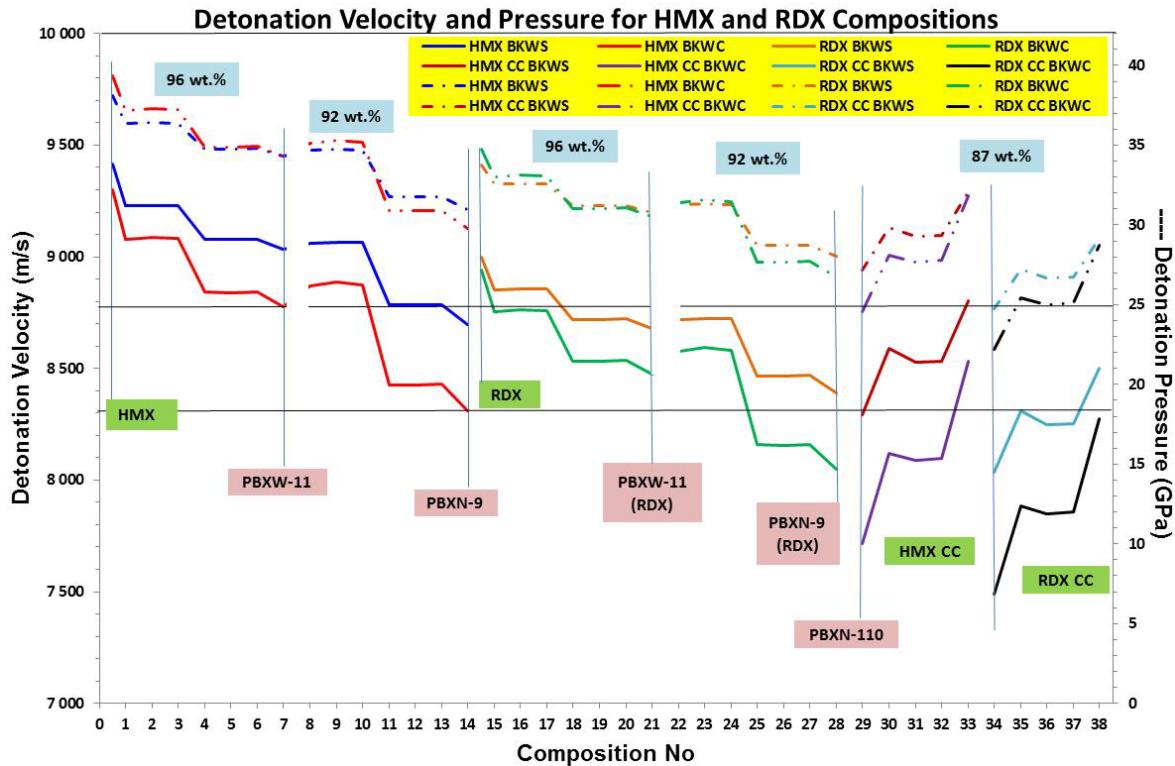


Figure 3.4 Plot of detonation velocity and pressure for HMX and RDX based compositions.

3.2 Detonation products

The detonation products at room temperature and pressure have been calculated by Cheetah 2.0 by use of both the BKWC and the BKWS product library. As mentioned above the BKWC library use 17 products and BKWS use 63 products in the chemical equilibrium calculations.

3.2.1 BKWC

3.2.1.1 Pressed HMX compositions

14 compositions with HMX have been studied. Contents for the 7 compositions with 96 wt. % HMX are given in Table 3.1 and for the 7 compositions with 92 wt. % HMX in Table 3.4. Table 3.16 and Table 3.17 give the concentration of the 17 products that the BKWC product library use in the equilibrium calculations at 1 atm and 298 K. Figure 3.5 shows a plot of the concentrations of all detonation products for all pressed HMX compositions and HMX itself.

The product with highest the concentration is N₂ gas followed by H₂O gas except for PBXN-9 where they change positions. The level of CO₂ gas is slightly higher than the level of CO gas for HMX and compositions with 96 wt. % HMX and energetic binder/plasticizer. For all other compositions the order is changed with higher CO gas content. The product C solid had a concentration of 2.78 mol/kg for pure HMX and increased to 6.58 mol/kg for PBXN-9.

For PBXN-9 C solid is the third most common product. For the other products the concentrations are low and do not change significantly by the content of the compositions.

		HMX	COMP 1	COMP 2	COMP 3	COMP 4	COMP 5	COMP 6	COMP 7
N₂	Gas	1.348e+01	1.354e+01	1.365e+01	1.357e+01	1.309e+01	1.308e+01	1.311e+01	1.293e+01
CO₂	Gas	5.396e+00	4.966e+00	4.921e+00	4.955e+00	4.698e+00	4.701e+00	4.690e+00	4.685e+00
H₂O	Gas	1.158e+01	1.164e+01	1.157e+01	1.162e+01	1.213e+01	1.213e+01	1.211e+01	1.222e+01
CO	Gas	4.630e+00	4.753e+00	4.742e+00	4.750e+00	4.811e+00	4.811e+00	4.809e+00	4.825e+00
H₂	Gas	4.706e-01	5.634e-01	5.656e-01	5.639e-01	6.497e-01	6.495e-01	6.503e-01	6.613e-01
CH₄	Gas	6.860e-01	8.368e-01	8.389e-01	8.374e-01	1.012e+00	1.012e+00	1.013e+00	1.037e+00
H₃N	Gas	4.778e-02	5.626e-02	5.662e-02	5.635e-02	6.406e-02	6.404e-02	6.415e-02	6.491e-02
CH₂O₂	Gas	5.529e-03	5.460e-03	5.414e-03	5.448e-03	5.569e-03	5.572e-03	5.560e-03	5.610e-03
C₂H₆	Gas	2.291e-04	3.325e-04	3.350e-04	3.331e-04	4.569e-04	4.566e-04	4.576e-04	4.759e-04
CH₂O	Gas	7.642e-04	8.747e-04	8.745e-04	8.746e-04	9.736e-04	9.736e-04	9.736e-04	9.888e-04
CH₃OH	Gas	8.561e-04	9.612e-04	9.581e-04	9.605e-04	1.101e-03	1.102e-03	1.101e-03	1.124e-03
C₂H₄	Gas	2.955e-03	3.619e-03	3.629e-03	3.621e-03	4.381e-03	4.380e-03	4.384e-03	4.491e-03
CH₃	Gas	9.015e-06	1.204e-05	1.212e-05	1.206e-05	1.496e-05	1.495e-05	1.498e-05	1.537e-05
NO	Gas	1.816e-07	1.747e-07	1.746e-07	1.747e-07	1.672e-07	1.672e-07	1.671e-07	1.659e-07
O₂	Gas	4.714e-11	4.204e-11	4.160e-11	4.193e-11	3.918e-11	3.920e-11	3.910e-11	3.900e-11
NO₂	Gas	1.765e-15	1.831e-15	1.831e-15	1.831e-15	1.801e-15	1.801e-15	1.801e-15	1.797e-15
*C	solid	2.781e+00	3.605e+00	3.638e+00	3.614e+00	4.510e+00	4.508e+00	4.515e+00	4.712e+00
Total	Gas	3.630e+01	3.637e+01	3.636e+01	3.636e+01	3.646e+01	3.646e+01	3.646e+01	3.644e+01
Total	Cond.	2.781e+00	3.605e+00	3.638e+00	3.614e+00	4.510e+00	4.508e+00	4.515e+00	4.712e+00

Table 3.16 Detonation product concentrations (mol/kg) for HMX pressed compositions.

		HMX	COMP 8	COMP 9	COMP 10	COMP 11	COMP 12	COMP 13	COMP 14
N₂	Gas	1.348e+01	1.360e+01	1.382e+01	1.366e+01	1.270e+01	1.269e+01	1.274e+01	1.238e+01
CO₂	Gas	5.396e+00	4.571e+00	4.483e+00	4.549e+00	4.115e+00	4.120e+00	4.100e+00	4.100e+00
H₂O	Gas	1.158e+01	1.166e+01	1.152e+01	1.162e+01	1.254e+01	1.255e+01	1.252e+01	1.274e+01
CO	Gas	4.630e+00	4.849e+00	4.826e+00	4.843e+00	4.891e+00	4.893e+00	4.887e+00	4.896e+00
H₂	Gas	4.706e-01	6.635e-01	6.693e-01	6.650e-01	8.411e-01	8.406e-01	8.427e-01	8.600e-01
CH₄	Gas	6.860e-01	1.004e+00	1.010e+00	1.006e+00	1.396e+00	1.395e+00	1.398e+00	1.449e+00
H₃N	Gas	4.778e-02	6.531e-02	6.621e-02	6.553e-02	8.122e-02	8.114e-02	8.145e-02	8.247e-02
CH₂O₂	Gas	5.529e-03	5.360e-03	5.265e-03	5.337e-03	5.514e-03	5.520e-03	5.496e-03	5.587e-03
C₂H₆	Gas	2.291e-04	4.673e-04	4.751e-04	4.693e-04	8.020e-04	8.010e-04	8.049e-04	8.487e-04
CH₂O	Gas	7.642e-04	9.853e-04	9.852e-04	9.853e-04	1.169e-03	1.169e-03	1.169e-03	1.192e-03
CH₃OH	Gas	8.561e-04	1.065e-03	1.059e-03	1.064e-03	1.349e-03	1.349e-03	1.347e-03	1.394e-03
C₂H₄	Gas	2.955e-03	4.360e-03	4.388e-03	4.367e-03	6.071e-03	6.068e-03	6.080e-03	6.298e-03
CH₃	Gas	9.015e-06	1.565e-05	1.591e-05	1.572e-05	2.241e-05	2.238e-05	2.248e-05	2.315e-05
NO	Gas	1.816e-07	1.680e-07	1.676e-07	1.679e-07	1.541e-07	1.542e-07	1.541e-07	1.520e-07
O₂	Gas	4.714e-11	3.760e-11	3.677e-11	3.739e-11	3.310e-11	3.315e-11	3.295e-11	3.296e-11
NO₂	Gas	1.765e-15	1.876e-15	1.875e-15	1.876e-15	1.769e-15	1.769e-15	1.770e-15	1.746e-15
*C	solid	2.781e+00	4.407e+00	4.468e+00	4.422e+00	6.166e+00	6.163e+00	6.175e+00	6.581e+00
Total	Gas	3.630e+01	3.642e+01	3.641e+01	3.642e+01	3.659e+01	3.659e+01	3.658e+01	3.653e+01
Total	Cond.	2.781e+00	4.407e+00	4.468e+00	4.422e+00	6.166e+00	6.163e+00	6.175e+00	6.581e+00

Table 3.17 Detonation product concentrations (mol/kg) for HMX pressed compositions.

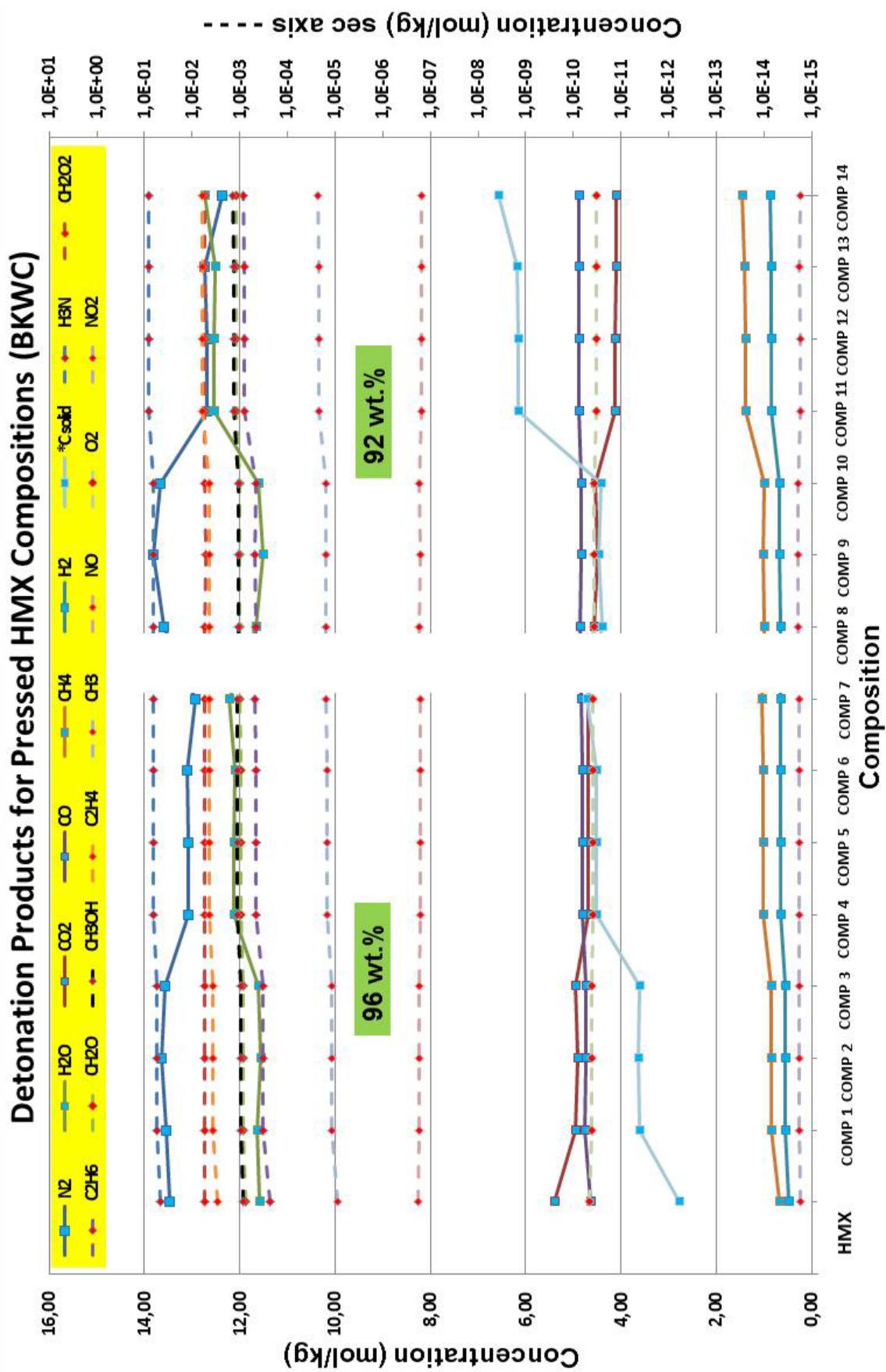


Figure 3.5 Plot of the detonation products for HMX pressed compositions.

3.2.1.2 Pressed RDX compositions

Table 3.7 gives the content of the pressed RDX compositions with 96 wt. % RDX, and Table 3.10 the compositions with 92 wt. % RDX. Table 3.18 gives the detonation products for the compositions in Table 3.7 and Table 3.19 gives the detonation products for the compositions in Table 3.10. Figure 3.6 shows a plot of the detonation products for all pressed RDX compositions.

Name		RDX	COMP 15	COMP 16	COMP 17	COMP 18	COMP 19	COMP 20	COMP 21
N ₂	Gas	1.347e+01	1.354e+01	1.364e+01	1.356e+01	1.308e+01	1.308e+01	1.310e+01	1.293e+01
CO ₂	Gas	5.196e+00	4.813e+00	4.769e+00	4.802e+00	4.586e+00	4.588e+00	4.578e+00	4.577e+00
H ₂ O	Gas	1.082e+01	1.087e+01	1.081e+01	1.086e+01	1.132e+01	1.132e+01	1.131e+01	1.142e+01
CO	Gas	5.787e+00	5.823e+00	5.812e+00	5.820e+00	5.841e+00	5.842e+00	5.839e+00	5.847e+00
H ₂	Gas	7.244e-01	8.228e-01	8.261e-01	8.236e-01	9.210e-01	9.208e-01	9.218e-01	9.326e-01
CH ₄	Gas	9.251e-01	1.077e+00	1.079e+00	1.078e+00	1.267e+00	1.266e+00	1.267e+00	1.293e+00
H ₃ N	Gas	6.237e-02	7.044e-02	7.087e-02	7.055e-02	7.831e-02	7.828e-02	7.840e-02	7.905e-02
CH ₂ O ₂	Gas	5.589e-03	5.473e-03	5.423e-03	5.460e-03	5.571e-03	5.574e-03	5.561e-03	5.613e-03
C ₂ H ₆	Gas	4.752e-04	6.234e-04	6.275e-04	6.244e-04	8.093e-04	8.089e-04	8.104e-04	8.354e-04
CH ₂ O	Gas	1.153e-03	1.255e-03	1.254e-03	1.255e-03	1.361e-03	1.361e-03	1.361e-03	1.376e-03
CH ₃ OH	Gas	9.784e-04	1.066e-03	1.061e-03	1.065e-03	1.200e-03	1.201e-03	1.200e-03	1.223e-03
C ₂ H ₄	Gas	4.069e-03	4.753e-03	4.764e-03	4.756e-03	5.595e-03	5.594e-03	5.598e-03	5.710e-03
CH ₃	Gas	1.872e-05	2.288e-05	2.305e-05	2.292e-05	2.710e-05	2.708e-05	2.714e-05	2.760e-05
NO	Gas	1.778e-07	1.714e-07	1.713e-07	1.714e-07	1.646e-07	1.646e-07	1.646e-07	1.634e-07
O ₂	Gas	4.023e-11	3.653e-11	3.614e-11	3.643e-11	3.447e-11	3.449e-11	3.440e-11	3.439e-11
NO ₂	Gas	2.606e-15	2.590e-15	2.590e-15	2.590e-15	2.505e-15	2.505e-15	2.505e-15	2.491e-15
*C	solid	1.581e+00	2.444e+00	2.476e+00	2.452e+00	3.334e+00	3.332e+00	3.339e+00	3.539e+00
Total	Gas	3.700e+01	3.703e+01	3.702e+01	3.703e+01	3.711e+01	3.711e+01	3.711e+01	3.708e+01
Total	Cond.	1.581e+00	2.444e+00	2.476e+00	2.452e+00	3.334e+00	3.332e+00	3.339e+00	3.539e+00

Table 3.18 Detonation products concentrations in mol/kg for RDX pressed compositions.

Name		RDX	COMP 22	COMP 23	COMP 24	COMP 25	COMP 26	COMP 27	COMP 28
N ₂	Gas	1.347e+01	1.360e+01	1.381e+01	1.365e+01	1.269e+01	1.268e+01	1.273e+01	1.238e+01
CO ₂	Gas	5.196e+00	4.457e+00	4.371e+00	4.436e+00	4.065e+00	4.070e+00	4.050e+00	4.058e+00
H ₂ O	Gas	1.082e+01	1.090e+01	1.076e+01	1.086e+01	1.173e+01	1.174e+01	1.170e+01	1.193e+01
CO	Gas	5.787e+00	5.836e+00	5.812e+00	5.830e+00	5.803e+00	5.805e+00	5.799e+00	5.792e+00
H ₂	Gas	7.244e-01	9.255e-01	9.335e-01	9.275e-01	1.119e+00	1.118e+00	1.121e+00	1.136e+00
CH ₄	Gas	9.251e-01	1.241e+00	1.247e+00	1.243e+00	1.651e+00	1.651e+00	1.653e+00	1.705e+00
H ₃ N	Gas	6.237e-02	7.890e-02	7.988e-02	7.914e-02	9.452e-02	9.444e-02	9.477e-02	9.556e-02
CH ₂ O ₂	Gas	5.589e-03	5.338e-03	5.236e-03	5.312e-03	5.489e-03	5.495e-03	5.469e-03	5.567e-03
C ₂ H ₆	Gas	4.752e-04	8.021e-04	8.137e-04	8.050e-04	1.259e-03	1.258e-03	1.263e-03	1.317e-03
CH ₂ O	Gas	1.153e-03	1.353e-03	1.352e-03	1.353e-03	1.543e-03	1.543e-03	1.543e-03	1.563e-03
CH ₃ OH	Gas	9.784e-04	1.151e-03	1.142e-03	1.149e-03	1.422e-03	1.423e-03	1.420e-03	1.467e-03
C ₂ H ₄	Gas	4.069e-03	5.494e-03	5.523e-03	5.501e-03	7.318e-03	7.315e-03	7.327e-03	7.550e-03
CH ₃	Gas	1.872e-05	2.754e-05	2.798e-05	2.765e-05	3.652e-05	3.648e-05	3.664e-05	3.729e-05
NO	Gas	1.778e-07	1.653e-07	1.650e-07	1.652e-07	1.526e-07	1.526e-07	1.526e-07	1.506e-07
O ₂	Gas	4.023e-11	3.321e-11	3.247e-11	3.302e-11	2.989e-11	2.994e-11	2.976e-11	2.987e-11
NO ₂	Gas	2.606e-15	2.557e-15	2.556e-15	2.557e-15	2.353e-15	2.353e-15	2.353e-15	2.313e-15
*C	solid	1.581e+00	3.293e+00	3.354e+00	3.308e+00	5.045e+00	5.041e+00	5.054e+00	5.467e+00
Total	Gas	3.700e+01	3.704e+01	3.703e+01	3.704e+01	3.718e+01	3.718e+01	3.717e+01	3.711e+01
Total	Cond.	1.581e+00	3.293e+00	3.354e+00	3.308e+00	5.045e+00	5.041e+00	5.054e+00	5.467e+00

Table 3.19 Detonation products concentrations in mol/kg for RDX pressed compositions.

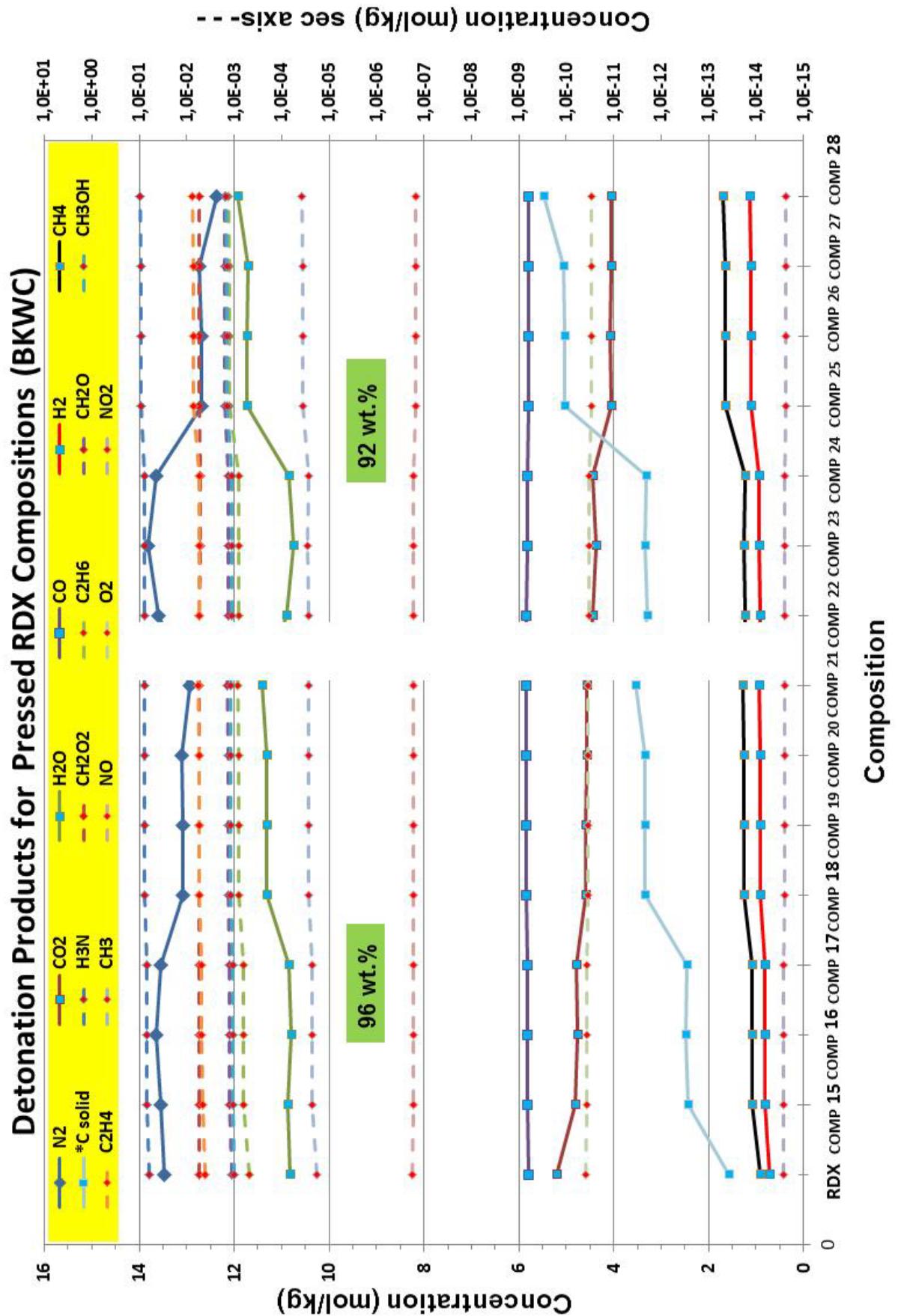


Figure 3.6 Plot of detonation product concentrations for different RDX pressed compositions.

The concentration of the different detonation products for the RDX compositions is slightly different from equal HMX compositions. The order of the major detonation products with respect to concentration is nearly the same. However, RDX-compositions give higher concentration of CO gas and lower concentration of solid C than the equal HMX-compositions. This change have also influence on the concentration of H₂O gas, which is lower for RDX compared with HMX-compositions. For the remaining products the differences are small.

3.2.1.3 Cast-cure compositions

Table 3.13 gives the content of the HMX cast-cure compositions. Table 3.20 gives the obtained concentrations of the detonation products at 1 atm and 298 K for these compositions. The concentrations of the main detonation products depend on the binder. Composition 29 with HTPB binder has a concentration of solid C of 9.6 mol/kg compared to only 2.78 mol/kg for HMX. The content of N₂ gas for Comp 29 is 11.74 mol/kg compared with 13.48 mol/kg for HMX. Figure 3.7 shows plot of the concentrations for all detonation products for cast-cure HMX compositions. Composition 29 (PBXN-110) with inert binder and Comp 33 containing only energetic binder are the two compositions with largest differences in the content of N₂ gas, CO₂ gas, H₂O gas and solid C.

Name		COMP 29	COMP 30	COMP 31	COMP 32	COMP 33
N ₂	Gas	1.174e+01	1.191e+01	1.250e+01	1.264e+01	1.355e+01
CO ₂	Gas	3.251e+00	3.839e+00	3.641e+00	3.594e+00	4.013e+00
H ₂ O	Gas	1.287e+01	1.253e+01	1.266e+01	1.256e+01	1.171e+01
CO	Gas	4.957e+00	5.481e+00	4.892e+00	4.877e+00	4.920e+00
H ₂	Gas	1.252e+00	1.160e+00	1.016e+00	1.022e+00	8.304e-01
CH ₄	Gas	2.280e+00	1.888e+00	1.765e+00	1.774e+00	1.306e+00
H ₃ N	Gas	1.150e-01	1.007e-01	9.695e-02	9.792e-02	8.038e-02
CH ₂ O ₂	Gas	5.251e-03	5.600e-03	5.339e-03	5.275e-03	5.185e-03
C ₂ H ₆	Gas	1.922e-03	1.478e-03	1.215e-03	1.231e-03	7.550e-04
CH ₂ O	Gas	1.534e-03	1.547e-03	1.323e-03	1.323e-03	1.151e-03
CH ₃ OH	Gas	1.804e-03	1.606e-03	1.544e-03	1.538e-03	1.236e-03
C ₂ H ₄	Gas	1.002e-02	8.324e-03	7.712e-03	7.754e-03	5.702e-03
CH ₃	Gas	4.216e-05	3.791e-05	3.021e-05	3.058e-05	2.241e-05
NO	Gas	1.316e-07	1.439e-07	1.438e-07	1.436e-07	1.570e-07
O ₂	Gas	2.458e-11	2.873e-11	2.847e-11	2.803e-11	3.180e-11
NO ₂	Gas	1.665e-15	2.037e-15	1.716e-15	1.716e-15	1.879e-15
*C	solid	9.623e+00	6.909e+00	7.635e+00	7.661e+00	5.884e+00
Total	Gas	3.649e+01	3.693e+01	3.659e+01	3.659e+01	3.642e+01
Total	Cond.	9.623e+00	6.909e+00	7.635e+00	7.661e+00	5.884e+00

Table 3.20 Detonation product concentrations in mol/kg for cast-cure HMX compositions.

Table 3.14 gives the content of the RDX cast-cure compositions. Table 3.21 gives the obtained concentrations of the detonation products at 1 atm and 298 K. The variation in concentrations of the main detonation products are as for HMX based compositions and depends on the binder. Composition 34 with HTPB binder has a concentration of solid C of 8.6 (9.6) mol/kg compared to only 1.58 (2.78) mol/kg for RDX (HMX in brackets). The content of N₂ gas for Comp 34 is 11.73

mol/kg compared with 13.47 mol/kg for RDX. Figure 3.7 shows a plot of the concentrations for all detonation products for cast-cure compositions with RDX.

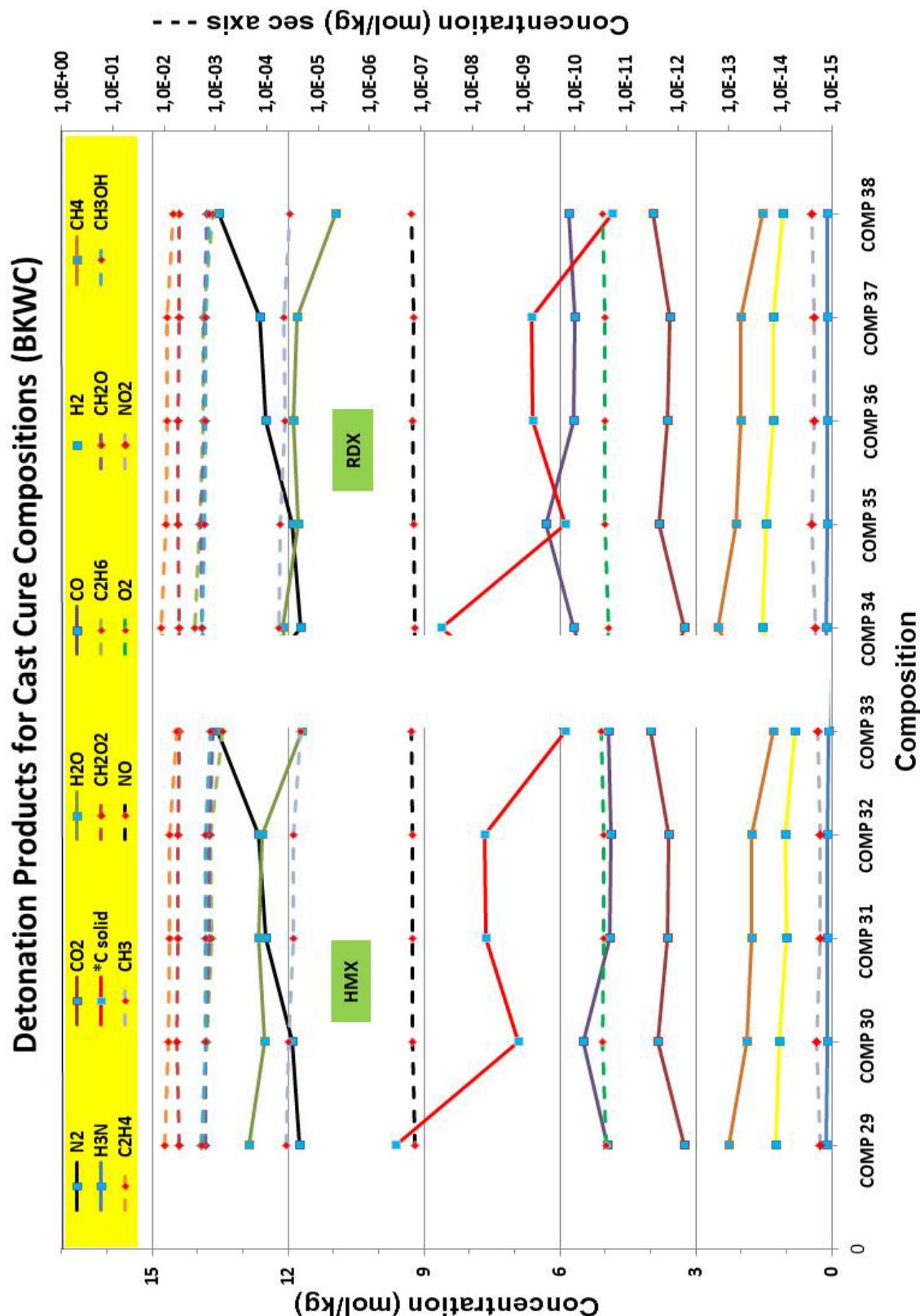


Figure 3.7 Detonation products at room temperature and pressure in mol/kg for cast-cure compositions obtained by use of the BKWC product library.

N₂	Gas	1.173e+01	1.191e+01	1.250e+01	1.263e+01	1.354e+01
CO₂	Gas	3.262e+00	3.806e+00	3.628e+00	3.581e+00	3.949e+00
H₂O	Gas	1.211e+01	1.177e+01	1.189e+01	1.179e+01	1.096e+01
CO	Gas	5.700e+00	6.309e+00	5.692e+00	5.677e+00	5.793e+00
H₂	Gas	1.533e+00	1.444e+00	1.287e+00	1.295e+00	1.094e+00
CH₄	Gas	2.513e+00	2.117e+00	2.006e+00	2.014e+00	1.535e+00
H₃N	Gas	1.257e-01	1.115e-01	1.089e-01	1.099e-01	9.292e-02
CH₂O₂	Gas	5.202e-03	5.503e-03	5.302e-03	5.236e-03	5.131e-03
C₂H₆	Gas	2.580e-03	2.043e-03	1.744e-03	1.764e-03	1.162e-03
CH₂O	Gas	1.877e-03	1.907e-03	1.669e-03	1.670e-03	1.498e-03
CH₃OH	Gas	1.827e-03	1.635e-03	1.592e-03	1.585e-03	1.296e-03
C₂H₄	Gas	1.122e-02	9.487e-03	8.913e-03	8.953e-03	6.826e-03
CH₃	Gas	5.979e-05	5.505e-05	4.539e-05	4.592e-05	3.585e-05
NO	Gas	1.313e-07	1.427e-07	1.430e-07	1.428e-07	1.552e-07
O₂	Gas	2.301e-11	2.650e-11	2.624e-11	2.584e-11	2.872e-11
NO₂	Gas	2.083e-15	2.532e-15	2.201e-15	2.200e-15	2.452e-15
*C	solid	8.631e+00	5.881e+00	6.603e+00	6.631e+00	4.842e+00
Total	Gas	3.700e+01	3.749e+01	3.713e+01	3.712e+01	3.698e+01
Total	Cond.	8.631e+00	5.881e+00	6.603e+00	6.631e+00	4.842e+00

Table 3.21 Detonation product concentrations in mol/kg for cast cure RDX compositions.

Composition 34 (PBXN-110 with HMX replaced by RDX) with inert binder and Comp 38 containing only energetic binder are the two compositions having large differences in the content of N₂ gas, CO₂ gas, H₂O gas and solid C.

Comparing the detonation product concentrations for compositions with HMX with compositions with RDX three products H₂O gas, solid Carbon and CO gas have different concentrations. The first two have highest concentrations for HMX-based compositions, while RDX-compositions give higher concentration of CO gas than the HMX compositions. For the remaining detonation products the concentrations are the same in these two types of compositions.

3.2.2 BKWS

3.2.2.1 Pressed HMX compositions

14 compositions with HMX have been studied. Contents for the 7 compositions with 96 wt. % HMX are given in Table 3.1 and for the 7 compositions with 92 wt. % HMX in Table 3.4. Table 3.22 and Table 3.23 give the concentrations of the 63 products that the BKWS product library use in the equilibrium calculations at 1 atm and 298 K. Figure 3.8 shows a plot of the concentrations of major detonation products for HMX itself and all pressed HMX compositions. Figure 3.9 shows a plot of the remaining detonation products with concentrations between 8.0 E-10 mol/kg and 1.0 E-29 mol/kg. Only N₂O₅ with concentration of 1.0E-27 mol/kg is not shown.

The detonation product with the highest concentration is N₂ gas followed by H₂O gas and CO₂ gas. The level of other main detonation products, CO gas, H₂ gas and CH₄ gas, for HMX compositions with 96 wt.% HMX and 92 wt.% HMX is nearly constant. The product C solid has

a higher concentration for compositions with 92 wt. % HMX than for 96 wt.% HMX compositions. For pure HMX the C solid concentration is 1.4 mol/kg and increase to 5.32 mol/kg for PBXN-9. For PBXN-9 C solid is the fourth most common detonation product. The concentrations of the other detonation products are low, and do not change significantly by the content of the compositions.

Name		HMX	COMP 1	COMP 2	COMP 3	COMP 4	COMP 5	COMP 6	COMP 7
CH	Gas	2.907e-14	3.208e-14	3.233e-14	3.217e-14	3.235e-14	3.233e-14	3.242e-14	3.215e-14
CNN	Gas	1.637e-16	1.793e-16	1.678e-16	1.803e-16	1.680e-16	1.678e-16	1.687e-16	1.640e-16
C	Gas	8.139e-17	8.828e-17	8.665e-17	8.855e-17	8.672e-17	8.665e-17	8.692e-17	8.579e-17
HNO ₃	Gas	3.368e-18	2.965e-18	2.943e-18	2.951e-18	2.939e-18	2.943e-18	2.928e-18	2.966e-18
C ₃	Gas	6.148e-19	7.289e-19	6.919e-19	7.336e-19	6.930e-19	6.919e-19	6.965e-19	6.773e-19
C ₂	Gas	4.459e-19	4.965e-19	4.823e-19	4.986e-19	4.828e-19	4.823e-19	4.843e-19	4.759e-19
C ₄ N ₂	Gas	3.827e-19	5.745e-19	4.797e-19	5.845e-19	4.819e-19	4.797e-19	4.883e-19	4.508e-19
NO ₃	Gas	6.265e-22	5.247e-22	5.129e-22	5.216e-22	5.122e-22	5.129e-22	5.099e-22	5.169e-22
O ₃	Gas	2.009e-22	1.786e-22	1.749e-22	1.778e-22	1.747e-22	1.749e-22	1.741e-22	1.759e-22
N ₂ O ₃	Gas	9.323e-24	8.208e-24	7.711e-24	8.183e-24	7.705e-24	7.711e-24	7.688e-24	7.678e-24
C ₄	Gas	8.796e-26	1.155e-25	1.057e-25	1.167e-25	1.060e-25	1.057e-25	1.068e-25	1.021e-25
C ₅	Gas	1.090e-28	1.664e-28	1.443e-28	1.691e-28	1.449e-28	1.443e-28	1.467e-28	1.368e-28
N ₂ O ₄	Gas	2.800e-29	2.161e-29	2.074e-29	2.144e-29	2.070e-29	2.074e-29	2.057e-29	2.093e-29
N ₂ O ₅	Gas	1.216e-36	9.202e-37	8.680e-37	9.121e-37	8.661e-37	8.680e-37	8.603e-37	8.756e-37
*C	Solid	1.400e+00	2.267e+00	3.164e+00	2.275e+00	3.166e+00	3.164e+00	3.172e+00	3.372e+00
*H ₂ O	Liquid	0.000e+00							
Total	Gas	3.565e+01	3.572e+01	3.575e+01	3.572e+01	3.575e+01	3.575e+01	3.575e+01	3.571e+01
Total	Cond.	1.400e+00	2.267e+00	3.164e+00	2.275e+00	3.166e+00	3.164e+00	3.172e+00	3.372e+00

Table 3.22 Detonation products concentrations for pressed HMX compositions at room temperature and pressure.

Name		HMX	COMP 8	COMP 9	COMP 10	COMP 11	COMP 12	COMP 13	COMP 14
N ₂	Gas	1.335e+01	1.347e+01	1.369e+01	1.353e+01	1.255e+01	1.254e+01	1.259e+01	1.223e+01
CO ₂	Gas	8.258e+00	7.447e+00	7.324e+00	7.417e+00	7.140e+00	7.148e+00	7.118e+00	7.161e+00
H ₂ O	Gas	8.196e+00	8.305e+00	8.196e+00	8.278e+00	9.094e+00	9.101e+00	9.072e+00	9.266e+00
CO	Gas	2.252e+00	2.414e+00	2.439e+00	2.421e+00	2.258e+00	2.256e+00	2.262e+00	2.211e+00
H ₂	Gas	1.717e+00	1.976e+00	1.989e+00	1.979e+00	2.155e+00	2.154e+00	2.159e+00	2.163e+00
CH ₄	Gas	1.527e+00	1.788e+00	1.779e+00	1.786e+00	2.194e+00	2.195e+00	2.193e+00	2.258e+00
H ₃ N	Gas	3.006e-01	3.263e-01	3.256e-01	3.262e-01	3.730e-01	3.730e-01	3.729e-01	3.790e-01
CH ₂ O ₂	Gas	2.040e-02	1.877e-02	1.825e-02	1.864e-02	2.028e-02	2.032e-02	2.018e-02	2.085e-02
C ₂ H ₆	Gas	1.795e-02	2.138e-02	2.101e-02	2.129e-02	2.951e-02	2.954e-02	2.943e-02	3.114e-02
CH ₂ O	Gas	2.772e-03	3.015e-03	3.009e-03	3.014e-03	3.185e-03	3.185e-03	3.185e-03	3.201e-03
CH ₃ OH	Gas	2.421e-03	2.552e-03	2.497e-03	2.538e-03	3.111e-03	3.115e-03	3.099e-03	3.237e-03
C ₂ H ₄	Gas	2.030e-03	2.500e-03	2.507e-03	2.502e-03	2.988e-03	2.987e-03	2.991e-03	3.044e-03
CHN	Gas	1.130e-03	1.381e-03	1.424e-03	1.392e-03	1.309e-03	1.307e-03	1.317e-03	1.264e-03
CHNO	Gas	1.065e-03	1.118e-03	1.126e-03	1.120e-03	1.076e-03	1.076e-03	1.078e-03	1.060e-03
CH ₃	Gas	1.749e-04	2.086e-04	2.097e-04	2.089e-04	2.380e-04	2.379e-04	2.383e-04	2.405e-04
C ₃ H ₈	Gas	3.020e-05	4.063e-05	4.012e-05	4.050e-05	6.012e-05	6.016e-05	6.001e-05	6.375e-05
H	Gas	1.399e-05	1.600e-05	1.622e-05	1.606e-05	1.641e-05	1.640e-05	1.646e-05	1.626e-05
C ₃ H ₆	Gas	1.199e-05	1.684e-05	1.699e-05	1.688e-05	2.147e-05	2.146e-05	2.152e-05	2.195e-05
C ₂ H ₂	Gas	1.025e-05	1.336e-05	1.371e-05	1.345e-05	1.367e-05	1.365e-05	1.375e-05	1.339e-05
CHO	Gas	8.252e-06	9.237e-06	9.327e-06	9.259e-06	9.028e-06	9.022e-06	9.047e-06	8.895e-06
H ₂ N	Gas	4.140e-06	4.557e-06	4.590e-06	4.565e-06	4.852e-06	4.849e-06	4.860e-06	4.848e-06
HO	Gas	2.757e-06	2.837e-06	2.827e-06	2.835e-06	2.892e-06	2.892e-06	2.890e-06	2.897e-06
NO	Gas	3.233e-07	3.043e-07	3.035e-07	3.041e-07	2.899e-07	2.899e-07	2.897e-07	2.874e-07

H₄N₂	Gas	1.119e-07	1.156e-07	1.145e-07	1.153e-07	1.379e-07	1.379e-07	1.377e-07	1.416e-07
H₂N₂	Gas	1.703e-08	1.748e-08	1.755e-08	1.750e-08	1.838e-08	1.837e-08	1.840e-08	1.837e-08
CNO	Gas	7.571e-09	7.396e-09	7.421e-09	7.403e-09	6.903e-09	6.902e-09	6.909e-09	6.793e-09
C₂N₂	Gas	6.966e-09	8.823e-09	9.289e-09	8.938e-09	7.353e-09	7.328e-09	7.429e-09	6.857e-09
C₃O₂	Gas	2.886e-09	3.643e-09	3.775e-09	3.676e-09	2.970e-09	2.963e-09	2.991e-09	2.792e-09
H₂O₂	Gas	2.237e-09	1.982e-09	1.915e-09	1.965e-09	2.186e-09	2.190e-09	2.172e-09	2.265e-09
CH₂	Gas	1.884e-09	2.240e-09	2.267e-09	2.247e-09	2.399e-09	2.397e-09	2.405e-09	2.392e-09
HNO	Gas	1.598e-09	1.594e-09	1.593e-09	1.594e-09	1.576e-09	1.576e-09	1.576e-09	1.568e-09
C₂H₄O	Gas	1.195e-09	1.498e-09	1.507e-09	1.501e-09	1.680e-09	1.679e-09	1.683e-09	1.691e-09
CN	Gas	6.332e-10	7.295e-10	7.511e-10	7.349e-10	6.665e-10	6.652e-10	6.704e-10	6.413e-10
N₂O	Gas	5.765e-10	5.417e-10	5.442e-10	5.423e-10	4.937e-10	4.935e-10	4.942e-10	4.833e-10
HN	Gas	2.654e-10	2.966e-10	3.017e-10	2.979e-10	2.940e-10	2.936e-10	2.950e-10	2.887e-10
O₂	Gas	1.184e-10	1.014e-10	9.889e-11	1.008e-10	9.987e-11	1.000e-10	9.939e-11	1.012e-10
C₂H	Gas	7.435e-11	9.696e-11	1.003e-10	9.778e-11	9.302e-11	9.281e-11	9.365e-11	8.978e-11
O	Gas	5.154e-11	5.030e-11	5.009e-11	5.025e-11	4.928e-11	4.929e-11	4.924e-11	4.914e-11
C₂O	Gas	8.521e-12	1.060e-11	1.096e-11	1.069e-11	9.223e-12	9.202e-12	9.285e-12	8.776e-12
HO₂	Gas	5.097e-12	4.619e-12	4.512e-12	4.592e-12	4.727e-12	4.733e-12	4.706e-12	4.807e-12
N	Gas	4.994e-12	5.299e-12	5.387e-12	5.321e-12	5.045e-12	5.040e-12	5.062e-12	4.933e-12
HNO₂	Gas	3.708e-12	3.379e-12	3.328e-12	3.366e-12	3.297e-12	3.300e-12	3.288e-12	3.307e-12
NO₂H	Gas	1.628e-12	1.547e-12	1.534e-12	1.544e-12	1.481e-12	1.481e-12	1.479e-12	1.473e-12
CN₂	Gas	1.435e-12	1.573e-12	1.619e-12	1.584e-12	1.406e-12	1.403e-12	1.414e-12	1.348e-12
NO₂	Gas	4.016e-13	3.336e-13	3.263e-13	3.318e-13	3.187e-13	3.191e-13	3.173e-13	3.206e-13
N₃	Gas	3.957e-13	3.987e-13	4.080e-13	4.010e-13	3.554e-13	3.549e-13	3.571e-13	3.421e-13
C₂N	Gas	3.622e-13	4.653e-13	4.873e-13	4.707e-13	4.029e-13	4.017e-13	4.066e-13	3.795e-13
CH	Gas	2.907e-14	3.526e-14	3.606e-14	3.546e-14	3.509e-14	3.504e-14	3.525e-14	3.435e-14
CNN	Gas	1.637e-16	1.957e-16	2.041e-16	1.978e-16	1.680e-16	1.676e-16	1.695e-16	1.585e-16
C	Gas	8.139e-17	9.545e-17	9.783e-17	9.604e-17	9.046e-17	9.032e-17	9.090e-17	8.786e-17
HNO₃	Gas	3.368e-18	2.610e-18	2.506e-18	2.584e-18	2.598e-18	2.605e-18	2.579e-18	2.664e-18
C₃	Gas	6.148e-19	8.581e-19	9.037e-19	8.693e-19	7.456e-19	7.431e-19	7.533e-19	7.000e-19
C₂	Gas	4.459e-19	5.506e-19	5.689e-19	5.551e-19	5.080e-19	5.069e-19	5.112e-19	4.883e-19
C₄N₂	Gas	3.827e-19	8.467e-19	9.721e-19	8.765e-19	5.413e-19	5.364e-19	5.564e-19	4.537e-19
NO₃	Gas	6.265e-22	4.402e-22	4.194e-22	4.350e-22	4.301e-22	4.314e-22	4.261e-22	4.428e-22
O₃	Gas	2.009e-22	1.586e-22	1.527e-22	1.571e-22	1.535e-22	1.539e-22	1.524e-22	1.566e-22
N₂O₃	Gas	9.323e-24	7.222e-24	7.037e-24	7.176e-24	6.446e-24	6.456e-24	6.416e-24	6.432e-24
C₄	Gas	8.796e-26	1.499e-25	1.629e-25	1.531e-25	1.184e-25	1.177e-25	1.203e-25	1.070e-25
C₅	Gas	1.090e-28	2.494e-28	2.837e-28	2.576e-28	1.712e-28	1.698e-28	1.756e-28	1.462e-28
N₂O₄	Gas	2.800e-29	1.674e-29	1.566e-29	1.646e-29	1.594e-29	1.601e-29	1.574e-29	1.656e-29
N₂O₅	Gas	1.216e-36	6.977e-37	6.485e-37	6.851e-37	6.411e-37	6.441e-37	6.322e-37	6.653e-37
*C	Solid	1.400e+00	3.123e+00	3.188e+00	3.139e+00	4.904e+00	4.900e+00	4.915e+00	5.320e+00
*H₂O	Liquid	0.000e+00							
Total	Gas	3.565e+01	3.578e+01	3.579e+01	3.578e+01	3.583e+01	3.583e+01	3.583e+01	3.574e+01
Total	Cond.	1.400e+00	3.123e+00	3.188e+00	3.139e+00	4.904e+00	4.900e+00	4.915e+00	5.320e+00

Table 3.23 Concentrations of detonation products for pressed HMX compositions at room temperature and pressure.

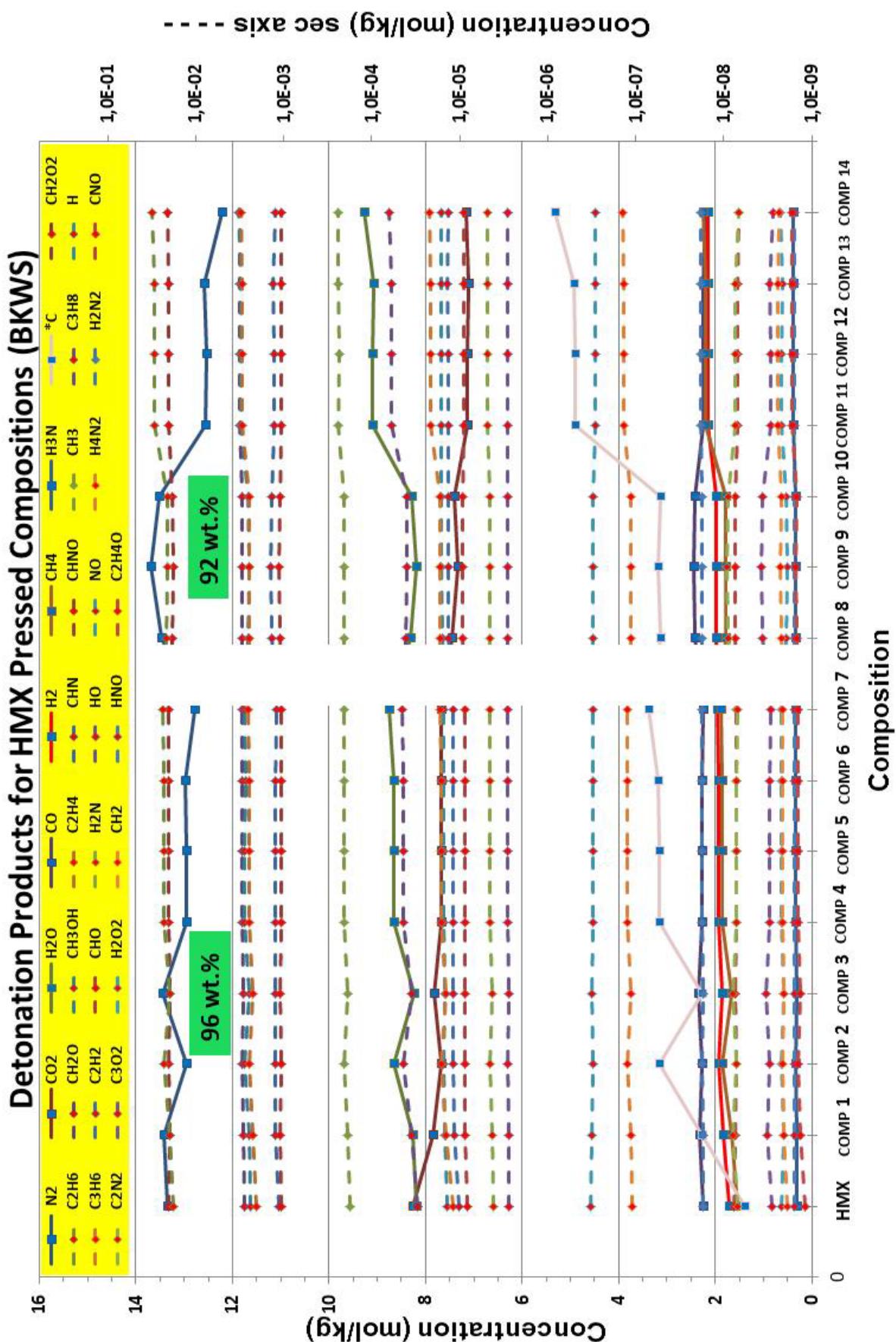


Figure 3.8 Plot of concentrations of main detonation products for pressed HMX compositions.

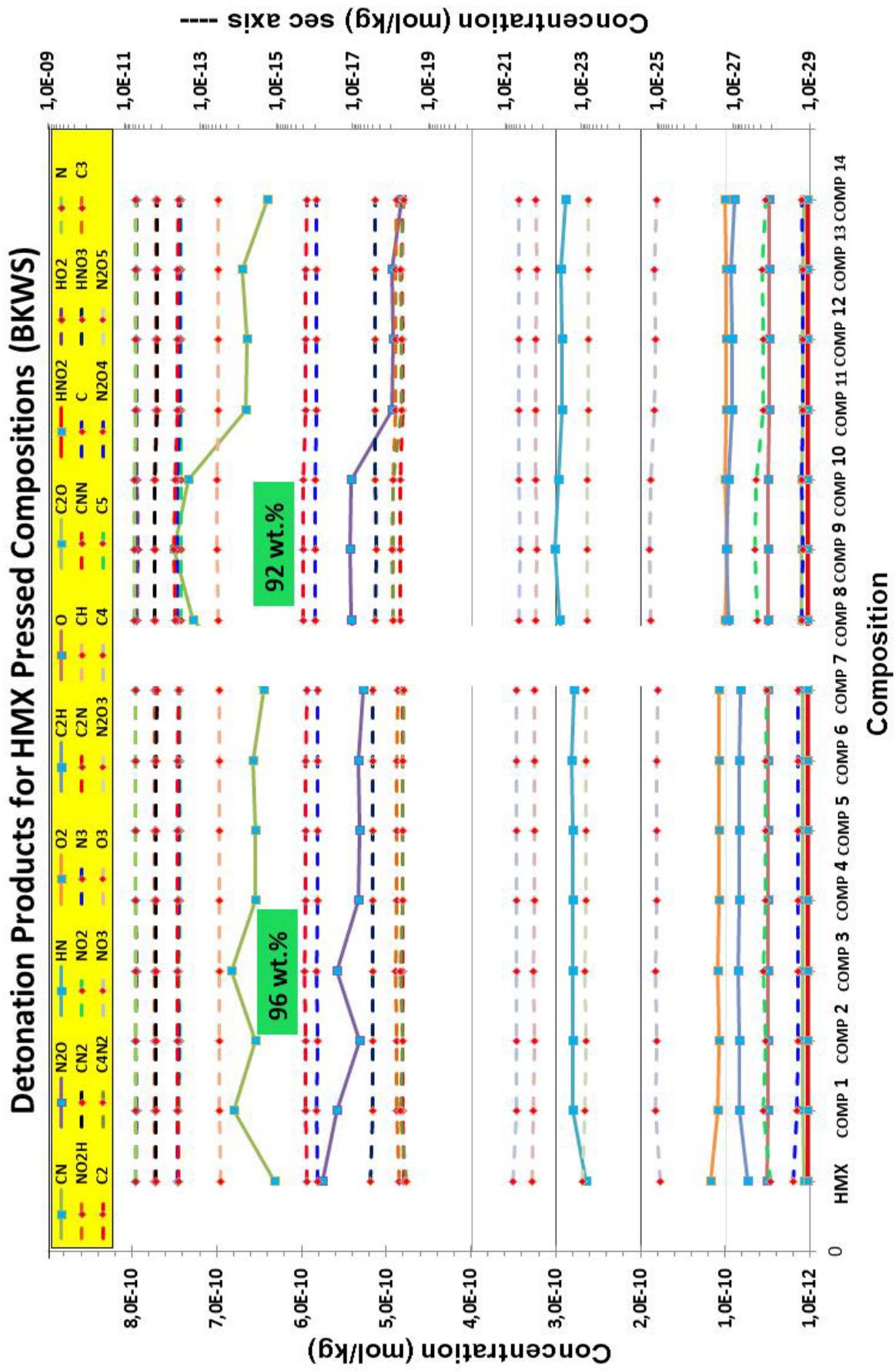


Figure 3.9 Plot of concentrations of minor detonation products for pressed HMX compositions.

3.2.2.2 Pressed RDX compositions

The content of the 14 RDX compositions is given in Table 3.7 for compositions having RDX content of 96 wt. % and in Table 3.10 for compositions with 92 wt. % RDX. Table 3.24 and Table 3.25 give the concentrations of the 63 products the BKWS product library use in the equilibrium calculations at 1 atm and 298 K. Figure 3.10 shows a plot of the concentrations for major detonation products for RDX itself and all pressed RDX compositions. Figure 3.11 shows a plot of detonation products with concentration between 1.0 E-4 mol/kg and 1.0 E-11 mol/kg, while Figure 3.12 shows a plot of the remaining detonation products with concentration down to 1.0 E-25 mol/kg.

The detonation product with the highest concentration is N₂ (g) followed by H₂O (g) and CO₂ (g). The levels of CO (g), H₂ (g) and CH₄ (g) for RDX compositions with 96 wt. % RDX and 92 wt. % RDX are nearly constant. The product C solid is higher for the compositions with 92 wt% RDX than the ones with 96 wt %. For pure RDX the concentration is 0.66 mol/kg and increases to 4.67 mol/kg for PBXN-9 (RDX). For PBXN-9 (RDX) C solid is the fourth most common detonation product. For the other detonation products the concentrations are low and do not change significantly by the content of the compositions.

Name		RDX	COMP 15	COMP 16	COMP 17	COMP 18	COMP 19	COMP 21	COMP 21
N ₂	Gas	1.337e+01	1.343e+01	1.353e+01	1.345e+01	1.297e+01	1.296e+01	1.299e+01	1.281e+01
CO ₂	Gas	7.999e+00	7.610e+00	7.546e+00	7.594e+00	7.463e+00	7.467e+00	7.452e+00	7.476e+00
H ₂ O	Gas	7.777e+00	7.850e+00	7.797e+00	7.836e+00	8.243e+00	8.247e+00	8.233e+00	8.328e+00
CO	Gas	3.196e+00	3.226e+00	3.240e+00	3.230e+00	3.134e+00	3.133e+00	3.136e+00	3.109e+00
H ₂	Gas	2.063e+00	2.183e+00	2.190e+00	2.185e+00	2.291e+00	2.290e+00	2.292e+00	2.299e+00
CH ₄	Gas	1.588e+00	1.713e+00	1.708e+00	1.712e+00	1.911e+00	1.911e+00	1.910e+00	1.942e+00
H ₃ N	Gas	2.733e-01	2.865e-01	2.862e-01	2.864e-01	3.076e-01	3.076e-01	3.075e-01	3.104e-01
CH ₂ O ₂	Gas	1.706e-02	1.656e-02	1.633e-02	1.650e-02	1.728e-02	1.729e-02	1.723e-02	1.752e-02
C ₂ H ₆	Gas	1.613e-02	1.775e-02	1.759e-02	1.771e-02	2.104e-02	2.105e-02	2.101e-02	2.165e-02
CH ₂ O	Gas	3.337e-03	3.431e-03	3.425e-03	3.429e-03	3.549e-03	3.549e-03	3.548e-03	3.566e-03
CH ₃ OH	Gas	2.133e-03	2.208e-03	2.184e-03	2.202e-03	2.454e-03	2.455e-03	2.449e-03	2.506e-03
C ₂ H ₄	Gas	2.508e-03	2.742e-03	2.744e-03	2.743e-03	3.024e-03	3.024e-03	3.025e-03	3.062e-03
CHN	Gas	1.873e-03	1.995e-03	2.023e-03	2.002e-03	1.958e-03	1.956e-03	1.963e-03	1.931e-03
CHNO	Gas	1.287e-03	1.299e-03	1.303e-03	1.300e-03	1.282e-03	1.282e-03	1.283e-03	1.275e-03
CH ₃	Gas	2.145e-04	2.308e-04	2.312e-04	2.309e-04	2.482e-04	2.482e-04	2.483e-04	2.501e-04
C ₃ H ₈	Gas	3.281e-05	3.780e-05	3.752e-05	3.773e-05	4.667e-05	4.669e-05	4.661e-05	4.826e-05
H	Gas	1.835e-05	1.925e-05	1.936e-05	1.928e-05	1.956e-05	1.956e-05	1.959e-05	1.951e-05
C ₃ H ₆	Gas	1.848e-05	2.122e-05	2.127e-05	2.123e-05	2.433e-05	2.432e-05	2.434e-05	2.473e-05
C ₂ H ₂	Gas	1.874e-05	2.049e-05	2.073e-05	2.055e-05	2.093e-05	2.091e-05	2.098e-05	2.081e-05
CHO	Gas	1.210e-05	1.244e-05	1.248e-05	1.245e-05	1.238e-05	1.238e-05	1.239e-05	1.233e-05
H ₂ N	Gas	4.372e-06	4.566e-06	4.581e-06	4.570e-06	4.731e-06	4.730e-06	4.734e-06	4.736e-06
HO	Gas	3.054e-06	3.072e-06	3.066e-06	3.071e-06	3.113e-06	3.113e-06	3.112e-06	3.119e-06
NO	Gas	3.033e-07	2.954e-07	2.951e-07	2.953e-07	2.885e-07	2.885e-07	2.884e-07	2.873e-07
H ₄ N ₂	Gas	7.921e-08	8.243e-08	8.206e-08	8.234e-08	9.039e-08	9.041e-08	9.032e-08	9.165e-08
H ₂ N ₂	Gas	1.457e-08	1.492e-08	1.495e-08	1.493e-08	1.534e-08	1.534e-08	1.535e-08	1.534e-08
CNO	Gas	8.093e-09	7.960e-09	7.972e-09	7.963e-09	7.707e-09	7.706e-09	7.709e-09	7.651e-09
C ₂ N ₂	Gas	1.476e-08	1.572e-08	1.609e-08	1.581e-08	1.449e-08	1.447e-08	1.456e-08	1.407e-08
C ₃ O ₂	Gas	8.367e-09	8.680e-09	8.808e-09	8.712e-09	7.958e-09	7.950e-09	7.981e-09	7.777e-09
H ₂ O ₂	Gas	1.637e-09	1.572e-09	1.546e-09	1.566e-09	1.655e-09	1.657e-09	1.650e-09	1.684e-09
CH ₂	Gas	2.544e-09	2.716e-09	2.731e-09	2.720e-09	2.828e-09	2.827e-09	2.831e-09	2.831e-09

HNO	Gas	1.624e-09	1.617e-09	1.616e-09	1.617e-09	1.614e-09	1.614e-09	1.614e-09	1.614e-09	1.612e-09
C₂H₄O	Gas	1.855e-09	2.007e-09	2.009e-09	2.008e-09	2.155e-09	2.154e-09	2.155e-09	2.153e-09	2.173e-09
CN	Gas	9.670e-10	1.007e-09	1.021e-09	1.011e-09	9.671e-10	9.663e-10	9.697e-10	9.514e-10	
N₂O	Gas	5.450e-10	5.296e-10	5.308e-10	5.299e-10	5.065e-10	5.064e-10	5.067e-10	5.015e-10	
HN	Gas	3.272e-10	3.405e-10	3.432e-10	3.412e-10	3.404e-10	3.402e-10	3.409e-10	3.380e-10	
O₂	Gas	9.604e-11	9.013e-11	8.906e-11	8.986e-11	8.942e-11	8.949e-11	8.921e-11	8.993e-11	
C₂H	Gas	1.515e-10	1.645e-10	1.670e-10	1.651e-10	1.625e-10	1.624e-10	1.630e-10	1.605e-10	
O	Gas	5.359e-11	5.279e-11	5.268e-11	5.276e-11	5.229e-11	5.230e-11	5.227e-11	5.223e-11	
C₂O	Gas	1.969e-11	2.065e-11	2.095e-11	2.072e-11	1.946e-11	1.944e-11	1.952e-11	1.910e-11	
HO₂	Gas	4.460e-12	4.279e-12	4.229e-12	4.266e-12	4.339e-12	4.342e-12	4.329e-12	4.376e-12	
N	Gas	5.798e-12	5.911e-12	5.959e-12	5.923e-12	5.776e-12	5.773e-12	5.784e-12	5.717e-12	
HNO₂	Gas	3.345e-12	3.207e-12	3.182e-12	3.201e-12	3.181e-12	3.183e-12	3.176e-12	3.189e-12	
NO₂H	Gas	1.680e-12	1.628e-12	1.620e-12	1.626e-12	1.602e-12	1.602e-12	1.600e-12	1.601e-12	
CN₂	Gas	1.893e-12	1.942e-12	1.969e-12	1.949e-12	1.844e-12	1.842e-12	1.849e-12	1.810e-12	
NO₂	Gas	2.998e-13	2.787e-13	2.757e-13	2.779e-13	2.722e-13	2.724e-13	2.717e-13	2.728e-13	
N₃	Gas	3.996e-13	4.004e-13	4.050e-13	4.015e-13	3.787e-13	3.785e-13	3.796e-13	3.720e-13	
C₂N	Gas	7.925e-13	8.490e-13	8.671e-13	8.534e-13	7.972e-13	7.961e-13	8.004e-13	7.779e-13	
CH	Gas	4.647e-14	4.950e-14	5.000e-14	4.962e-14	4.968e-14	4.964e-14	4.977e-14	4.931e-14	
CNN	Gas	2.848e-16	2.989e-16	3.048e-16	3.003e-16	2.790e-16	2.787e-16	2.801e-16	2.722e-16	
C	Gas	1.299e-16	1.362e-16	1.377e-16	1.366e-16	1.331e-16	1.330e-16	1.334e-16	1.315e-16	
HNO₃	Gas	2.146e-18	1.945e-18	1.907e-18	1.936e-18	1.944e-18	1.946e-18	1.937e-18	1.966e-18	
C₃	Gas	1.750e-18	1.919e-18	1.964e-18	1.930e-18	1.809e-18	1.806e-18	1.817e-18	1.764e-18	
C₂	Gas	8.486e-19	9.017e-19	9.152e-19	9.050e-19	8.714e-19	8.705e-19	8.739e-19	8.577e-19	
C₄N₂	Gas	4.923e-18	6.053e-18	6.437e-18	6.147e-18	4.999e-18	4.979e-18	5.058e-18	4.662e-18	
NO₃	Gas	3.247e-22	2.848e-22	2.784e-22	2.832e-22	2.806e-22	2.810e-22	2.794e-22	2.839e-22	
O₃	Gas	1.491e-22	1.350e-22	1.325e-22	1.344e-22	1.329e-22	1.330e-22	1.324e-22	1.341e-22	
N₂O₃	Gas	6.681e-24	5.997e-24	5.921e-24	5.978e-24	5.679e-24	5.683e-24	5.665e-24	5.671e-24	
C₄	Gas	4.796e-25	5.538e-25	5.747e-25	5.589e-25	5.016e-25	5.004e-25	5.052e-25	4.822e-25	
C₅	Gas	1.540e-27	1.918e-27	2.030e-27	1.946e-27	1.639e-27	1.633e-27	1.657e-27	1.542e-27	
N₂O₄	Gas	1.039e-29	8.598e-30	8.334e-30	8.532e-30	8.358e-30	8.375e-30	8.309e-30	8.481e-30	
N₂O₅	Gas	4.691e-37	3.784e-37	3.654e-37	3.752e-37	3.622e-37	3.630e-37	3.598e-37	3.676e-37	
*C	Solid	6.596e-01	1.561e+00	1.594e+00	1.569e+00	2.465e+00	2.463e+00	2.471e+00	2.674e+00	
*H₂O	Liquid	0.000e+00								
Total	Gas	3.631e+01	3.634e+01	3.635e+01	3.634e+01	3.637e+01	3.637e+01	3.637e+01	3.632e+01	
Total	Cond.	6.596e-01	1.561e+00	1.594e+00	1.569e+00	2.465e+00	2.463e+00	2.471e+00	2.674e+00	

Table 3.24 Detonation product concentrations in mol/kg for pressed RDX compositions.

Name		RDX	COMP 22	COMP 23	COMP 24	COMP 25	COMP 26	COMP 27	COMP 28
N ₂	Gas	1.337e+01	1.348e+01	1.370e+01	1.354e+01	1.257e+01	1.256e+01	1.261e+01	1.225e+01
CO ₂	Gas	7.999e+00	7.230e+00	7.105e+00	7.199e+00	6.964e+00	6.972e+00	6.941e+00	6.994e+00
H ₂ O	Gas	7.777e+00	7.909e+00	7.802e+00	7.882e+00	8.675e+00	8.682e+00	8.653e+00	8.846e+00
CO	Gas	3.196e+00	3.250e+00	3.277e+00	3.257e+00	3.034e+00	3.032e+00	3.039e+00	2.972e+00
H ₂	Gas	2.063e+00	2.306e+00	2.320e+00	2.310e+00	2.506e+00	2.505e+00	2.509e+00	2.514e+00
CH ₄	Gas	1.588e+00	1.844e+00	1.834e+00	1.841e+00	2.256e+00	2.257e+00	2.254e+00	2.321e+00
H ₃ N	Gas	2.733e-01	2.999e-01	2.993e-01	2.997e-01	3.427e-01	3.427e-01	3.426e-01	3.484e-01
CH ₂ O ₂	Gas	1.706e-02	1.604e-02	1.558e-02	1.592e-02	1.743e-02	1.747e-02	1.734e-02	1.796e-02
C ₂ H ₆	Gas	1.613e-02	1.946e-02	1.913e-02	1.938e-02	2.682e-02	2.684e-02	2.674e-02	2.829e-02
CH ₂ O	Gas	3.337e-03	3.518e-03	3.505e-03	3.515e-03	3.717e-03	3.718e-03	3.715e-03	3.738e-03
CH ₃ OH	Gas	2.133e-03	2.278e-03	2.229e-03	2.266e-03	2.785e-03	2.789e-03	2.774e-03	2.900e-03
C ₂ H ₄	Gas	2.508e-03	2.988e-03	2.994e-03	2.990e-03	3.557e-03	3.556e-03	3.560e-03	3.622e-03
CHN	Gas	1.873e-03	2.120e-03	2.181e-03	2.135e-03	2.002e-03	1.998e-03	2.014e-03	1.932e-03
CHNO	Gas	1.287e-03	1.309e-03	1.316e-03	1.310e-03	1.263e-03	1.262e-03	1.264e-03	1.245e-03
CH ₃	Gas	2.145e-04	2.477e-04	2.488e-04	2.480e-04	2.815e-04	2.814e-04	2.818e-04	2.844e-04
C ₃ H ₈	Gas	3.281e-05	4.331e-05	4.272e-05	4.316e-05	6.397e-05	6.401e-05	6.384e-05	6.786e-05
H	Gas	1.835e-05	2.016e-05	2.041e-05	2.022e-05	2.057e-05	2.055e-05	2.062e-05	2.036e-05
C ₃ H ₆	Gas	1.848e-05	2.423e-05	2.438e-05	2.426e-05	3.075e-05	3.074e-05	3.081e-05	3.143e-05
C ₂ H ₂	Gas	1.874e-05	2.232e-05	2.285e-05	2.245e-05	2.269e-05	2.266e-05	2.280e-05	2.221e-05
CHO	Gas	1.210e-05	1.275e-05	1.284e-05	1.277e-05	1.245e-05	1.244e-05	1.247e-05	1.227e-05
H ₂ N	Gas	4.372e-06	4.761e-06	4.794e-06	4.769e-06	5.063e-06	5.061e-06	5.071e-06	5.060e-06
HO	Gas	3.054e-06	3.085e-06	3.071e-06	3.082e-06	3.147e-06	3.147e-06	3.144e-06	3.154e-06
NO	Gas	3.033e-07	2.876e-07	2.868e-07	2.874e-07	2.748e-07	2.748e-07	2.746e-07	2.726e-07
H ₄ N ₂	Gas	7.921e-08	8.568e-08	8.491e-08	8.549e-08	1.025e-07	1.026e-07	1.024e-07	1.055e-07
H ₂ N ₂	Gas	1.457e-08	1.526e-08	1.533e-08	1.528e-08	1.608e-08	1.607e-08	1.610e-08	1.608e-08
CNO	Gas	8.093e-09	7.822e-09	7.843e-09	7.828e-09	7.315e-09	7.313e-09	7.320e-09	7.202e-09
C ₂ N ₂	Gas	1.476e-08	1.670e-08	1.752e-08	1.690e-08	1.387e-08	1.382e-08	1.400e-08	1.294e-08
C ₃ O ₂	Gas	8.367e-09	8.961e-09	9.225e-09	9.026e-09	7.303e-09	7.289e-09	7.347e-09	6.880e-09
H ₂ O ₂	Gas	1.637e-09	1.508e-09	1.457e-09	1.495e-09	1.676e-09	1.680e-09	1.665e-09	1.740e-09
CH ₂	Gas	2.544e-09	2.893e-09	2.925e-09	2.901e-09	3.083e-09	3.081e-09	3.090e-09	3.071e-09
HNO	Gas	1.624e-09	1.609e-09	1.606e-09	1.608e-09	1.596e-09	1.596e-09	1.596e-09	1.589e-09
C ₂ H ₄ O	Gas	1.855e-09	2.162e-09	2.167e-09	2.164e-09	2.425e-09	2.424e-09	2.427e-09	2.443e-09
CN	Gas	9.670e-10	1.047e-09	1.076e-09	1.054e-09	9.528e-10	9.511e-10	9.580e-10	9.163e-10
N ₂ O	Gas	5.450e-10	5.144e-10	5.164e-10	5.149e-10	4.713e-10	4.711e-10	4.717e-10	4.621e-10
HN	Gas	3.272e-10	3.539e-10	3.596e-10	3.553e-10	3.500e-10	3.496e-10	3.511e-10	3.437e-10
O ₂	Gas	9.604e-11	8.454e-11	8.245e-11	8.401e-11	8.377e-11	8.390e-11	8.337e-11	8.500e-11
C ₂ H	Gas	1.515e-10	1.779e-10	1.835e-10	1.793e-10	1.694e-10	1.691e-10	1.705e-10	1.634e-10
O	Gas	5.359e-11	5.196e-11	5.172e-11	5.190e-11	5.091e-11	5.092e-11	5.086e-11	5.078e-11
C ₂ O	Gas	1.969e-11	2.158e-11	2.222e-11	2.174e-11	1.870e-11	1.866e-11	1.881e-11	1.780e-11
HO ₂	Gas	4.460e-12	4.099e-12	4.001e-12	4.074e-12	4.220e-12	4.226e-12	4.201e-12	4.299e-12
N	Gas	5.798e-12	6.023e-12	6.120e-12	6.047e-12	5.719e-12	5.713e-12	5.737e-12	5.589e-12
HNO ₂	Gas	3.345e-12	3.070e-12	3.020e-12	3.058e-12	3.022e-12	3.025e-12	3.013e-12	3.038e-12
NO ₂ H	Gas	1.680e-12	1.575e-12	1.558e-12	1.571e-12	1.519e-12	1.520e-12	1.516e-12	1.516e-12
CN ₂	Gas	1.893e-12	1.991e-12	2.047e-12	2.005e-12	1.778e-12	1.775e-12	1.788e-12	1.705e-12
NO ₂	Gas	2.998e-13	2.589e-13	2.533e-13	2.575e-13	2.494e-13	2.498e-13	2.484e-13	2.515e-13
N ₃	Gas	3.996e-13	4.012e-13	4.104e-13	4.035e-13	3.586e-13	3.581e-13	3.603e-13	3.454e-13
C ₂ N	Gas	7.925e-13	9.069e-13	9.465e-13	9.167e-13	7.806e-13	7.784e-13	7.872e-13	7.351e-13
CH	Gas	4.647e-14	5.260e-14	5.369e-14	5.287e-14	5.202e-14	5.195e-14	5.223e-14	5.089e-14
CNN	Gas	2.848e-16	3.130e-16	3.256e-16	3.161e-16	2.682e-16	2.675e-16	2.703e-16	2.531e-16
C	Gas	1.299e-16	1.425e-16	1.458e-16	1.433e-16	1.341e-16	1.339e-16	1.348e-16	1.301e-16
HNO ₃	Gas	2.146e-18	1.761e-18	1.690e-18	1.743e-18	1.779e-18	1.783e-18	1.765e-18	1.830e-18
C ₃	Gas	1.750e-18	2.097e-18	2.199e-18	2.122e-18	1.804e-18	1.798e-18	1.821e-18	1.692e-18

C₂	Gas	8.486e-19	9.557e-19	9.852e-19	9.630e-19	8.747e-19	8.729e-19	8.799e-19	8.399e-19
C₄N₂	Gas	4.923e-18	7.379e-18	8.357e-18	7.612e-18	4.666e-18	4.628e-18	4.783e-18	3.919e-18
NO₃	Gas	3.247e-22	2.499e-22	2.384e-22	2.470e-22	2.478e-22	2.485e-22	2.455e-22	2.558e-22
O₃	Gas	1.491e-22	1.222e-22	1.176e-2	1.210e-22	1.195e-22	1.198e-22	1.187e-22	1.223e-22
N₂O₃	Gas	6.681e-24	5.380e-24	5.236e-24	5.344e-24	4.880e-24	4.888e-24	4.856e-24	4.889e-24
C₄	Gas	4.796e-25	6.356e-25	6.852e-25	6.477e-25	4.954e-25	4.930e-25	5.029e-25	4.474e-25
C₅	Gas	1.540e-27	2.367e-27	2.658e-27	2.437e-27	1.598e-27	1.586e-27	1.635e-27	1.365e-27
N₂O₄	Gas	1.039e-29	7.122e-30	6.675e-30	7.008e-30	6.945e-30	6.973e-30	6.859e-30	7.249e-30
N₂O₅	Gas	4.691e-37	3.054e-37	2.839e-37	2.999e-37	2.886e-37	2.899e-37	2.846e-37	3.014e-37
*C	Solid	6.596e-01	2.453e+00	2.519e+00	2.470e+00	4.248e+00	4.244e+00	4.259e+00	4.670e+00
*H₂O	Liquid	0.000e+00							
Total	Gas	3.631e+01	3.637e+01	3.639e+01	3.638e+01	3.640e+01	3.640e+01	3.641e+01	3.630e+01
Total	Cond.	6.596e-01	2.453e+00	2.519e+00	2.470e+00	4.248e+00	4.244e+00	4.259e+00	4.670e+00

Table 3.25 Detonation products concentrations in mol/kg for pressed RDX compositions.

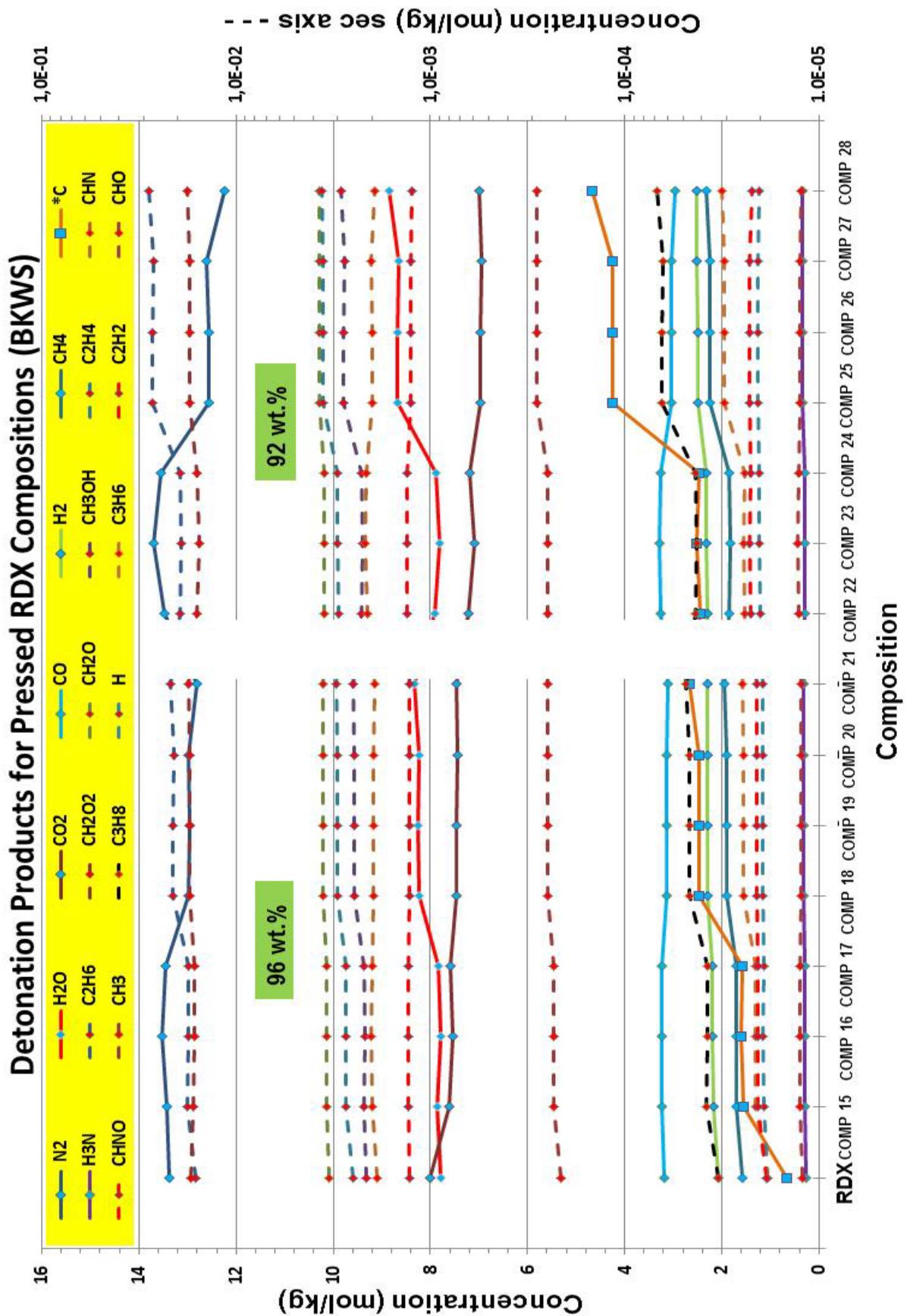


Figure 3.10 Detonation products and concentrations for some pressed RDX compositions.

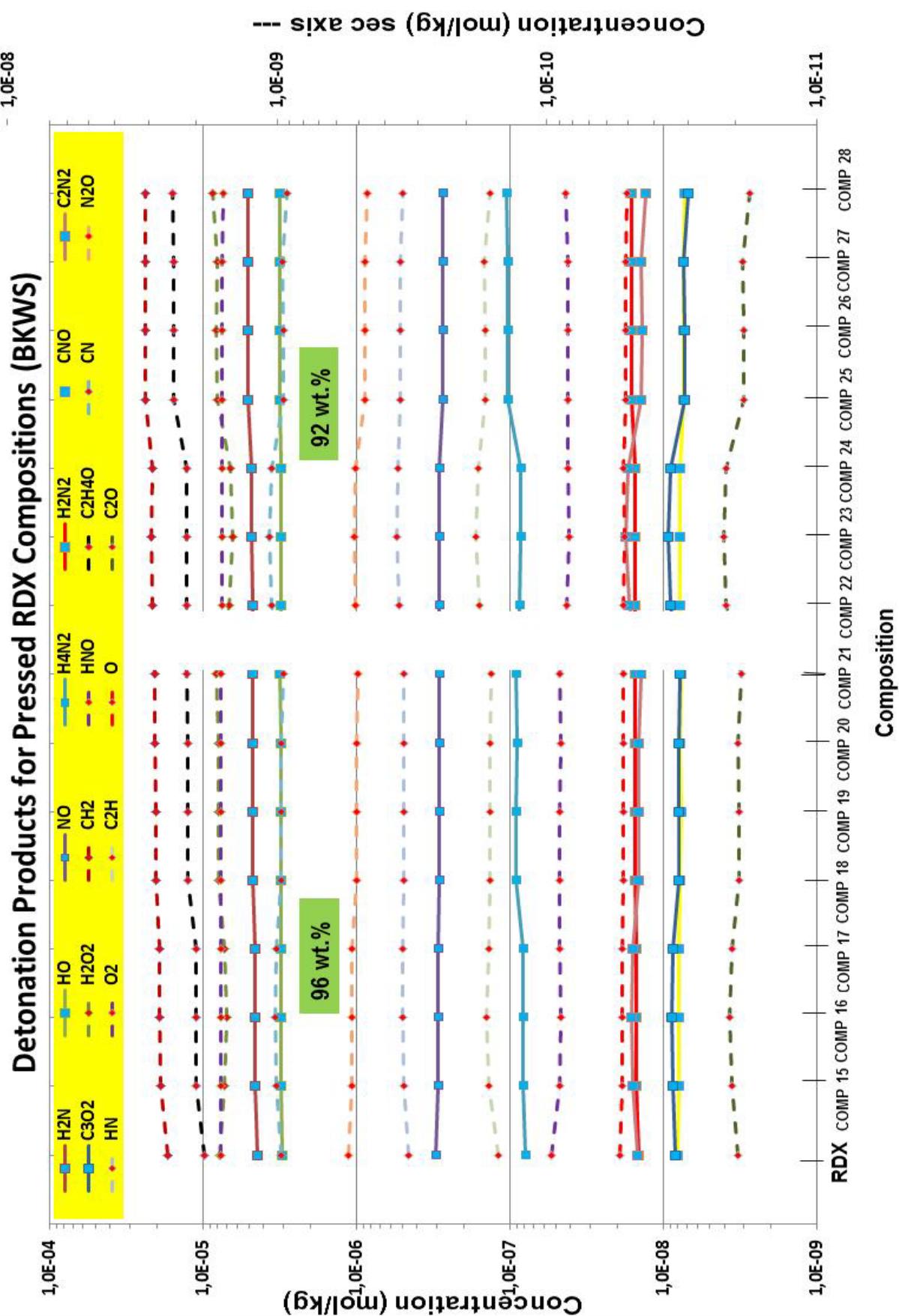


Figure 3.11 Detonation products and concentrations for some pressed RDX compositions.

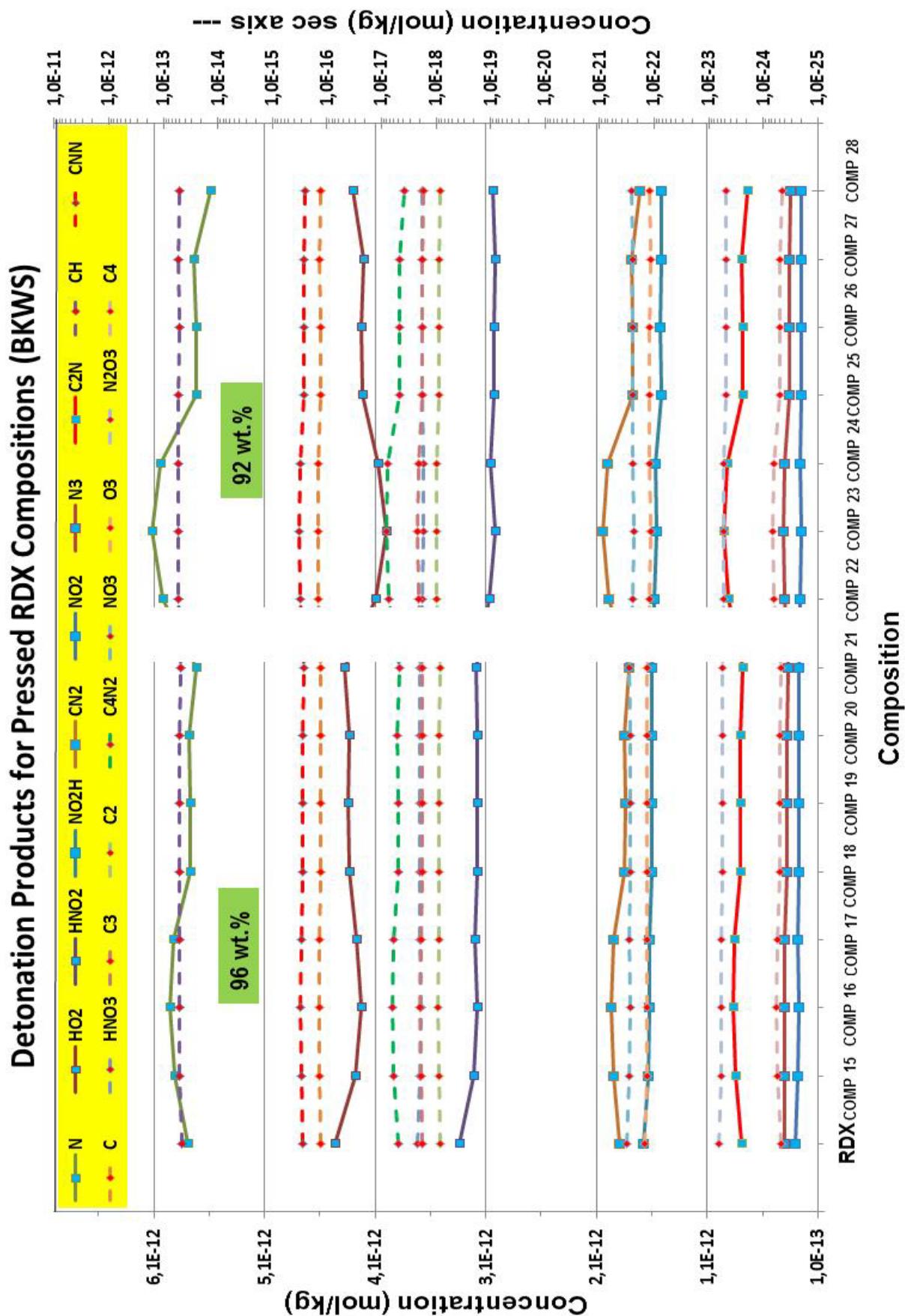


Figure 3.12 Detonation products and concentrations for some pressed RDX compositions.

3.2.2.3 Cast-cure compositions

Table 3.13 gives the content of the cast-cure compositions containing HMX and Table 3.26 gives the obtained concentrations of the detonation products at 1 atm and 298 K. The variation in the main detonation products concentrations depends on the binder. Composition 29 with HTPB binder has a concentration of solid C of 8.69 mol/kg compared to only 1.40 mol/kg for HMX. In addition the concentration of N₂ gas is significantly lower. Figure 3.13 shows a plot of the concentrations for major detonation products for cast-cure HMX compositions, while Figure 3.14 shows plot of the concentrations for minor detonation products. Composition 29 (PBXN-110) with inert binder and Comp 33 containing only energetic binder, are the two compositions having the largest differences in the concentrations of N₂ gas, CO₂ gas, H₂O gas and solid C.

Table 3.14 gives the content of the RDX cast-cure compositions. Table 3.26 gives the obtained concentrations of the detonation products at 1 atm and 298 K. Compared with the product concentrations obtained for the pressed compositions. The variation in main detonation product concentrations are as for HMX based compositions and dependent on the binder. Composition 34 with HTPB binder has a concentration of solid C of 8.09 (8.69) mol/kg compared to only 0.6 (1.4) mol/kg for RDX. Composition 34 (PBXN-110 with HMX replaced with RDX) with inert binder and Comp 38 containing only energetic binder are the two compositions with the largest differences in the concentration of N₂ gas, CO₂ gas, H₂O gas and solid C.

Comparing compositions with HMX and RDX, the three products, H₂O gas, solid C and CO gas, have different concentrations. For the remaining detonation products the concentrations are the same.

Name		COMP 29	COMP 30	COMP 31	COMP 32	COMP 33	COMP 34	COMP 35	COMP 36	COMP 37	COMP38
N ₂	Gas	1.158e+01	1.177e+01	1.235e+01	1.248e+01	1.341e+01	1.159e+01	1.179e+01	1.236e+01	1.250e+01	1.342e+01
CO ₂	Gas	6.184e+00	6.849e+00	6.621e+00	6.547e+00	6.863e+00	6.060e+00	6.681e+00	6.477e+00	6.402e+00	6.676e+00
H ₂ O	Gas	9.690e+00	9.352e+00	9.308e+00	9.234e+00	8.430e+00	9.276e+00	8.948e+00	8.906e+00	8.832e+00	8.049e+00
CO	Gas	2.241e+00	2.609e+00	2.253e+00	2.269e+00	2.468e+00	2.908e+00	3.354e+00	2.949e+00	2.966e+00	3.225e+00
H ₂	Gas	2.571e+00	2.500e+00	2.345e+00	2.358e+00	2.174e+00	2.928e+00	2.844e+00	2.686e+00	2.699e+00	2.496e+00
CH ₄	Gas	2.907e+00	2.543e+00	2.492e+00	2.487e+00	2.027e+00	2.966e+00	2.598e+00	2.550e+00	2.545e+00	2.079e+00
H ₃ N	Gas	4.330e-01	3.813e-01	4.021e-01	4.021e-01	3.502e-01	4.005e-01	3.535e-01	3.717e-01	3.716e-01	3.238e-01
CH ₂ O	Gas	1.957e-02	1.942e-02	1.967e-02	1.931e-02	1.785e-02	1.712e-02	1.694e-02	1.713e-02	1.682e-02	1.545e-02
C ₂ H ₆	Gas	4.340e-02	3.415e-02	3.497e-02	3.466e-02	2.496e-02	3.967e-02	3.134e-02	3.197e-02	3.169e-02	2.287e-02
CH ₂ O	Gas	3.512e-03	3.646e-03	3.319e-03	3.317e-03	3.172e-03	4.016e-03	4.138e-03	3.817e-03	3.811e-03	3.638e-03
CH ₃ O	Gas	3.722e-03	3.300e-03	3.343e-03	3.301e-03	2.699e-03	3.364e-03	2.981e-03	3.017e-03	2.978e-03	2.429e-03
C ₂ H ₄	Gas	4.053e-03	3.742e-03	3.435e-03	3.447e-03	2.906e-03	4.708e-03	4.332e-03	4.019e-03	4.031e-03	3.408e-03
CHN	Gas	1.461e-03	1.645e-03	1.399e-03	1.430e-03	1.540e-03	2.120e-03	2.355e-03	2.059e-03	2.100e-03	2.264e-03
CHN	Gas	1.059e-03	1.156e-03	1.075e-03	1.080e-03	1.135e-03	1.218e-03	1.317e-03	1.243e-03	1.248e-03	1.307e-03
CH ₃	Gas	3.031e-04	2.877e-04	2.663e-04	2.676e-04	2.362e-04	3.501e-04	3.316e-04	3.098e-04	3.111e-04	2.754e-04
C ₃ H ₈	Gas	1.035e-04	8.082e-05	7.645e-05	7.607e-05	5.154e-05	1.084e-04	8.427e-05	8.063e-05	8.017e-05	5.435e-05
H	Gas	1.860e-05	1.918e-05	1.749e-05	1.765e-05	1.737e-05	2.265e-05	2.331e-05	2.146e-05	2.164e-05	5.435e-05
C ₃ H ₆	Gas	3.428e-05	3.170e-05	2.656e-05	2.679e-05	2.138e-05	4.672e-05	4.265e-05	3.675e-05	3.700e-05	2.957e-05
C ₂ H ₂	Gas	1.731e-05	1.916e-05	1.534e-05	1.563e-05	1.564e-05	2.698e-05	2.948e-05	2.432e-05	2.473e-05	2.484e-05
CHO	Gas	9.618e-06	1.094e-05	9.294e-06	9.360e-06	9.754e-06	1.275e-05	1.432e-05	1.245e-05	1.252e-05	1.303e-05
H ₂ N	Gas	5.402e-06	5.138e-06	5.148e-06	5.178e-06	4.872e-06	5.594e-06	5.316e-06	5.346e-06	5.375e-06	5.061e-06
HO	Gas	2.958e-06	3.088e-06	2.915e-06	2.909e-06	2.872e-06	3.182e-06	3.309e-06	3.145e-06	3.137e-06	3.092e-06

NO	Gas	2.575e-07	2.690e-07	2.760e-07	2.756e-07	2.895e-07	2.459e-07	2.565e-07	2.629e-07	2.625e-07	2.750e-07
H₄N₂	Gas	1.564e-07	1.258e-07	1.476e-07	1.469e-07	1.216e-07	1.201e-07	9.701e-08	1.125e-07	1.121e-07	9.247e-08
H₂N₂	Gas	1.885e-08	1.713e-08	1.889e-08	1.896e-08	1.793e-08	1.673e-08	1.522e-08	1.671e-08	1.678e-08	1.584e-08
CNO	Gas	6.239e-09	6.793e-09	6.632e-09	6.647e-09	7.169e-09	6.574e-09	7.124e-09	6.995e-09	7.009e-09	7.540e-09
C₂N₂	Gas	7.583e-09	9.670e-09	7.668e-09	7.942e-09	9.851e-09	1.325e-08	1.651e-08	1.367e-08	1.413e-08	1.751e-08
C₃O₂	Gas	3.039e-09	4.672e-09	3.005e-09	3.080e-09	3.978e-09	6.708e-09	9.921e-09	6.823e-09	6.964e-09	8.939e-09
H₂O₂	Gas	2.072e-09	1.971e-09	2.100e-09	2.054e-09	1.849e-09	1.638e-09	1.559e-09	1.648e-09	1.612e-09	1.441e-09
CH₂	Gas	2.906e-09	2.934e-09	2.631e-09	2.654e-09	2.506e-09	3.615e-09	3.636e-09	3.302e-09	3.329e-09	3.154e-09
HNO	Gas	1.514e-09	1.566e-09	1.554e-09	1.555e-09	1.579e-09	1.529e-09	1.573e-09	1.571e-09	1.570e-09	1.589e-09
C₂H₄	Gas	2.192e-09	2.301e-09	1.889e-09	1.900e-09	1.730e-09	3.012e-09	3.106e-09	2.633e-09	2.643e-09	2.399e-09
CN	Gas	6.876e-10	7.815e-10	6.875e-10	7.013e-10	7.812e-10	9.417e-10	1.061e-09	9.520e-10	9.700e-10	1.083e-09
N₂O	Gas	4.183e-10	4.449e-10	4.637e-10	4.653e-10	5.118e-10	4.018e-10	4.249e-10	4.447e-10	4.460e-10	4.878e-10
HN	Gas	3.142e-10	3.233e-10	3.071e-10	3.109e-10	3.162e-10	3.656e-10	3.746e-10	3.597e-10	3.638e-10	3.705e-10
O₂	Gas	8.440e-11	8.844e-11	9.145e-11	8.992e-11	9.101e-11	7.239e-11	7.589e-11	7.793e-11	7.664e-11	7.716e-11
C₂H	Gas	1.122e-10	1.326e-10	1.024e-10	1.048e-10	1.124e-10	1.900e-10	2.211e-10	1.766e-10	1.805e-10	1.944e-10
O	Gas	4.672e-11	4.951e-11	4.801e-11	4.787e-11	4.904e-11	4.810e-11	5.095e-11	4.945e-11	4.929e-11	5.048e-11
C₂O	Gas	9.855e-12	1.328e-11	9.565e-12	9.787e-12	1.168e-11	1.835e-11	2.413e-11	1.821e-11	1.858e-11	2.216e-11
HO₂	Gas	4.317e-12	4.474e-12	4.481e-12	4.413e-12	4.314e-12	3.905e-12	4.033e-12	4.040e-12	3.977e-12	3.863e-12
N	Gas	5.001e-12	5.228e-12	5.098e-12	5.154e-12	5.445e-12	5.584e-12	5.833e-12	5.713e-12	5.775e-12	6.113e-12
HNO₂	Gas	2.883e-12	3.063e-12	3.090e-12	3.060e-12	3.145e-12	2.667e-12	2.809e-12	2.853e-12	2.823e-12	2.876e-12
NO₂H	Gas	1.322e-12	1.461e-12	1.403e-12	1.396e-12	1.471e-12	1.351e-12	1.473e-12	1.436e-12	1.426e-12	1.489e-12
CN₂	Gas	1.350e-12	1.493e-12	1.413e-12	1.441e-12	1.632e-12	1.660e-12	1.821e-12	1.750e-12	1.783e-12	2.020e-12
NO₂	Gas	2.531e-13	2.630e-13	2.856e-13	2.814e-13	2.932e-13	2.043e-13	2.121e-13	2.286e-13	2.253e-13	2.329e-13
N₃	Gas	3.126e-13	3.238e-13	3.449e-13	3.505e-13	3.942e-13	3.151e-13	3.249e-13	3.478e-13	3.533e-13	3.962e-13
C₂N	Gas	4.385e-13	5.556e-13	4.274e-13	4.410e-13	5.265e-13	7.846e-13	9.745e-13	7.807e-13	8.038e-13	9.614e-13
CH	Gas	4.088e-14	4.482e-14	3.792e-14	3.852e-14	3.941e-14	5.772e-14	6.280e-14	5.424e-14	5.502e-14	5.652e-14
CNN	Gas	1.686e-16	2.022e-16	1.727e-16	1.778e-16	2.122e-16	2.542e-16	2.997e-16	2.644e-16	2.717e-16	3.239e-16
C	Gas	9.866e-17	1.118e-16	9.501e-17	9.660e-17	1.038e-16	1.396e-16	1.572e-16	1.360e-16	1.381e-16	1.491e-16
HNO₃	Gas	1.993e-18	2.034e-18	2.269e-18	2.209e-18	2.202e-18	1.428e-18	1.451e-18	1.607e-18	1.565e-18	1.538e-18
C₃	Gas	8.850e-19	1.196e-18	8.184e-19	8.476e-19	1.018e-18	1.926e-18	2.543e-18	1.830e-18	1.890e-18	2.282e-18
C₂	Gas	5.676e-19	6.795e-19	5.402e-19	5.523e-19	6.143e-19	9.162e-19	1.085e-18	8.864e-19	9.049e-19	1.012e-18
C₄N₂	Gas	7.383e-19	1.608e-18	6.537e-19	7.183e-19	1.254e-18	4.891e-18	9.831e-18	4.646e-18	5.061e-18	8.800e-18
NO₃	Gas	2.989e-22	2.968e-22	3.587e-22	3.473e-22	3.497e-22	1.845e-22	1.838e-22	2.173e-22	2.106e-22	2.094e-22
O₃	Gas	1.186e-22	1.288e-22	1.339e-22	1.305e-22	1.345e-22	9.531e-23	1.031e-22	1.067e-22	1.040e-22	1.060e-22
N₂O₃	Gas	4.494e-24	4.986e-24	5.447e-24	5.355e-24	5.991e-24	3.521e-24	3.864e-24	4.230e-24	4.156e-24	4.576e-24
C₄	Gas	1.552e-25	2.547e-25	1.369e-25	1.448e-25	1.969e-25	5.466e-25	8.582e-25	5.043e-25	5.309e-25	7.245e-25
C₅	Gas	2.603e-28	5.664e-28	2.140e-28	2.335e-28	3.802e-28	1.852e-27	3.741e-27	1.635e-27	1.770e-27	2.888e-27
N₂O₄	Gas	9.281e-30	9.031e-30	1.223e-29	1.170e-29	1.198e-29	4.482e-30	4.374e-30	5.748e-30	5.505e-30	5.524e-30
N₂O₅	Gas	3.482e-37	3.644e-37	4.735e-37	4.509e-37	4.812e-37	1.730e-37	1.801e-37	2.293e-37	2.184e-37	2.273e-37
*C	Solid	8.687e+00	6.039e+00	6.488e+00	6.524e+00	4.704e+00	8.092e+00	5.412e+00	5.884e+00	5.920e+00	4.084e+00
*H₂O	Liquid	0.000e+00									
Total	Gas	3.568e+01	3.607e+01	3.584e+01	3.585e+01	3.578e+01	3.620e+01	3.663e+01	3.637e+01	3.638e+01	3.632e+01
Total	Cond	8.687e+00	6.039e+00	6.488e+00	6.524e+00	4.704e+00	8.092e+00	5.412e+00	5.884e+00	5.920e+00	4.084e+00

Table 3.26 Detonation products concentrations in mol/kg for cast-cure compositions.

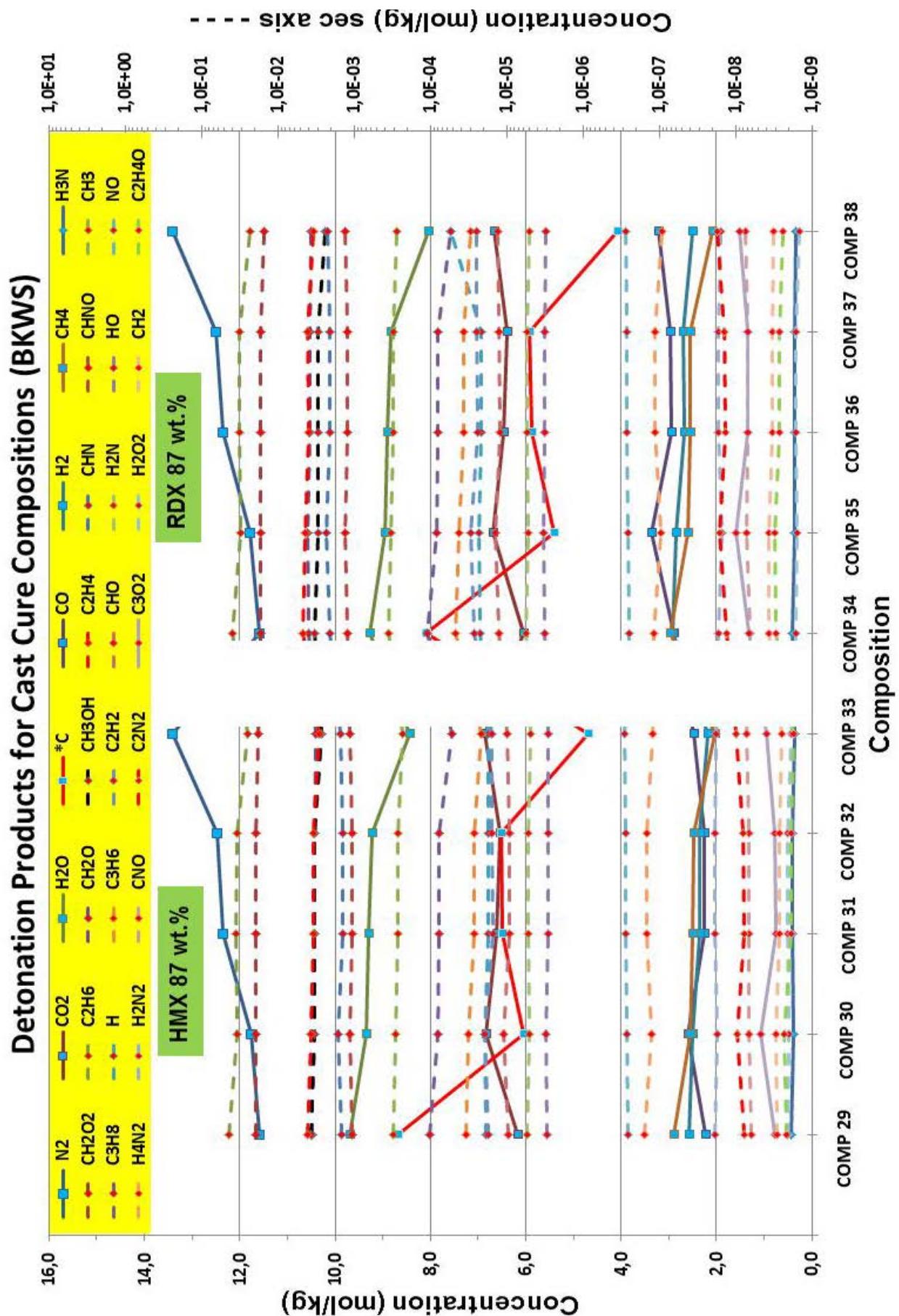


Figure 3.13 Main detonation products and concentrations for cast-cure compositions.

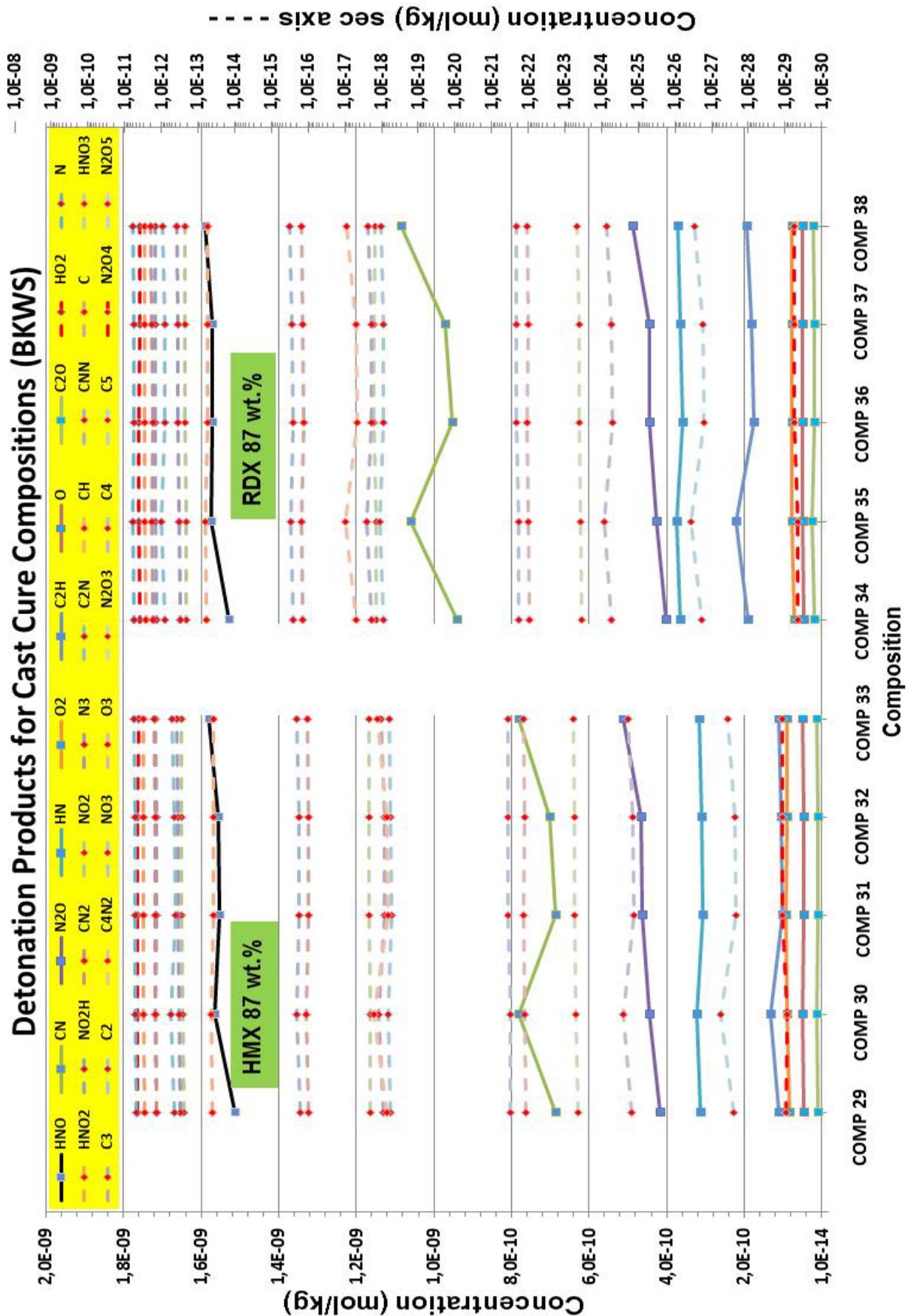


Figure 3.14 Minor detonation products and concentrations for cast-cure compositions.

4 Summary

Cheetah calculations with both BKWC and BKWS product libraries at standard conditions have been performed to study what effect energetic binder/binder system has on performance on different type of compositions.

Two classes of pressed compositions, one with filler content 96 wt.% RDX or HMX and one with 92 wt.% RDX or HMX have been studied. Compositions to be replaced are PBXW-11 and PBXN-9 with respectively 96 and 92 wt.% HMX. Both compositions have an inert binder system of HYTEMP and DOA ratio 1/3. The energetic binder we want to study is GA/BAMO with different ratios. Calculations have been performed with both GAP and BAMO and a mixture of these two. In addition the same calculations with inert plasticizer have been performed.

Detonation pressure and velocity for compositions with GAP, BAMO or GA/BAMO are both equal for these compositions. The ratio between GAP/BAMO has only minor effect on both detonation velocity and pressure. Changes occurred when an inert plasticizer was introduced. For the 96 wt.% HMX compositions the detonation pressure dropped ~2 GPa and for the 92 wt.% HMX compositions 3 GPa with the BKWS and 4 GPa with the BKWC product library with inert plasticizer. The detonation velocity dropped 100-200 m/s and 300 and 400 m/s for the respective compositions and conditions. For compositions with RDX filler the drop in detonation velocity and pressure show the same trend and size as for equivalent HMX compositions.

A composition with 92 wt.% HMX and energetic binder/plasticizer has equal or better performance than PBXW-11 (96 wt.% HMX, inert binder). Use of energetic binder in combination with inert plasticizer has only small influence on detonation velocity and pressure for 96 wt.% compositions, while for the 92 wt.% compositions it increases the detonation pressure by 1 GPa and the detonation velocity by +100 m/s. This trend is the same independent of filler.

For cast-cure compositions with 87 wt.% HMX or RDX the effect of changing to an energetic binder for PBXN-110 give larger differences. The detonation pressure increases with 7.32 GPa (BKWC) and 4.94 GPa (BKWS) for HMX and slightly less (6.48/4.39) with RDX. The detonation velocity increases by 820 m/s (BKWC) and 508 m/s (BKWS) for HMX and 784/468 m/s for RDX. Compositions with energetic binder and inert plasticizer (DOA) have properties between PBXN-110 and compositions containing an energetic binder system.

Detonation products for all study compositions at 298 K and 1 atm have been determined with both the BKWC and the BKWS product libraries. BKWC and BKWS take into consideration respectively 17 and 63 products. For the main product concentrations both for RDX and HMX the largest difference between BKWC and BKWS results is observed in the content of water, CO₂ and CO. BKWC gives 50% higher concentrations of water and CO and 50 % lower concentrations of CO₂ (gas) than BKWS. The concentration of C(solid) increases with lower content of filler (RDX/HMX) (87>92>96) with both product libraries.

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- (3) Ugo Barbieri, Thomas Keicher, Roberto Massimi, Giovanni Polacco: Preliminary Characterization of Propellants Based on p(GA/BAMO) and pAMMO Binders, 39th International Annual Conference of ICT 2008, p-130.
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- (5) Laurence E. Fried, W. Michael Howard, P. Clark Souers: Cheetah 2.0 User’s Manual, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, UCRL-MA-117541 Rev.5, August 20, 1998.
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Appendix Cheetah summary printout 96 wt. % HMX

A.1 HMX

A.1.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library
Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
HMX	100.00	100.00	100.00	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Product library title: bkws library
Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
HMX	100.00	100.00	100.00	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Density = 1.9050 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.9050 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	38.12 GPa
The volume	=	0.406 cc/g
The density	=	2.460 g/cc
The energy	=	4.30 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4059 K
The shock velocity	=	9.415 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.125 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	7.290 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.430

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.38					
2.20	-7.79	161	123	104	86	179
4.10	-9.26	159	120	104	88	168
6.50	-9.82	158	118	104	88	161
10.00	-10.18	156	117	104	89	155
20.00	-10.59	154	116	104	89	148
40.00	-10.87	152	114	104	89	141
80.00	-11.08	150	113	103	90	135
160.00	-11.25					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.095
The mechanical energy of detonation = -11.353 kJ/cc
The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc
The total energy of detonation = -11.353 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -11.682 kJ/cc
A = 1608.58 GPa, B = 14.83 GPa, C = 1.84 GPa
R[1] = 5.11 R[2] = 1.15, omega = 0.44
RMS fitting error = 1.15 %

A.1.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
HMX	100.00	100.00	100.00	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
HMX	100.00	100.00	100.00	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Density = 1.9050 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.9050 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	39.37 GPa
The volume	=	0.400 cc/g
The density	=	2.503 g/cc
The energy	=	4.70 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4113 K
The shock velocity	=	9.301 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.222 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	7.079 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.186

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.41					
2.20	-7.59	157	120	102	84	174
4.10	-9.00	155	117	102	85	163
6.50	-9.56	153	115	101	86	156
10.00	-9.91	152	114	101	86	151
20.00	-10.32	150	113	101	87	144
40.00	-10.61	148	112	101	87	137
80.00	-10.83	147	111	101	88	131
160.00	-11.00					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.085

The mechanical energy of detonation = -11.112 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -11.112 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0	=	-11.532 kJ/cc						
A	=	1225.94 GPa, B	=	12.46 GPa, C	=	1.55 GPa		
R[1]	=	4.77,	R[2]	=	1.08,	omega	=	0.39
RMS fitting error = 1.01 %								

A.2 COMP 1

A.2.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library
Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
GAP	4.00	11.07	5.78	33939	99.09	1.29	C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
HMX	96.00	88.93	94.22	17866	296.17	1.91	C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
GAP	4.00	11.07	5.78	33939	99.09	1.29	C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
HMX	96.00	88.93	94.22	17866	296.17	1.91	C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Density = 1.8696 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.8696 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	36.36 GPa
The volume	=	0.413 cc/g
The density	=	2.423 g/cc
The energy	=	4.15 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4013 K
The shock velocity	=	9.227 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.108 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	7.119 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.378

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.33					
2.20	-7.46	154	117	100	82	171
4.10	-8.88	153	115	100	84	161
6.50	-9.44	152	114	100	85	155
10.00	-9.80	150	113	100	85	149
20.00	-10.20	148	111	100	86	142
40.00	-10.48	147	110	100	86	136
80.00	-10.70	145	110	100	87	130
160.00	-10.87					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.093

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.992 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.992 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -11.397 kJ/cc
A = 1392.07 GPa, B = 13.06 GPa, C = 1.51 GPa
R[1] = 4.97, R[2] = 1.08, omega = 0.39
RMS fitting error = 1.33 %

A.2.2 Product library BKWC

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	4.00	11.07	5.78	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
HMX	96.00	88.93	94.22	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	4.00	11.07	5.78	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
HMX	96.00	88.93	94.22	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Density = 1.8696 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.8696 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	37.18 GPa
The volume	=	0.406 cc/g
The density	=	2.464 g/cc
The energy	=	4.49 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4075 K
The shock velocity	=	9.080 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.190 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.889 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.145

Cylinder runs:

V/V ₀ (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.34					
2.20	-7.23	149	114	97	80	166
4.10	-8.61	148	112	97	82	156
6.50	-9.16	147	110	97	82	150
10.00	-9.51	146	109	97	83	145
20.00	-9.92	144	108	97	84	138
40.00	-10.22	143	108	97	84	132
80.00	-10.44	142	107	97	85	127
160.00	-10.61					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.104

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.752 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.752 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E₀ = -11.098 kJ/cc
A = 1113.04 GPa, B = 11.76 GPa, C = 1.78 GPa
R[1] = 4.75, R[2] = 1.12, omega = 0.42
RMS fitting error = 0.74 %

A.3 COMP 2

A.3.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	4.00	6.84	5.75	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
HMX	96.00	93.16	94.25	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	4.00	6.84	5.75	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
HMX	96.00	93.16	94.25	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Density = 1.8702 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.8702 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	36.40 GPa
The volume	=	0.413 cc/g
The density	=	2.424 g/cc
The energy	=	4.16 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4021 K
The shock velocity	=	9.230 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.109 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	7.121 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.377

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.33					
2.20	-7.47	154	118	100	83	171
4.10	-8.90	153	115	100	84	161
6.50	-9.45	152	114	100	85	155
10.00	-9.81	150	113	100	85	150
20.00	-10.21	149	111	100	86	142
40.00	-10.50	147	111	100	86	136
80.00	-10.71	145	110	100	87	130
160.00	-10.88					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.098

The mechanical energy of detonation = -11.007 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -11.007 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0	=	-11.335 kJ/cc
A	=	1439.27 GPa, B = 13.81 GPa, C = 1.80 GPa
R[1]	=	5.05, R[2] = 1.14, omega = 0.43
RMS fitting error	=	1.09 %

A.3.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
BAMO	4.00	6.84	5.75	100382	168.16	1.30	C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
HMX	96.00	93.16	94.25	17866	296.17	1.91	C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
BAMO	4.00	6.84	5.75	100382	168.16	1.30	C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
HMX	96.00	93.16	94.25	17866	296.17	1.91	C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Density = 1.8702 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.8702 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	37.28 GPa
The volume	=	0.406 cc/g
The density	=	2.465 g/cc
The energy	=	4.50 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4080 K
The shock velocity	=	9.088 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.194 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.894 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.143

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.34					
2.20	-7.25	149	114	97	80	166
4.10	-8.63	148	112	97	82	156
6.50	-9.18	147	111	97	82	150
10.00	-9.53	146	110	97	83	145
20.00	-9.94	145	109	98	84	139
40.00	-10.23	143	108	98	84	132
80.00	-10.46	142	107	98	85	127
160.00	-10.63					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.107

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.770 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.770 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -11.117 kJ/cc

A = 1113.31 GPa, B = 11.78 GPa, C = 1.78 GPa

R[1] = 4.75, R[2] = 1.12, omega = 0.42

RMS fitting error = 0.74 %

A.4 COMP 3

A.4.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	1.00	1.65	1.44	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
GAP	3.00	8.40	4.34	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
HMX	96.00	89.95	94.22	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	1.00	1.65	1.44	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
GAP	3.00	8.40	4.34	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
HMX	96.00	89.95	94.22	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Density = 1.8697 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.8697 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	36.37 GPa
The volume	=	0.413 cc/g
The density	=	2.423 g/cc
The energy	=	4.15 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4015 K
The shock velocity	=	9.228 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.108 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	7.120 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.377

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.33					
2.20	-7.46	154	118	100	82	171
4.10	-8.89	153	115	100	84	161
6.50	-9.44	152	114	100	85	155
10.00	-9.80	150	113	100	85	149
20.00	-10.20	149	111	100	86	142
40.00	-10.49	147	110	100	86	136
80.00	-10.70	145	110	100	87	130
160.00	-10.87					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.094

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.996 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.996 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0	=	-11.323 kJ/cc				
A	=	1441.15 GPa, B	=	13.83 GPa, C	=	1.80 GPa
R[1]	=	5.05,	R[2] =	1.14,	omega =	0.43
RMS fitting error	=	1.09 %				

A.4.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
GAP	3.00	8.40	4.34	33939	99.09	1.29	C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	1.00	1.65	1.44	100382	168.16	1.30	C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
HMX	96.00	89.95	94.22	17866	296.17	1.91	C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
GAP	3.00	8.40	4.34	33939	99.09	1.29	C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	1.00	1.65	1.44	100382	168.16	1.30	C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
HMX	96.00	89.95	94.22	17866	296.17	1.91	C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Density = 1.8697 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.8697 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	37.21 GPa
The volume	=	0.406 cc/g
The density	=	2.464 g/cc
The energy	=	4.49 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4076 K
The shock velocity	=	9.082 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.191 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.890 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.144

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.34					
2.20	-7.23	149	114	97	80	166
4.10	-8.61	148	112	97	82	156
6.50	-9.16	147	110	97	82	150
10.00	-9.52	146	110	97	83	145
20.00	-9.93	145	108	97	84	138
40.00	-10.22	143	108	98	84	132
80.00	-10.44	142	107	98	85	127
160.00	-10.62					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.105

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.756 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.757 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -11.103 kJ/cc
A = 1113.02 GPa, B = 11.76 GPa, C = 1.78 GPa
R[1] = 4.75, R[2] = 1.12, omega = 0.42
RMS fitting error = 0.74 %

A.5 COMP 4

A.5.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
GAP	0.75	2.22	1.07	33939	99.09	1.29	C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	0.25	0.44	0.35	100382	168.16	1.30	C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
DOA	3.00	2.37	5.96	-290392	370.56	0.93	C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
HMX	96.00	94.97	92.62	17866	296.17	1.91	C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
GAP	0.75	2.22	1.07	33939	99.09	1.29	C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	0.25	0.44	0.35	100382	168.16	1.30	C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
DOA	3.00	2.37	5.96	-290392	370.56	0.93	C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
HMX	96.00	94.97	92.62	17866	296.17	1.91	C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Density = 1.8379 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.8379 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	34.77 GPa
The volume	=	0.419 cc/g
The density	=	2.385 g/cc
The energy	=	3.99 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3918 K
The shock velocity	=	9.079 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.084 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.995 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.357

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.27					
2.20	-7.14	147	112	96	79	164
4.10	-8.52	147	110	96	81	154
6.50	-9.06	145	109	96	81	148
10.00	-9.41	144	108	96	82	143
20.00	-9.81	143	107	96	83	137
40.00	-10.10	141	106	96	83	131
80.00	-10.31	140	106	96	84	125
160.00	-10.48					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.055

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.628 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.628 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.955 kJ/cc

A = 1340.66 GPa, B = 12.98 GPa, C = 1.73 GPa

R[1] = 5.02, R[2] = 1.13, omega = 0.42

RMS fitting error = 1.07 %

A.5.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
GAP	0.75	2.22	1.07	33939	99.09	1.29	C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	0.25	0.44	0.35	100382	168.16	1.30	C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
DOA	3.00	2.37	5.96	-290392	370.56	0.93	C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
HMX	96.00	94.97	92.62	17866	296.17	1.91	C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
GAP	0.75	2.22	1.07	33939	99.09	1.29	C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	0.25	0.44	0.35	100382	168.16	1.30	C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
DOA	3.00	2.37	5.96	-290392	370.56	0.93	C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
HMX	96.00	94.97	92.62	17866	296.17	1.91	C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Density = 1.8379 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.8379 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	34.90 GPa
The volume	=	0.412 cc/g
The density	=	2.428 g/cc
The energy	=	4.24 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3998 K
The shock velocity	=	8.841 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.148 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.693 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.116

Cylinder runs:

V/V ₀ (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.27					
2.20	-6.85	141	108	92	76	157
4.10	-8.19	141	106	92	78	148
6.50	-8.73	140	105	93	78	143
10.00	-9.09	139	105	93	79	139
20.00	-9.50	138	104	93	80	133
40.00	-9.80	137	103	94	81	127
80.00	-10.03	136	103	94	81	122
160.00	-10.20					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.101

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.375 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.375 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E₀ = -10.798 kJ/cc
 A = 1026.89 GPa, B = 11.19 GPa, C = 1.50 GPa
 R[1] = 4.74, R[2] = 1.07, omega = 0.38
 RMS fitting error = 0.95 %

A.6 COMP 5

A.6.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
GAP	1.00	2.24	1.35	33939	99.09	1.29	C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
DOA	3.00	1.80	5.67	-290392	370.56	0.93	C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	96.00	95.96	92.97	16496	222.13	1.81	C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
GAP	1.00	2.24	1.35	33939	99.09	1.29	C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
DOA	3.00	1.80	5.67	-290392	370.56	0.93	C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	96.00	95.96	92.97	16496	222.13	1.81	C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.7491 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7491 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	31.19 GPa
The volume	=	0.438 cc/g
The density	=	2.285 g/cc
The energy	=	3.66 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4002 K
The shock velocity	=	8.720 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.045 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.675 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.264

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.17					
2.20	-6.60	136	104	88	73	151
4.10	-7.94	137	103	90	75	144
6.50	-8.47	136	102	90	76	139
10.00	-8.82	135	102	90	77	134
20.00	-9.22	134	101	90	78	129
40.00	-9.51	133	100	91	78	123
80.00	-9.72	132	100	91	79	118
160.00	-9.89					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.171

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.056 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.056 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.373 kJ/cc

A = 1112.82 GPa, B = 11.97 GPa, C = 1.72 GPa

R[1] = 4.98, R[2] = 1.12, omega = 0.42

RMS fitting error = 1.02 %

A.6.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	1.00	2.95	1.42	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
DOA	3.00	2.36	5.96	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
HMX	96.00	94.69	92.62	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	1.00	2.95	1.42	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
DOA	3.00	2.36	5.96	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
HMX	96.00	94.69	92.62	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Density = 1.8379 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.8379 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	34.90 GPa
The volume	=	0.412 cc/g
The density	=	2.428 g/cc
The energy	=	4.24 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3998 K
The shock velocity	=	8.840 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.148 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.693 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.116

Cylinder runs:

		% of standards				
V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.27					
2.20	-6.85	141	108	92	76	157
4.10	-8.19	141	106	92	78	148
6.50	-8.73	140	105	93	78	143
10.00	-9.09	139	105	93	79	139
20.00	-9.50	138	104	93	80	132
40.00	-9.80	137	103	93	81	127
80.00	-10.03	136	103	94	81	122
160.00	-10.20					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.101

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.374 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.374 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.721 kJ/cc
A = 1022.28 GPa, B = 11.12 GPa, C = 1.73 GPa
R[1] = 4.75, R[2] = 1.11, omega = 0.41
RMS fitting error = 0.71 %

A.7 COMP 6

A.7.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	1.00	1.76	1.41	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
DOA	3.00	2.39	5.96	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
HMX	96.00	95.85	92.62	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	1.00	1.76	1.41	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
DOA	3.00	2.39	5.96	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
HMX	96.00	95.85	92.62	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Density = 1.8380 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.8380 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	34.78 GPa
The volume	=	0.419 cc/g
The density	=	2.386 g/cc
The energy	=	3.99 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3919 K
The shock velocity	=	9.080 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.084 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.996 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.357

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.27					
2.20	-7.14	147	112	96	79	164
4.10	-8.52	147	110	96	81	154
6.50	-9.06	146	109	96	81	148
10.00	-9.42	144	108	96	82	144
20.00	-9.81	143	107	96	83	137
40.00	-10.10	141	106	96	83	131
80.00	-10.32	140	106	96	84	125
160.00	-10.48					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.056

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.631 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.631 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -11.037 kJ/cc

A = 1295.63 GPa, B = 12.25 GPa, C = 1.46 GPa

R[1] = 4.94, R[2] = 1.07, omega = 0.38

RMS fitting error = 1.30 %

A.7.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
BAMO	1.00	1.76	1.41	100382	168.16	1.30	<chem>C5H8N6O1</chem>
DOA	3.00	2.39	5.96	-290392	370.56	0.93	<chem>C22H42O4</chem>
HMX	96.00	95.85	92.62	17866	296.17	1.91	<chem>C4H8N8O8</chem>

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
BAMO	1.00	1.76	1.41	100382	168.16	1.30	<chem>C5H8N6O1</chem>
DOA	3.00	2.39	5.96	-290392	370.56	0.93	<chem>C22H42O4</chem>
HMX	96.00	95.85	92.62	17866	296.17	1.91	<chem>C4H8N8O8</chem>

Density = 1.8380 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.8380 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	34.92 GPa
The volume	=	0.412 cc/g
The density	=	2.428 g/cc
The energy	=	4.24 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3999 K
The shock velocity	=	8.842 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.149 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.694 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.115

Cylinder runs:

		% of standards				
V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.27					
2.20	-6.85	141	108	92	76	157
4.10	-8.20	141	106	93	78	148
6.50	-8.74	140	105	93	79	143
10.00	-9.09	139	105	93	79	139
20.00	-9.50	138	104	93	80	133
40.00	-9.80	137	103	94	81	127
80.00	-10.03	136	103	94	81	122
160.00	-10.21					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.102
The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.378 kJ/cc
The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc
The total energy of detonation = -10.378 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.801 kJ/cc
A = 1026.98 GPa, B = 11.20 GPa, C = 1.50 GPa
R[1] = 4.74, R[2] = 1.07, omega = 0.38
RMS fitting error = 0.95 %

A.8 COMP 7

A.8.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
HYTEMP	1.00	1.57	1.83	-205067	188.60	1.00	<chem>C10H15.46O3.307</chem>
DOA	3.00	2.40	5.94	-290392	370.56	0.93	<chem>C22H42O4</chem>
HMX	96.00	96.03	92.23	17866	296.17	1.91	<chem>C4H8N8O8</chem>

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
HYTEMP	1.00	1.57	1.83	-205067	188.60	1.00	<chem>C10H15.46O3.307</chem>
DOA	3.00	2.40	5.94	-290392	370.56	0.93	<chem>C22H42O4</chem>
HMX	96.00	96.03	92.23	17866	296.17	1.91	<chem>C4H8N8O8</chem>

Density = 1.8303 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.8303 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	34.32 GPa
The volume	=	0.421 cc/g
The density	=	2.376 g/cc
The energy	=	3.94 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3892 K
The shock velocity	=	9.033 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.076 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.958 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.352

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.26					
2.20	-7.05	145	111	94	78	162
4.10	-8.41	145	109	95	80	152
6.50	-8.95	144	108	95	80	146
10.00	-9.30	143	107	95	81	142
20.00	-9.70	141	106	95	82	135
40.00	-9.98	140	105	95	82	129
80.00	-10.20	138	104	95	83	124
160.00	-10.36					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.042

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.514 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.514 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.920 kJ/cc
A = 1274.89 GPa, B = 12.10 GPa, C = 1.45 GPa
R[1] = 4.94, R[2] = 1.07, omega = 0.38
RMS fitting error = 1.29 %

A.8.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
HYTEMP	1.00	1.57	1.83	-205067	188.60	1.00 C ₁₀ H _{15.46} O _{3.307}
DOA	3.00	2.40	5.94	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
HMX	96.00	96.03	92.23	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
HYTEMP	1.00	1.57	1.83	-205067	188.60	1.00 C ₁₀ H _{15.46} O _{3.307}
DOA	3.00	2.40	5.94	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
HMX	96.00	96.03	92.23	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Density = 1.8303 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.8303 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	34.29 GPa
The volume	=	0.414 cc/g
The density	=	2.418 g/cc
The energy	=	4.17 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3975 K
The shock velocity	=	8.778 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.134 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.645 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.114

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.24					
2.20	-6.74	139	106	90	75	155
4.10	-8.07	139	105	91	76	146
6.50	-8.61	138	104	91	77	141
10.00	-8.97	138	103	92	78	137
20.00	-9.38	136	102	92	79	131
40.00	-9.67	135	102	92	80	125
80.00	-9.90	134	101	92	80	120
160.00	-10.08					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.095

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.257 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.257 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.680 kJ/cc
 A = 1008.60 GPa, B = 11.02 GPa, C = 1.48 GPa
 R[1] = 4.75, R[2] = 1.07, omega = 0.37
 RMS fitting error = 0.94 %

Appendix B Cheetah summary printout 92 wt. % HMX

B.1 COMP 8

B.1.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	8.00	20.63	11.36	33939	99.09	1.29 <chem>C3H5N3O1</chem>
HMX	92.00	79.37	88.64	17866	296.17	1.91 <chem>C4H8N8O8</chem>

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	8.00	20.63	11.36	33939	99.09	1.29 <chem>C3H5N3O1</chem>
HMX	92.00	79.37	88.64	17866	296.17	1.91 <chem>C4H8N8O8</chem>

Density = 1.8355 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.8355 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	34.67 GPa
The volume	=	0.419 cc/g
The density	=	2.384 g/cc
The energy	=	3.99 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3967 K
The shock velocity	=	9.061 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.084 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.977 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.347

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.27					
2.20	-7.14	147	112	96	79	164
4.10	-8.52	147	110	96	81	154
6.50	-9.07	146	109	96	82	148
10.00	-9.42	145	108	96	82	144
20.00	-9.83	143	107	96	83	137
40.00	-10.11	141	106	96	83	131
80.00	-10.33	140	106	96	84	125
160.00	-10.50					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.091

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.645 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.645 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.971 kJ/cc

A = 1328.95 GPa, B = 13.02 GPa, C = 1.75 GPa

R[1] = 5.02, R[2] = 1.13, omega = 0.43

RMS fitting error = 1.06 %

B.1.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	8.00	20.63	11.36	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
HMX	92.00	79.37	88.64	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	8.00	20.63	11.36	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
HMX	92.00	79.37	88.64	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Density = 1.8355 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.8355 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	35.11 GPa
The volume	=	0.412 cc/g
The density	=	2.425 g/cc
The energy	=	4.27 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4034 K
The shock velocity	=	8.871 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.156 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.715 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.114

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.27					
2.20	-6.89	142	108	92	76	158
4.10	-8.24	142	107	93	78	149
6.50	-8.78	141	106	93	79	144
10.00	-9.13	140	105	93	80	139
20.00	-9.54	139	104	94	80	133
40.00	-9.84	138	104	94	81	127
80.00	-10.07	137	103	94	82	122
160.00	-10.24					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.120

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.408 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.408 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0	=	-10.753 kJ/cc						
A	=	1025.55 GPa,	B	=	11.19 GPa,	C	=	1.74 GPa
R[1]	=	4.74,	R[2]	=	1.11,	omega	=	0.41
RMS fitting error	=	0.71 %						

B.2 COMP 9

B.2.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	8.00	13.28	11.30	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
HMX	92.00	86.72	88.70	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	8.00	13.28	11.30	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
HMX	92.00	86.72	88.70	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Density = 1.8366 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.8366 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	34.75 GPa
The volume	=	0.419 cc/g
The density	=	2.386 g/cc
The energy	=	4.00 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3982 K
The shock velocity	=	9.067 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.087 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.981 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.346

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.27					
2.20	-7.16	148	113	96	79	164
4.10	-8.55	147	111	96	81	155
6.50	-9.09	146	110	97	82	149
10.00	-9.45	145	109	97	82	144
20.00	-9.85	143	108	97	83	137
40.00	-10.14	142	107	97	83	131
80.00	-10.36	141	106	97	84	126
160.00	-10.53					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.102

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.674 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.674 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0	=	-11.000 kJ/cc			
A	=	1331.27 GPa,	B	=	13.06 GPa, C = 1.76 GPa
R[1]	=	5.02,	R[2]	=	1.13, omega = 0.43
RMS fitting error	=	1.06 %			

B.2.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc
 Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
BAMO	8.00	13.28	11.30	100382	168.16	1.30	C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
HMX	92.00	86.72	88.70	17866	296.17	1.91	C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
BAMO	8.00	13.28	11.30	100382	168.16	1.30	C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
HMX	92.00	86.72	88.70	17866	296.17	1.91	C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Density = 1.8366 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.8366 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	35.30 GPa
The volume	=	0.412 cc/g
The density	=	2.427 g/cc
The energy	=	4.29 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4045 K
The shock velocity	=	8.888 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.162 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.725 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.110

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.28					
2.20	-6.92	143	109	93	76	159
4.10	-8.27	142	107	93	78	150
6.50	-8.81	141	106	94	79	144
10.00	-9.17	141	106	94	80	140
20.00	-9.58	139	105	94	81	134
40.00	-9.88	138	104	94	81	128
80.00	-10.10	137	103	94	82	123
160.00	-10.28					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.127

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.444 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.445 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.863 kJ/cc
 A = 1030.96 GPa, B = 11.30 GPa, C = 1.51 GPa
 R[1] = 4.74, R[2] = 1.07, omega = 0.38
 RMS fitting error = 0.94 %

B.3 COMP 10

B.3.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	6.00	15.81	8.52	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	2.00	3.10	2.82	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
HMX	92.00	81.09	88.66	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	6.00	15.81	8.52	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	2.00	3.10	2.82	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
HMX	92.00	81.09	88.66	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Density = 1.8358 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.8358 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	34.69 GPa
The volume	=	0.419 cc/g
The density	=	2.384 g/cc
The energy	=	3.99 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3971 K
The shock velocity	=	9.063 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.085 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.978 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.347

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.27					
2.20	-7.15	147	113	96	79	164
4.10	-8.53	147	110	96	81	155
6.50	-9.08	146	109	96	82	149
10.00	-9.43	145	109	96	82	144
20.00	-9.83	143	107	96	83	137
40.00	-10.12	142	107	97	83	131
80.00	-10.34	140	106	97	84	125
160.00	-10.51					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.094

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.653 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.653 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.978 kJ/cc

A = 1330.40 GPa, B = 13.04 GPa, C = 1.75 GPa

R[1] = 5.02, R[2] = 1.13, omega = 0.43

RMS fitting error = 1.06 %

B.3.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	6.00	15.81	8.52	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	2.00	3.10	2.82	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
HMX	92.00	81.09	88.66	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	6.00	15.81	8.52	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	2.00	3.10	2.82	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
HMX	92.00	81.09	88.66	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Density = 1.8358 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.8358 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	35.16 GPa
The volume	=	0.412 cc/g
The density	=	2.425 g/cc
The energy	=	4.27 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4037 K
The shock velocity	=	8.875 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.158 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.718 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.113

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.28					
2.20	-6.90	142	109	92	76	158
4.10	-8.25	142	107	93	78	149
6.50	-8.79	141	106	93	79	144
10.00	-9.14	140	105	93	80	139
20.00	-9.55	139	104	94	80	133
40.00	-9.85	138	104	94	81	127
80.00	-10.08	137	103	94	82	122
160.00	-10.25					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.122

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.417 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.417 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.762 kJ/cc
A = 1025.86 GPa, B = 11.20 GPa, C = 1.74 GPa
R[1] = 4.74, R[2] = 1.11, omega = 0.41
RMS fitting error = 0.71 %

B.4 COMP 11

B.4.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
HMX	92.00	90.06	85.74	17866	296.17	1.91	C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈
DOA	6.00	4.69	11.52	-290392	370.56	0.93	C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
GAP	1.50	4.39	2.06	33939	99.09	1.29	C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	0.50	0.86	0.68	100382	168.16	1.30	C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
HMX	92.00	90.06	85.74	17866	296.17	1.91	C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈
DOA	6.00	4.69	11.52	-290392	370.56	0.93	C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
GAP	1.50	4.39	2.06	33939	99.09	1.29	C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	0.50	0.86	0.68	100382	168.16	1.30	C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁

Density = 1.7754 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7754 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	31.77 GPa
The volume	=	0.433 cc/g
The density	=	2.312 g/cc
The energy	=	3.69 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3780 K
The shock velocity	=	8.784 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.037 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.746 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.311

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.17					
2.20	-6.55	135	103	88	72	150
4.10	-7.84	135	102	89	74	142
6.50	-8.36	134	101	89	75	137
10.00	-8.70	133	100	89	76	133
20.00	-9.10	132	99	89	77	127
40.00	-9.38	131	99	90	77	121
80.00	-9.60	130	98	90	78	117
160.00	-9.77					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.009

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.958 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.958 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.284 kJ/cc

A = 1168.53 GPa, B = 11.61 GPa, C = 1.63 GPa

R[1] = 4.98, R[2] = 1.12, omega = 0.41

RMS fitting error = 1.01 %

B.4.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	1.50	4.39	2.06	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	0.50	0.86	0.68	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
DOA	6.00	4.69	11.52	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
HMX	92.00	90.06	85.74	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	1.50	4.39	2.06	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	0.50	0.86	0.68	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
DOA	6.00	4.69	11.52	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
HMX	92.00	90.06	85.74	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Density = 1.7754 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7754 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	30.89 GPa
The volume	=	0.425 cc/g
The density	=	2.352 g/cc
The energy	=	3.78 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3877 K
The shock velocity	=	8.426 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.065 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.362 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.081

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.13					
2.20	-6.19	128	97	83	68	142
4.10	-7.47	128	97	84	71	135
6.50	-7.99	128	96	85	72	131
10.00	-8.34	128	96	85	73	127
20.00	-8.75	127	96	86	74	122
40.00	-9.06	127	95	86	75	117
80.00	-9.29	126	95	87	75	113
160.00	-9.48					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.104

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.701 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.701 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.049 kJ/cc
 A = 890.68 GPa, B = 10.13 GPa, C = 1.65 GPa
 R[1] = 4.76, R[2] = 1.10, omega = 0.39
 RMS fitting error = 0.67 %

B.5 COMP 12

B.5.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	2.00	5.82	2.75	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
DOA	6.00	4.67	11.52	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
HMX	92.00	89.52	85.74	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	2.00	5.82	2.75	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
DOA	6.00	4.67	11.52	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
HMX	92.00	89.52	85.74	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Density = 1.7753 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7753 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	31.77 GPa
The volume	=	0.433 cc/g
The density	=	2.311 g/cc
The energy	=	3.68 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3779 K
The shock velocity	=	8.783 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.037 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.746 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.311

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.17					
2.20	-6.55	135	103	88	72	150
4.10	-7.84	135	102	88	74	142
6.50	-8.36	134	101	89	75	137
10.00	-8.70	133	100	89	76	133
20.00	-9.10	132	99	89	77	127
40.00	-9.38	131	99	90	77	121
80.00	-9.60	130	98	90	78	116
160.00	-9.77					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.009

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.957 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.957 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.286 kJ/cc
A = 1166.39 GPa, B = 11.58 GPa, C = 1.62 GPa
R[1] = 4.97, R[2] = 1.12, omega = 0.40
RMS fitting error = 1.01 %

B.5.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	2.00	5.82	2.75	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
DOA	6.00	4.67	11.52	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
HMX	92.00	89.52	85.74	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	2.00	5.82	2.75	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
DOA	6.00	4.67	11.52	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
HMX	92.00	89.52	85.74	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Density = 1.7753 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7753 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	30.88 GPa
The volume	=	0.425 cc/g
The density	=	2.351 g/cc
The energy	=	3.78 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3877 K
The shock velocity	=	8.425 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.064 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.361 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.081

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.13					
2.20	-6.19	128	97	83	68	142
4.10	-7.46	128	97	84	71	135
6.50	-7.99	128	96	85	72	131
10.00	-8.34	128	96	85	73	127
20.00	-8.75	127	96	86	74	122
40.00	-9.06	127	95	86	75	117
80.00	-9.29	126	95	87	75	113
160.00	-9.47					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.103

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.699 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.699 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0	=	-10.126 kJ/cc				
A	=	895.03 GPa, B	=	10.20 GPa, C	=	1.44 GPa
R[1]	=	4.76,	R[2] =	1.07,	omega =	0.36
RMS fitting error = 0.91 %						

B.6 COMP 13

B.6.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	2.00	3.51	2.73	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
DOA	6.00	4.78	11.52	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
HMX	92.00	91.71	85.75	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	2.00	3.51	2.73	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
DOA	6.00	4.78	11.52	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
HMX	92.00	91.71	85.75	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Density = 1.7756 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7756 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	31.78 GPa
The volume	=	0.433 cc/g
The density	=	2.312 g/cc
The energy	=	3.69 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3782 K
The shock velocity	=	8.785 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.038 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.747 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.311

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.17					
2.20	-6.55	135	103	88	72	150
4.10	-7.84	135	102	89	74	142
6.50	-8.37	134	101	89	75	137
10.00	-8.71	134	100	89	76	133
20.00	-9.10	132	99	89	77	127
40.00	-9.39	131	99	90	77	121
80.00	-9.61	130	98	90	78	117
160.00	-9.78					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.011

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.963 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.963 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.371 kJ/cc
 A = 1128.27 GPa, B = 10.94 GPa, C = 1.39 GPa
 R[1] = 4.90, R[2] = 1.07, omega = 0.37
 RMS fitting error = 1.23 %

B.6.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	2.00	3.51	2.73	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
DOA	6.00	4.78	11.52	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
HMX	92.00	91.71	85.75	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	2.00	3.51	2.73	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
DOA	6.00	4.78	11.52	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
HMX	92.00	91.71	85.75	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Density = 1.7756 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7756 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	30.92 GPa
The volume	=	0.425 cc/g
The density	=	2.352 g/cc
The energy	=	3.79 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3879 K
The shock velocity	=	8.429 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.066 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.363 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.080

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.13					
2.20	-6.19	128	98	83	68	142
4.10	-7.47	129	97	84	71	135
6.50	-8.00	128	96	85	72	131
10.00	-8.35	128	96	85	73	127
20.00	-8.76	128	96	86	74	122
40.00	-9.06	127	95	86	75	117
80.00	-9.30	126	95	87	75	113
160.00	-9.48					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.105

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.707 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.707 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.135 kJ/cc
 A = 895.44 GPa, B = 10.22 GPa, C = 1.44 GPa
 R[1] = 4.76, R[2] = 1.07, omega = 0.36
 RMS fitting error = 0.91 %

B.7 COMP 14

B.7.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
HYTEMP	2.00	3.14	3.52	-205067	188.60	1.00	<chem>C10H15.46O3.307</chem>
DOA	6.00	4.80	11.42	-290392	370.56	0.93	<chem>C22H42O4</chem>
HMX	92.00	92.06	85.05	17866	296.17	1.91	<chem>C4H8N8O8</chem>

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
HYTEMP	2.00	3.14	3.52	-205067	188.60	1.00	<chem>C10H15.46O3.307</chem>
DOA	6.00	4.80	11.42	-290392	370.56	0.93	<chem>C22H42O4</chem>
HMX	92.00	92.06	85.05	17866	296.17	1.91	<chem>C4H8N8O8</chem>

Density = 1.7612 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7612 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	30.96 GPa
The volume	=	0.436 cc/g
The density	=	2.294 g/cc
The energy	=	3.60 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3729 K
The shock velocity	=	8.698 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.021 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.677 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.303

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.14					
2.20	-6.38	132	100	85	70	146
4.10	-7.64	132	99	86	72	138
6.50	-8.16	131	98	87	73	133
10.00	-8.49	130	98	87	74	129
20.00	-8.88	129	97	87	75	124
40.00	-9.16	128	96	87	75	119
80.00	-9.38	127	96	88	76	114
160.00	-9.55					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 1.981

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.747 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.747 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.072 kJ/cc
A = 1128.74 GPa, B = 11.24 GPa, C = 1.59 GPa
R[1] = 4.97, R[2] = 1.12, omega = 0.40
RMS fitting error = 0.99 %

B.7.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
HYTEMP	2.00	3.14	3.52	-205067	188.60	1.00 C ₁₀ H _{15.46} O _{3.307}
DOA	6.00	4.80	11.42	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
HMX	92.00	92.06	85.05	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
HYTEMP	2.00	3.14	3.52	-205067	188.60	1.00 C ₁₀ H _{15.46} O _{3.307}
DOA 4.00	4.80	11.42	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄	
HMX	92.00	92.06	85.05	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈

Density = 1.7612 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7612 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	29.79 GPa
The volume	=	0.429 cc/g
The density	=	2.332 g/cc
The energy	=	3.65 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3829 K
The shock velocity	=	8.311 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.035 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.276 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.084

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.09					
2.20	-6.00	124	94	80	66	138
4.10	-7.25	125	94	82	69	131
6.50	-7.77	125	94	82	70	127
10.00	-8.12	124	93	83	71	124
20.00	-8.53	124	93	84	72	119
40.00	-8.83	123	93	84	73	114
80.00	-9.06	123	93	85	73	110
160.00	-9.25					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.086

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.483 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.483 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0	=	-9.834 kJ/cc						
A	=	865.25 GPa,	B	=	9.82 GPa,	C	=	1.61
GPa								
R[1]	=	4.77,	R[2]	=	1.10,	omega	=	0.39
RMS fitting error	=	0.67 %						

Appendix C Cheetah summary printout 96 wt. % RDX

C.1 RDX

C.1.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library
Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
RDX	100.00	100.00	100.00	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkws library
Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
RDX	100.00	100.00	100.00	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.8060 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.8060 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	33.78 GPa
The volume	=	0.426 cc/g
The density	=	2.348 g/cc
The energy	=	3.90 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4154 K
The shock velocity	=	9.000 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.078 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.922 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.331

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.26					
2.20	-7.16	148	113	96	79	164
4.10	-8.58	148	111	97	81	155
6.50	-9.14	147	110	97	82	150
10.00	-9.50	146	109	97	83	145
20.00	-9.90	144	108	97	83	138
40.00	-10.19	143	107	97	84	132
80.00	-10.40	141	106	97	84	126
160.00	-10.57					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.225

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.695 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.695 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0	=	-11.012 kJ/cc			
A	=	1308.06 GPa,	B	=	13.56 GPa, C = 1.84 GPa
R[1]	=	5.06,	R[2]	=	1.14, omega = 0.44
RMS fitting error	=	1.10 %			

C.1.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
RDX	100.00	100.00	100.00	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
RDX	100.00	100.00	100.00	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.8060 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.8060 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	34.74 GPa
The volume	=	0.421 cc/g
The density	=	2.378 g/cc
The energy	=	4.18 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4209 K
The shock velocity	=	8.942 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.151 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.791 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.157

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.27					
2.20	-6.95	143	110	93	77	159
4.10	-8.32	143	108	94	79	151
6.50	-8.87	142	107	94	80	145
10.00	-9.23	142	106	94	80	141
20.00	-9.63	140	105	95	81	134
40.00	-9.92	139	104	95	82	128
80.00	-10.14	138	104	95	82	123
160.00	-10.31					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.214

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.434 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.434 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0	=	-10.769 kJ/cc						
A	=	1062.22 GPa,	B	=	11.43 GPa,	C	=	1.81 GPa
R[1]	=	4.79,	R[2]	=	1.11,	omega	=	0.43
RMS fitting error	=	0.79 %						

C.2 COMP 15

C.2.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	4.00	8.54	5.50	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
RDX	96.00	91.46	94.50	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	4.00	8.54	5.50	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
RDX	96.00	91.46	94.50	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.7778 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7778 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	32.55 GPa
The volume	=	0.431 cc/g
The density	=	2.320 g/cc
The energy	=	3.80 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4103 K
The shock velocity	=	8.853 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.068 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.785 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.280

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.22					
2.20	-6.89	142	108	92	76	158
4.10	-8.27	142	107	93	78	150
6.50	-8.82	142	106	94	79	144
10.00	-9.17	141	106	94	80	140
20.00	-9.58	139	105	94	81	134
40.00	-9.86	138	104	94	81	128
80.00	-10.08	137	103	94	82	122
160.00	-10.25					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.215

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.391 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.391 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.706 kJ/cc

A = 1185.57 GPa, B = 12.69 GPa, C = 1.79 GPa

R[1] = 5.00, R[2] = 1.13, omega = 0.43

RMS fitting error = 1.05 %

C.2.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
GAP	4.00	8.54	5.50	33939	99.09	1.29	<chem>C3H5N3O1</chem>
RDX	96.00	91.46	94.50	16496	222.13	1.81	<chem>C3H6N6O6</chem>

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
GAP	4.00	8.54	5.50	33939	99.09	1.29	<chem>C3H5N3O1</chem>
RDX	96.00	91.46	94.50	16496	222.13	1.81	<chem>C3H6N6O6</chem>

Density = 1.7778 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7778 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	33.03 GPa
The volume	=	0.426 cc/g
The density	=	2.347 g/cc
The energy	=	4.00 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4160 K
The shock velocity	=	8.755 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.122 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.633 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.125

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.22					
2.20	-6.66	137	105	89	74	153
4.10	-8.00	138	104	90	76	145
6.50	-8.54	137	103	91	77	140
10.00	-8.89	136	102	91	77	136
20.00	-9.30	135	102	91	78	130
40.00	-9.59	134	101	92	79	124
80.00	-9.81	133	100	92	79	119
160.00	-9.99					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.223

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.134 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.134 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.468 kJ/cc
A = 981.18 GPa, B = 10.84 GPa, C = 1.78 GPa
R[1] = 4.77, R[2] = 1.11, omega = 0.42
RMS fitting error = 0.75 %

C.3 COMP 16

C.3.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
BAMO	4.00	5.22	5.47	100382	168.16	1.30	<chem>C5H8N6O1</chem>
RDX	96.00	94.78	94.53	16496	222.13	1.81	<chem>C3H6N6O6</chem>

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
BAMO	4.00	5.22	5.47	100382	168.16	1.30	<chem>C5H8N6O1</chem>
RDX	96.00	94.78	94.53	16496	222.13	1.81	<chem>C3H6N6O6</chem>

Density = 1.7783 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7783 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	32.59 GPa
The volume	=	0.431 cc/g
The density	=	2.321 g/cc
The energy	=	3.81 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4111 K
The shock velocity	=	8.856 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.069 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.787 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.280

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.22					
2.20	-6.90	142	109	92	76	158
4.10	-8.28	143	107	93	78	150
6.50	-8.83	142	106	94	79	145
10.00	-9.19	141	106	94	80	140
20.00	-9.59	140	105	94	81	134
40.00	-9.88	138	104	94	81	128
80.00	-10.09	137	103	94	82	122
160.00	-10.26					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.221

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.404 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.404 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.720 kJ/cc
A = 1184.85 GPa, B = 12.68 GPa, C = 1.79 GPa
R[1] = 5.00, R[2] = 1.13, omega = 0.43
RMS fitting error = 1.05 %

C.3.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	4.00	5.22	5.47	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
RDX	96.00	94.78	94.53	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	4.00	5.22	5.47	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
RDX	96.00	94.78	94.53	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.7783 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7783 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	33.12 GPa
The volume	=	0.426 cc/g
The density	=	2.348 g/cc
The energy	=	4.02 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4165 K
The shock velocity	=	8.764 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.125 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.639 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.124

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.22					
2.20	-6.67	138	105	89	74	153
4.10	-8.01	138	104	90	76	145
6.50	-8.56	137	103	91	77	140
10.00	-8.91	137	103	91	78	136
20.00	-9.32	136	102	91	78	130
40.00	-9.61	134	101	92	79	124
80.00	-9.83	133	101	92	80	119
160.00	-10.00					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.227

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.151 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.151 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.485 kJ/cc
A = 981.99 GPa, B = 10.87 GPa, C = 1.78 GPa
R[1] = 4.77, R[2] = 1.11, omega = 0.42
RMS fitting error = 0.75 %

C.4 COMP 17

C.4.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	3.00	6.46	4.13	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	1.00	1.27	1.37	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
RDX	96.00	92.27	94.51	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	3.00	6.46	4.13	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	1.00	1.27	1.37	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
RDX	96.00	92.27	94.51	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.7779 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7779 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	32.56 GPa
The volume	=	0.431 cc/g
The density	=	2.320 g/cc
The energy	=	3.80 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4105 K
The shock velocity	=	8.854 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.069 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.785 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.280

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.22					
2.20	-6.89	142	109	92	76	158
4.10	-8.27	142	107	93	78	150
6.50	-8.82	142	106	94	79	144
10.00	-9.18	141	106	94	80	140
20.00	-9.58	139	105	94	81	134
40.00	-9.87	138	104	94	81	128
80.00	-10.08	137	103	94	82	122
160.00	-10.25					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.216

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.394 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.394 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0	=	-10.710 kJ/cc				
A	=	1185.08 GPa,	B	=	12.68 GPa,	C = 1.79 GPa
R[1]	=	5.00,	R[2]	=	1.13,	omega = 0.43
RMS fitting error	=	1.05 %				

C.4.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	3.00	6.46	4.13	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	1.00	1.27	1.37	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
RDX	96.00	92.27	94.51	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	3.00	6.46	4.13	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	1.00	1.27	1.37	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
RDX	96.00	92.27	94.51	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.7779 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7779 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	33.06 GPa
The volume	=	0.426 cc/g
The density	=	2.347 g/cc
The energy	=	4.01 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4161 K
The shock velocity	=	8.757 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.123 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.634 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.125

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.22					
2.20	-6.66	137	105	89	74	153
4.10	-8.00	138	104	90	76	145
6.50	-8.54	137	103	91	77	140
10.00	-8.90	136	102	91	78	136
20.00	-9.30	135	102	91	78	130
40.00	-9.60	134	101	92	79	124
80.00	-9.82	133	100	92	80	119
160.00	-9.99					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.224

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.138 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.138 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.541 kJ/cc
A = 983.64 GPa, B = 10.89 GPa, C = 1.54 GPa
R[1] = 4.76, R[2] = 1.07, omega = 0.39
RMS fitting error = 0.98 %

C.5 COMP 18

C.5.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	0.75	1.68	1.01	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	0.25	0.33	0.34	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
DOA	3.00	1.80	5.67	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	96.00	96.18	92.98	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	0.75	1.68	1.01	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	0.25	0.33	0.34	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
DOA	3.00	1.80	5.67	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	96.00	96.18	92.98	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.7491 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7491 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	31.19 GPa
The volume	=	0.438 cc/g
The density	=	2.285 g/cc
The energy	=	3.66 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4002 K
The shock velocity	=	8.720 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.045 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.675 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.264

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.17					
2.20	-6.60	136	104	88	73	151
4.10	-7.94	137	103	90	75	144
6.50	-8.47	136	102	90	76	139
10.00	-8.82	135	102	90	77	134
20.00	-9.22	134	101	90	78	129
40.00	-9.51	133	100	91	78	123
80.00	-9.72	132	100	91	79	118
160.00	-9.89					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.172

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.057 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.057 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.450 kJ/cc

A = 1077.69 GPa, B = 11.37 GPa, C = 1.47 GPa

R[1] = 4.90, R[2] = 1.07, omega = 0.38

RMS fitting error = 1.25 %

C.5.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	0.75	1.68	1.01	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	0.25	0.33	0.34	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
DOA	3.00	1.80	5.67	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	96.00	96.18	92.98	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	0.75	1.68	1.01	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	0.25	0.33	0.34	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
DOA	3.00	1.80	5.67	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	96.00	96.18	92.98	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.7491 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7491 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	31.05 GPa
The volume	=	0.432 cc/g
The density	=	2.313 g/cc
The energy	=	3.78 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4075 K
The shock velocity	=	8.534 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.080 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.454 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.102

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.15					
2.20	-6.32	130	100	85	70	145
4.10	-7.62	131	99	86	72	138
6.50	-8.16	131	98	87	73	133
10.00	-8.51	131	98	87	74	130
20.00	-8.92	130	97	88	75	124
40.00	-9.21	129	97	88	76	119
80.00	-9.44	128	97	88	76	115
160.00	-9.61					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.214

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.790 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.790 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.196 kJ/cc

A = 911.92 GPa, B = 10.34 GPa, C = 1.50 GPa

R[1] = 4.76, R[2] = 1.06, omega = 0.38

RMS fitting error = 0.96 %

C.6 COMP 19

C.6.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	1.00	2.24	1.35	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
DOA	3.00	1.80	5.67	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	96.00	95.96	92.97	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	1.00	2.24	1.35	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
DOA	3.00	1.80	5.67	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	96.00	95.96	92.97	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.7491 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7491 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	31.19 GPa
The volume	=	0.438 cc/g
The density	=	2.285 g/cc
The energy	=	3.66 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4002 K
The shock velocity	=	8.720 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.045 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.675 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.264

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.17					
2.20	-6.60	136	104	88	73	151
4.10	-7.94	137	103	90	75	144
6.50	-8.47	136	102	90	76	139
10.00	-8.82	135	102	90	77	134
20.00	-9.22	134	101	90	78	129
40.00	-9.51	133	100	91	78	123
80.00	-9.72	132	100	91	79	118
160.00	-9.89					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.171

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.056 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.056 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.373 kJ/cc
 A = 1112.82 GPa, B = 11.97 GPa, C = 1.72 GPa
 R[1] = 4.98, R[2] = 1.12, omega = 0.42
 RMS fitting error = 1.02 %

C.6.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	1.00	2.24	1.35	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
DOA	3.00	1.80	5.67	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	96.00	95.96	92.97	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	1.00	2.24	1.35	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
DOA	3.00	1.80	5.67	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	96.00	95.96	92.97	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.7491 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7491 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	31.05 GPa
The volume	=	0.432 cc/g
The density	=	2.313 g/cc
The energy	=	3.78 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4074 K
The shock velocity	=	8.533 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.080 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.453 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.103

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.15					
2.20	-6.32	130	99	85	70	145
4.10	-7.62	131	99	86	72	138
6.50	-8.16	131	98	87	73	133
10.00	-8.51	130	98	87	74	130
20.00	-8.92	130	97	87	75	124
40.00	-9.21	129	97	88	76	119
80.00	-9.44	128	97	88	76	115
160.00	-9.61					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.214

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.789 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.789 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.195 kJ/cc
 A = 911.91 GPa, B = 10.35 GPa, C = 1.50 GPa
 R[1] = 4.76, R[2] = 1.06, omega = 0.38
 RMS fitting error = 0.96 %

C.7 COMP 20

C.7.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	1.00	1.33	1.35	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
DOA	3.00	1.81	5.67	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	96.00	96.85	92.98	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	1.00	1.33	1.35	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
DOA	3.00	1.81	5.67	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	96.00	96.85	92.98	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.7492 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7492 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	31.20 GPa
The volume	=	0.438 cc/g
The density	=	2.285 g/cc
The energy	=	3.66 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4004 K
The shock velocity	=	8.721 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.045 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.676 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.264

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.17					
2.20	-6.60	136	104	88	73	151
4.10	-7.94	137	103	90	75	144
6.50	-8.47	136	102	90	76	139
10.00	-8.82	135	102	90	77	135
20.00	-9.22	134	101	91	78	129
40.00	-9.51	133	100	91	78	123
80.00	-9.73	132	100	91	79	118
160.00	-9.90					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.173

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.060 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.060 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.376 kJ/cc
 A = 1113.38 GPa, B = 11.98 GPa, C = 1.72 GPa
 R[1] = 4.98, R[2] = 1.12, omega = 0.42
 RMS fitting error = 1.02 %

C.7.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	1.00	1.33	1.35	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
DOA	3.00	1.81	5.67	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	96.00	96.85	92.98	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	1.00	1.33	1.35	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
DOA	3.00	1.81	5.67	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	96.00	96.85	92.98	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.7492 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7492 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	31.07 GPa
The volume	=	0.432 cc/g
The density	=	2.313 g/cc
The energy	=	3.79 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4076 K
The shock velocity	=	8.535 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.081 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.455 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.102

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.15					
2.20	-6.32	130	100	85	70	145
4.10	-7.63	131	99	86	72	138
6.50	-8.16	131	98	87	73	134
10.00	-8.51	131	98	87	74	130
20.00	-8.92	130	97	88	75	124
40.00	-9.22	129	97	88	76	119
80.00	-9.44	128	97	88	76	115
160.00	-9.62					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.215

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.793 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.793 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.199 kJ/cc
 A = 912.18 GPa, B = 10.35 GPa, C = 1.50 GPa
 R[1] = 4.76, R[2] = 1.06, omega = 0.38
 RMS fitting error = 0.96 %

C.8 COMP 21

C.8.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
HYTEMP	1.00	1.19	1.74	-205067	188.60	1.00 C ₁₀ H _{15.46} O _{3.307}
DOA	3.00	1.82	5.65	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	96.00	96.99	92.61	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
HYTEMP	1.00	1.19	1.74	-205067	188.60	1.00 C ₁₀ H _{15.46} O _{3.307}
DOA	3.00	1.82	5.65	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	96.00	96.99	92.61	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.7422 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7422 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	30.80 GPa
The volume	=	0.439 cc/g
The density	=	2.276 g/cc
The energy	=	3.61 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3975 K
The shock velocity	=	8.679 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.037 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.642 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.261

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.16					
2.20	-6.52	134	103	87	72	149
4.10	-7.84	135	102	88	74	142
6.50	-8.37	134	101	89	75	137
10.00	-8.72	134	100	89	76	133
20.00	-9.11	133	99	89	77	127
40.00	-9.40	131	99	90	77	122
80.00	-9.62	130	98	90	78	117
160.00	-9.78					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.157

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.952 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.952 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.268 kJ/cc
 A = 1095.33 GPa, B = 11.79 GPa, C = 1.70 GPa
 R[1] = 4.98, R[2] = 1.12, omega = 0.42
 RMS fitting error = 1.01 %

C.8.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
HYTEMP	1.00	1.19	1.74	-205067	188.60	1.00 <chem>C10H15.46O3.307</chem>
DOA	3.00	1.82	5.65	-290392	370.56	0.93 <chem>C22H42O4</chem>
RDX	96.00	96.99	92.61	16496	222.13	1.81 <chem>C3H6N6O6</chem>

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
HYTEMP	1.00	1.19	1.74	-205067	188.60	1.00 <chem>C10H15.46O3.307</chem>
DOA	3.00	1.82	5.65	-290392	370.56	0.93 <chem>C22H42O4</chem>
RDX	96.00	96.99	92.61	16496	222.13	1.81 <chem>C3H6N6O6</chem>

Density = 1.7422 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7422 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	30.52 GPa
The volume	=	0.434 cc/g
The density	=	2.304 g/cc
The energy	=	3.72 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4049 K
The shock velocity	=	8.475 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.067 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.409 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.101

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.13					
2.20	-6.22	128	98	83	69	143
4.10	-7.51	129	97	85	71	136
6.50	-8.04	129	97	85	72	132
10.00	-8.39	129	97	86	73	128
20.00	-8.80	128	96	86	74	123
40.00	-9.10	127	96	87	75	118
80.00	-9.32	127	95	87	75	113
160.00	-9.50					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.206

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.681 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.681 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.088 kJ/cc
 A = 896.66 GPa, B = 10.19 GPa, C = 1.49 GPa
 R[1] = 4.77, R[2] = 1.06, omega = 0.38
 RMS fitting error = 0.95 %

Appendix D Cheetah summary printout 92 wt. % RDX

D.1 COMP 22

D.1.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	8.00	16.31	10.83	33939	99.09	1.29 <chem>C3H5N3O1</chem>
RDX	92.00	83.69	89.17	16496	222.13	1.81 <chem>C3H6N6O6</chem>

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	8.00	16.31	10.83	33939	99.09	1.29 <chem>C3H5N3O1</chem>
RDX	92.00	83.69	89.17	16496	222.13	1.81 <chem>C3H6N6O6</chem>

Density = 1.7504 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7504 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	31.24 GPa
The volume	=	0.437 cc/g
The density	=	2.287 g/cc
The energy	=	3.67 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4049 K
The shock velocity	=	8.720 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.047 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.673 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.260

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.17					
2.20	-6.62	137	104	89	73	152
4.10	-7.97	137	103	90	75	144
6.50	-8.51	137	102	90	76	139
10.00	-8.86	136	102	91	77	135
20.00	-9.26	135	101	91	78	129
40.00	-9.55	134	100	91	79	123
80.00	-9.76	132	100	91	79	118
160.00	-9.93					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.204

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.096 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.096 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0	=	-10.411 kJ/cc			
A	=	1113.03 GPa,	B	=	12.05 GPa, C = 1.74 GPa
R[1]	=	4.98,	R[2]	=	1.12, omega = 0.42
RMS fitting error	=	1.02 %			

D.1.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc
 Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
GAP	8.00	16.31	10.83	33939	99.09	1.29	C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
RDX	92.00	83.69	89.17	16496	222.13	1.81	C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
GAP	8.00	16.31	10.83	33939	99.09	1.29	C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
RDX	92.00	83.69	89.17	16496	222.13	1.81	C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.7504 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7504 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	31.39 GPa
The volume	=	0.432 cc/g
The density	=	2.315 g/cc
The energy	=	3.83 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4109 K
The shock velocity	=	8.576 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.091 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.485 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.101

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.16					
2.20	-6.38	131	100	85	70	146
4.10	-7.69	132	100	87	73	139
6.50	-8.22	132	99	87	74	135
10.00	-8.57	131	99	88	75	131
20.00	-8.98	131	98	88	76	125
40.00	-9.28	130	98	89	76	120
80.00	-9.50	129	97	89	77	115
160.00	-9.67					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.231

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.846 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.846 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.179 kJ/cc
 A = 915.84 GPa, B = 10.37 GPa, C = 1.74 GPa
 R[1] = 4.76, R[2] = 1.10, omega = 0.42
 RMS fitting error = 0.73 %

D.2 COMP 23

D.2.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	8.00	10.30	10.78	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
RDX	92.00	89.70	89.22	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	8.00	10.30	10.78	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
RDX	92.00	89.70	89.22	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.7515 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7515 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	31.31 GPa
The volume	=	0.437 cc/g
The density	=	2.289 g/cc
The energy	=	3.68 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4064 K
The shock velocity	=	8.725 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.049 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.676 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.259

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.18					
2.20	-6.64	137	105	89	73	152
4.10	-7.99	137	103	90	76	145
6.50	-8.53	137	103	91	77	140
10.00	-8.88	136	102	91	77	135
20.00	-9.28	135	101	91	78	129
40.00	-9.57	134	101	91	79	124
80.00	-9.79	133	100	91	79	119
160.00	-9.96					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.216

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.123 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.123 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0	=	-10.438 kJ/cc			
A	=	1113.73 GPa,	B	=	12.07 GPa, C = 1.75 GPa
R[1]	=	4.98,	R[2]	=	1.12, omega = 0.42
RMS fitting error	=	1.02 %			

D.2.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
BAMO	8.00	10.30	10.78	100382	168.16	1.30	C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
RDX	92.00	89.70	89.22	16496	222.13	1.81	C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
BAMO	8.00	10.30	10.78	100382	168.16	1.30	C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
RDX	92.00	89.70	89.22	16496	222.13	1.81	C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.7515 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7515 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	31.55 GPa
The volume	=	0.432 cc/g
The density	=	2.317 g/cc
The energy	=	3.85 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4121 K
The shock velocity	=	8.593 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.097 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.496 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.098

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.17					
2.20	-6.40	132	101	86	71	147
4.10	-7.72	133	100	87	73	140
6.50	-8.25	132	99	88	74	135
10.00	-8.61	132	99	88	75	131
20.00	-9.01	131	98	88	76	126
40.00	-9.31	130	98	89	77	120
80.00	-9.53	129	98	89	77	116
160.00	-9.71					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.239

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.880 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.880 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.213 kJ/cc
A = 918.07 GPa, B = 10.43 GPa, C = 1.74 GPa
R[1] = 4.76, R[2] = 1.11, omega = 0.42
RMS fitting error = 0.73 %

D.3 COMP 24

D.3.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	6.00	12.44	8.12	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	2.00	2.44	2.69	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
RDX	92.00	85.11	89.18	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	6.00	12.44	8.12	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	2.00	2.44	2.69	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
RDX	92.00	85.11	89.18	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.7507 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7507 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	31.26 GPa
The volume	=	0.437 cc/g
The density	=	2.288 g/cc
The energy	=	3.67 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4052 K
The shock velocity	=	8.721 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.047 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.674 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.259

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.17					
2.20	-6.63	137	104	89	73	152
4.10	-7.97	137	103	90	75	144
6.50	-8.51	137	103	90	76	139
10.00	-8.86	136	102	91	77	135
20.00	-9.26	135	101	91	78	129
40.00	-9.55	134	101	91	79	124
80.00	-9.77	133	100	91	79	119
160.00	-9.94					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.207

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.103 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.103 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.494 kJ/cc

A = 1075.92 GPa, B = 11.42 GPa, C = 1.48 GPa

R[1] = 4.90, R[2] = 1.07, omega = 0.38

RMS fitting error = 1.25 %

D.3.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	6.00	12.44	8.12	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	2.00	2.44	2.69	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
RDX	92.00	85.11	89.18	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	6.00	12.44	8.12	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	2.00	2.44	2.69	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
RDX	92.00	85.11	89.18	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.7507 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7507 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	31.43 GPa
The volume	=	0.432 cc/g
The density	=	2.315 g/cc
The energy	=	3.83 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4112 K
The shock velocity	=	8.581 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.092 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.488 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.101

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.16					
2.20	-6.38	132	101	85	71	146
4.10	-7.70	132	100	87	73	139
6.50	-8.23	132	99	87	74	135
10.00	-8.58	132	99	88	75	131
20.00	-8.99	131	98	88	76	125
40.00	-9.28	130	98	89	76	120
80.00	-9.51	129	97	89	77	115
160.00	-9.68					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.233

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.854 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.854 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.258 kJ/cc
A = 919.87 GPa, B = 10.45 GPa, C = 1.51 GPa
R[1] = 4.76, R[2] = 1.07, omega = 0.38
RMS fitting error = 0.96 %

D.4 COMP 25

D.4.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	1.50	3.38	1.97	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	0.50	0.66	0.65	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
DOA	6.00	3.61	11.00	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	92.00	92.35	86.38	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	1.50	3.38	1.97	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	0.50	0.66	0.65	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
DOA	6.00	3.61	11.00	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	92.00	92.35	86.38	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.6957 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.6957 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	28.73 GPa
The volume	=	0.450 cc/g
The density	=	2.220 g/cc
The energy	=	3.39 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3852 K
The shock velocity	=	8.467 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.001 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.467 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.232

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.08					
2.20	-6.08	125	96	81	67	140
4.10	-7.34	126	95	83	70	133
6.50	-7.85	126	95	83	71	129
10.00	-8.19	126	94	84	71	125
20.00	-8.59	125	94	84	72	120
40.00	-8.87	124	93	85	73	115
80.00	-9.09	123	93	85	74	110
160.00	-9.26					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.113

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.464 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.464 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0	=	-9.781 kJ/cc				
A	=	987.87 GPa, B	=	10.73 GPa, C	=	1.62 GPa
R[1]	=	4.94,	R[2]	=	1.11,	omega = 0.40
RMS fitting error	=	0.97 %				

D.4.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
DOA	6.00	3.61	11.00	-290392	370.56	0.93	C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	92.00	92.35	86.38	16496	222.13	1.81	C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆
BAMO	0.50	0.66	0.65	100382	168.16	1.30	C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
GAP	1.50	3.38	1.97	33939	99.09	1.29	C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
DOA	6.00	3.61	11.00	-290392	370.56	0.93	C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	92.00	92.35	86.38	16496	222.13	1.81	C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆
BAMO	0.50	0.66	0.65	100382	168.16	1.30	C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
GAP	1.50	3.38	1.97	33939	99.09	1.29	C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁

Density = 1.6957 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.6957 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	27.69 GPa
The volume	=	0.445 cc/g
The density	=	2.247 g/cc
The energy	=	3.40 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3939 K
The shock velocity	=	8.158 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.001 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.156 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.076

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.03					
2.20	-5.75	119	91	77	64	132
4.10	-6.99	120	91	79	66	127
6.50	-7.51	120	90	80	67	123
10.00	-7.85	120	90	80	68	120
20.00	-8.26	120	90	81	70	115
40.00	-8.56	120	90	82	70	111
80.00	-8.79	119	90	82	71	107
160.00	-8.97					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.201

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.197 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.197 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -9.535 kJ/cc
 A = 803.50 GPa, B = 9.42 GPa, C = 1.64 GPa
 R[1] = 4.79, R[2] = 1.10, omega = 0.39
 RMS fitting error = 0.70 %

D.5 COMP 26

D.5.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	2.00	4.48	2.62	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
DOA	6.00	3.59	11.00	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	92.00	91.93	86.38	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	2.00	4.48	2.62	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
DOA	6.00	3.59	11.00	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	92.00	91.93	86.38	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.6956 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.6956 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	28.72 GPa
The volume	=	0.450 cc/g
The density	=	2.220 g/cc
The energy	=	3.39 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3851 K
The shock velocity	=	8.467 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.000 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.467 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.233

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.08					
2.20	-6.08	125	96	81	67	140
4.10	-7.34	126	95	83	69	133
6.50	-7.85	126	95	83	71	129
10.00	-8.19	126	94	84	71	125
20.00	-8.58	125	94	84	72	120
40.00	-8.87	124	93	85	73	115
80.00	-9.09	123	93	85	74	110
160.00	-9.26					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.112

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.462 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.462 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -9.779 kJ/cc
 A = 988.42 GPa, B = 10.74 GPa, C = 1.62 GPa
 R[1] = 4.94, R[2] = 1.11, omega = 0.40
 RMS fitting error = 0.97 %

D.5.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	2.00	4.48	2.62	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
DOA	6.00	3.59	11.00	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	92.00	91.93	86.38	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	2.00	4.48	2.62	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
DOA	6.00	3.59	11.00	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	92.00	91.93	86.38	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.6956 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.6956 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	27.68 GPa
The volume	=	0.445 cc/g
The density	=	2.247 g/cc
The energy	=	3.40 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3938 K
The shock velocity	=	8.157 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.001 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.155 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.076

Cylinder runs:

V/V ₀ (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.03					
2.20	-5.75	118	90	77	63	132
4.10	-6.99	120	90	79	66	127
6.50	-7.50	120	90	80	67	123
10.00	-7.85	120	90	80	68	120
20.00	-8.26	120	90	81	70	115
40.00	-8.56	120	90	82	70	111
80.00	-8.79	119	90	82	71	107
160.00	-8.97					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.201

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.195 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.195 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E₀ = -9.607 kJ/cc
 A = 807.45 GPa, B = 9.50 GPa, C = 1.44 GPa
 R[1] = 4.78, R[2] = 1.06, omega = 0.36
 RMS fitting error = 0.93 %

D.6 COMP 27

D.6.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	2.00	2.69	2.61	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
DOA	6.00	3.66	11.00	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	92.00	93.65	86.39	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	2.00	2.69	2.61	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
DOA	6.00	3.66	11.00	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	92.00	93.65	86.39	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.6959 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.6959 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	28.74 GPa
The volume	=	0.450 cc/g
The density	=	2.221 g/cc
The energy	=	3.39 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3855 K
The shock velocity	=	8.468 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.001 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.468 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.232

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.08					
2.20	-6.09	125	96	81	67	140
4.10	-7.34	126	95	83	70	133
6.50	-7.86	126	95	83	71	129
10.00	-8.20	126	94	84	71	125
20.00	-8.59	125	94	84	72	120
40.00	-8.88	124	93	85	73	115
80.00	-9.10	123	93	85	74	110
160.00	-9.27					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.115

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.469 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.469 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -9.865 kJ/cc

A = 958.68 GPa, B = 10.23 GPa, C = 1.39 GPa

R[1] = 4.87, R[2] = 1.06, omega = 0.36

RMS fitting error = 1.20 %

D.6.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	2.00	2.69	2.61	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
DOA	6.00	3.66	11.00	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	92.00	93.65	86.39	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	2.00	2.69	2.61	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
DOA	6.00	3.66	11.00	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	92.00	93.65	86.39	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.6959 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.6959 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	27.71 GPa
The volume	=	0.445 cc/g
The density	=	2.247 g/cc
The energy	=	3.40 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3941 K
The shock velocity	=	8.160 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.002 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.158 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.075

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.03					
2.20	-5.75	119	91	77	64	132
4.10	-6.99	120	91	79	66	127
6.50	-7.51	121	90	80	67	123
10.00	-7.86	121	90	80	68	120
20.00	-8.27	120	90	81	70	115
40.00	-8.56	120	90	82	70	111
80.00	-8.80	119	90	82	71	107
160.00	-8.98					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.203

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.203 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.203 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0	=	-9.540 kJ/cc				
A	=	803.92 GPa, B	=	9.43 GPa, C	=	1.64 GPa
R[1]	=	4.79,	R[2]	=	1.10,	omega = 0.39
RMS fitting error	=	0.70 %				

D.7 COMP 28

D.7.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
HYTEMP	2.00	2.40	3.37	-205067	188.60	1.00 C ₁₀ H _{15.46} O _{3.307}
DOA	6.00	3.67	10.91	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	92.00	93.92	85.72	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
HYTEMP	2.00	2.40	3.37	-205067	188.60	1.00 C ₁₀ H _{15.46} O _{3.307}
DOA	6.00	3.67	10.91	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	92.00	93.92	85.72	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.6827 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.6827 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	28.01 GPa
The volume	=	0.454 cc/g
The density	=	2.204 g/cc
The energy	=	3.31 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3799 K
The shock velocity	=	8.389 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	1.985 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.404 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.227

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.05					
2.20	-5.93	122	93	79	66	136
4.10	-7.16	123	93	81	68	130
6.50	-7.66	123	92	81	69	125
10.00	-8.00	123	92	82	70	122
20.00	-8.39	122	92	82	71	117
40.00	-8.67	121	91	83	71	112
80.00	-8.89	121	91	83	72	108
160.00	-9.06					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.082

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.268 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.268 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0	=	-9.584 kJ/cc						
A	=	957.39 GPa,	B	=	10.39 GPa,	C	=	1.58 GPa
R[1]	=	4.93,	R[2]	=	1.11,	omega	=	0.40
RMS fitting error	=	0.96 %						

D.7.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
HYTEMP	2.00	2.40	3.37	-205067	188.60	1.00	<chem>C10H15.46O3.307</chem>
DOA	6.00	3.67	10.91	-290392	370.56	0.93	<chem>C22H42O4</chem>
RDX	92.00	93.92	85.72	16496	222.13	1.81	<chem>C3H6N6O6</chem>

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
HYTEMP	2.00	2.40	3.37	-205067	188.60	1.00	<chem>C10H15.46O3.307</chem>
DOA	6.00	3.67	10.91	-290392	370.56	0.93	<chem>C22H42O4</chem>
RDX	92.00	93.92	85.72	16496	222.13	1.81	<chem>C3H6N6O6</chem>

Density = 1.6827 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.6827 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	26.72 GPa
The volume	=	0.449 cc/g
The density	=	2.229 g/cc
The energy	=	3.28 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3887 K
The shock velocity	=	8.048 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	1.973 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.074 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.078

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.00					
2.20	-5.57	115	88	75	62	128
4.10	-6.79	117	88	77	64	123
6.50	-7.30	117	88	77	66	119
10.00	-7.64	117	88	78	67	116
20.00	-8.05	117	88	79	68	112
40.00	-8.35	117	88	80	69	108
80.00	-8.58	116	88	80	69	104
160.00	-8.76					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.180

The mechanical energy of detonation = -8.995 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -8.995 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -9.335 kJ/cc
 A = 780.66 GPa, B = 9.14 GPa, C = 1.61 GPa
 R[1] = 4.80, R[2] = 1.10, omega = 0.39
 RMS fitting error = 0.70 %

Appendix E Cheetah summary printout 87 wt. % HMX

E.1 COMP 29

E.1.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
HMX	87.00	71.72	76.45	17866	296.17	1.91 <chem>C4H8N8O8</chem>
DOA	7.00	4.61	12.67	-290392	370.56	0.93 <chem>C22H42O4</chem>
HTPB	5.00	22.57	9.30	1195	54.09	0.90 <chem>C4H6</chem>
IPDI	1.00	1.10	1.58	-88910	222.28	1.06 <chem>C12H18N2O2</chem>

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
HMX	87.00	71.72	76.45	17866	296.17	1.91 <chem>C4H8N8O8</chem>
DOA	7.00	4.61	12.67	-290392	370.56	0.93 <chem>C22H42O4</chem>
HTPB	5.00	22.57	9.30	1195	54.09	0.90 <chem>C4H6</chem>
IPDI	1.00	1.10	1.58	-88910	222.28	1.06 <chem>C12H18N2O2</chem>

Density = 1.6740 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.6740 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	27.15 GPa
The volume	=	0.457 cc/g
The density	=	2.190 g/cc
The energy	=	3.20 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3547 K
The shock velocity	=	8.294 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	1.955 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.338 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.242

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.01					
2.20	-5.61	116	88	75	62	129
4.10	-6.77	117	88	76	64	123
6.50	-7.26	117	87	77	65	119
10.00	-7.58	116	87	78	66	116
20.00	-7.97	116	87	78	67	111
40.00	-8.26	115	87	79	68	107
80.00	-8.48	115	87	79	69	103
160.00	-8.66					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 1.936

The mechanical energy of detonation = -8.940 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -8.940 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0	=	-9.264 kJ/cc				
A	=	923.94 GPa, B	=	9.41 GPa, C	=	1.45 GPa
R[1]	=	4.90, R[2]	=	1.10, omega	=	0.37
RMS fitting error	=	0.90 %				

E.1.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
HTPB	5.00	22.57	9.30	1195	54.09	0.90	C ₄ H ₆
IPDI	1.00	1.10	1.58	-88910	222.28	1.06	C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
HMX	87.00	71.72	76.45	17866	296.17	1.91	C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈
DOA	7.00	4.61	12.67	-290392	370.56	0.93	C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
HTPB	5.00	22.57	9.30	1195	54.09	0.90	C ₄ H ₆
IPDI	1.00	1.10	1.58	-88910	222.28	1.06	C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
HMX	87.00	71.72	76.45	17866	296.17	1.91	C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈
DOA	7.00	4.61	12.67	-290392	370.56	0.93	C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄

Density = 1.6740 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.6740 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	24.53 GPa
The volume	=	0.450 cc/g
The density	=	2.221 g/cc
The energy	=	3.02 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3664 K
The shock velocity	=	7.714 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	1.900 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	5.813 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.060

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-0.91					
2.20	-5.17	107	81	69	57	119
4.10	-6.33	109	82	71	60	115
6.50	-6.83	110	82	73	61	112
10.00	-7.18	110	83	73	63	109
20.00	-7.59	110	83	74	64	106
40.00	-7.90	110	83	75	65	102
80.00	-8.14	111	83	76	66	99
160.00	-8.34					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.103

The mechanical energy of detonation = -8.683 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -8.683 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -9.035 kJ/cc
 A = 723.04 GPa, B = 8.72 GPa, C = 1.50 GPa
 R[1] = 4.83, R[2] = 1.10, omega = 0.36
 RMS fitting error = 0.67 %

E.2 COMP 30

E.2.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
HMX	87.00	83.66	78.62	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈
DOA	7.00	5.38	13.03	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
pNIMMO	5.00	9.68	6.72	73853	147.13	1.28 c5h9n1o4
IPDI	1.00	1.28	1.62	-88910	222.28	1.06 C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
HMX	87.00	83.66	78.62	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈
DOA	7.00	5.38	13.03	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
pNIMMO	5.00	9.68	6.72	73853	147.13	1.28 c5h9n1o4
IPDI	1.00	1.28	1.62	-88910	222.28	1.06 C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂

Density = 1.7216 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7216 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	29.84 GPa
The volume	=	0.444 cc/g
The density	=	2.250 g/cc
The energy	=	3.51 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3748 K
The shock velocity	=	8.588 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.018 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.570 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.255

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.11					
2.20	-6.23	128	98	83	69	143
4.10	-7.49	129	97	85	71	136
6.50	-8.01	129	97	85	72	131
10.00	-8.35	128	96	85	73	127
20.00	-8.75	127	96	86	74	122
40.00	-9.05	127	95	86	74	117
80.00	-9.28	126	95	87	75	113
160.00	-9.46					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.055

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.695 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.695 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0	=	-10.106 kJ/cc						
A	=	1002.22 GPa,	B	=	10.24 GPa,	C	=	1.36 GPa
R[1]	=	4.85,	R[2]	=	1.06,	omega	=	0.35
RMS fitting error	=	1.20 %						

E.2.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
pNIMMO	5.00	9.68	6.72	73853	147.13	1.28 C ₅ H ₉ N ₁ O ₄
IPDI	1.00	1.28	1.62	-88910	222.28	1.06 C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
HMX	87.00	83.66	78.62	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈
DOA	7.00	5.38	13.03	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
pNIMMO	5.00	9.68	6.72	73853	147.13	1.28 C ₅ H ₉ N ₁ O ₄
IPDI	1.00	1.28	1.62	-88910	222.28	1.06 C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
HMX	87.00	83.66	78.62	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈
DOA	7.00	5.38	13.03	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄

Density = 1.7216 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7216 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	28.09 GPa
The volume	=	0.437 cc/g
The density	=	2.288 g/cc
The energy	=	3.48 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3867 K
The shock velocity	=	8.118 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.010 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.108 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.038

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.04					
2.20	-5.80	120	91	78	64	133
4.10	-7.06	122	92	80	67	128
6.50	-7.59	122	91	81	68	124
10.00	-7.95	122	91	81	69	121
20.00	-8.37	122	91	82	70	117
40.00	-8.69	121	91	83	71	112
80.00	-8.93	121	91	83	72	108
160.00	-9.13					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.193

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.409 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.409 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -9.842 kJ/cc
 A = 794.84 GPa, B = 9.67 GPa, C = 1.43 GPa
 R[1] = 4.76, R[2] = 1.06, omega = 0.35
 RMS fitting error = 0.90 %

E.3 COMP 31

E.3.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
HMX	87.00	79.91	78.68	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈
DOA	7.00	5.14	13.04	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
GAP	5.00	13.73	6.66	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
IPDI	1.00	1.22	1.63	-88910	222.28	1.06 C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
HMX	87.00	79.91	78.68	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈
DOA	7.00	5.14	13.04	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
GAP	5.00	13.73	6.66	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
IPDI	1.00	1.22	1.63	-88910	222.28	1.06 C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂

Density = 1.7227 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7227 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	29.30 GPa
The volume	=	0.445 cc/g
The density	=	2.249 g/cc
The energy	=	3.43 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3671 K
The shock velocity	=	8.528 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	1.995 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.533 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.276

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.08					
2.20	-6.05	125	95	81	67	139
4.10	-7.28	125	94	82	69	132
6.50	-7.78	125	94	83	70	127
10.00	-8.11	124	93	83	71	124
20.00	-8.50	124	93	83	72	119
40.00	-8.78	123	92	84	72	114
80.00	-9.00	122	92	84	73	109
160.00	-9.18					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 1.973

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.398 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.398 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -9.723 kJ/cc

A = 1037.40 GPa, B = 10.47 GPa, C = 1.54 GPa

R[1] = 4.94, R[2] = 1.11, omega = 0.39

RMS fitting error = 0.95 %

E.3.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
GAP	5.00	13.73	6.66	33939	99.09	1.29	C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
IPDI	1.00	1.22	1.63	-88910	222.28	1.06	C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
HMX	87.00	79.91	78.68	17866	296.17	1.91	C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈
DOA	7.00	5.14	13.04	-290392	370.56	0.93	C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
GAP	5.00	13.73	6.66	33939	99.09	1.29	C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
IPDI	1.00	1.22	1.63	-88910	222.28	1.06	C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
HMX	87.00	79.91	78.68	17866	296.17	1.91	C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈
DOA	7.00	5.14	13.04	-290392	370.56	0.93	C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄

Density = 1.7227 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7227 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	27.68 GPa
The volume	=	0.438 cc/g
The density	=	2.284 g/cc
The energy	=	3.40 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3774 K
The shock velocity	=	8.087 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	1.986 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.101 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.071

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.02					
2.20	-5.66	117	89	76	63	130
4.10	-6.88	118	89	78	65	125
6.50	-7.39	119	89	78	66	121
10.00	-7.74	119	89	79	67	118
20.00	-8.15	119	89	80	69	114
40.00	-8.45	118	89	81	70	109
80.00	-8.69	118	89	81	70	105
160.00	-8.88					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.098

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.148 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.148 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -9.497 kJ/cc
 A = 806.40 GPa, B = 9.40 GPa, C = 1.57 GPa
 R[1] = 4.79, R[2] = 1.10, omega = 0.38
 RMS fitting error = 0.66 %

E.4 COMP 32

E.4.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
HMX	87.00	84.69	78.70	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈
DOA	7.00	5.45	13.04	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
BAMO	5.00	8.57	6.63	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
IPDI	1.00	1.30	1.63	-88910	222.28	1.06 C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
HMX	87.00	84.69	78.70	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈
DOA	7.00	5.45	13.04	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
BAMO	5.00	8.57	6.63	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
IPDI	1.00	1.30	1.63	-88910	222.28	1.06 C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂

Density = 1.7234 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7234 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	29.34 GPa
The volume	=	0.445 cc/g
The density	=	2.250 g/cc
The energy	=	3.43 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3679 K
The shock velocity	=	8.531 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	1.995 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.536 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.275

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.08					
2.20	-6.06	125	95	81	67	139
4.10	-7.29	125	94	82	69	132
6.50	-7.79	125	94	83	70	128
10.00	-8.12	125	93	83	71	124
20.00	-8.51	124	93	84	72	119
40.00	-8.80	123	93	84	72	114
80.00	-9.02	122	92	84	73	109
160.00	-9.19					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 1.979

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.414 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.414 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -9.825 kJ/cc
A = 1006.54 GPa, B = 9.94 GPa, C = 1.33 GPa
R[1] = 4.87, R[2] = 1.06, omega = 0.35
RMS fitting error = 1.18 %

E.4.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
BAMO	5.00	8.57	6.63	100382	168.16	1.30	<chem>C5H8N6O1</chem>
IPDI	1.00	1.30	1.63	-88910	222.28	1.06	<chem>C12H18N2O2</chem>
DOA	7.00	5.45	13.04	-290392	370.56	0.93	<chem>C22H42O4</chem>
HMX	87.00	84.69	78.70	17866	296.17	1.91	<chem>C4H8N8O8</chem>

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
BAMO	5.00	8.57	6.63	100382	168.16	1.30	<chem>C5H8N6O1</chem>
IPDI	1.00	1.30	1.63	-88910	222.28	1.06	<chem>C12H18N2O2</chem>
DOA	7.00	5.45	13.04	-290392	370.56	0.93	<chem>C22H42O4</chem>
HMX	87.00	84.69	78.70	17866	296.17	1.91	<chem>C4H8N8O8</chem>

Density = 1.7234 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7234 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	27.77 GPa
The volume	=	0.438 cc/g
The density	=	2.285 g/cc
The energy	=	3.41 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3781 K
The shock velocity	=	8.097 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	1.990 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.107 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.069

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.02					
2.20	-5.68	117	89	76	63	130
4.10	-6.90	119	89	78	65	125
6.50	-7.41	119	89	79	67	121
10.00	-7.76	119	89	79	68	118
20.00	-8.17	119	89	80	69	114
40.00	-8.47	118	89	81	70	110
80.00	-8.71	118	89	81	71	106
160.00	-8.90					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.103

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.168 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.168 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -9.600 kJ/cc
 A = 811.64 GPa, B = 9.51 GPa, C = 1.38 GPa
 R[1] = 4.79, R[2] = 1.06, omega = 0.34
 RMS fitting error = 0.90 %

E.5 COMP 33

E.5.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
HMX	87.00	73.20	81.48	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈
IPDI	2.00	2.24	3.37	-88910	222.28	1.06 C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
GAP	8.00	20.12	11.04	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	3.00	4.45	4.12	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
HMX	87.00	73.20	81.48	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈
IPDI	2.00	2.24	3.37	-88910	222.28	1.06 C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
GAP	8.00	20.12	11.04	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	3.00	4.45	4.12	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁

Density = 1.7841 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7841 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	32.09 GPa
The volume	=	0.430 cc/g
The density	=	2.324 g/cc
The energy	=	3.73 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3871 K
The shock velocity	=	8.802 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.044 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.758 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.307

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.18					
2.20	-6.64	137	104	89	73	152
4.10	-7.95	137	103	90	75	144
6.50	-8.48	136	102	90	76	139
10.00	-8.83	135	102	90	77	135
20.00	-9.22	134	101	91	78	129
40.00	-9.51	133	100	91	78	123
80.00	-9.73	132	100	91	79	118
160.00	-9.90					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.071

The mechanical energy of detonation = -10.087 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -10.087 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.410 kJ/cc
A = 1178.61 GPa, B = 11.81 GPa, C = 1.66 GPa
R[1] = 4.98, R[2] = 1.12, omega = 0.41
RMS fitting error = 1.01 %

E.5.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
HMX	87.00	73.20	81.48	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈
IPDI	2.00	2.24	3.37	-88910	222.28	1.06 C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
GAP	8.00	20.12	11.04	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	3.00	4.45	4.12	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
HMX	87.00	73.20	81.48	17866	296.17	1.91 C ₄ H ₈ N ₈ O ₈
IPDI	2.00	2.24	3.37	-88910	222.28	1.06 C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
GAP	8.00	20.12	11.04	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
BAMO	3.00	4.45	4.12	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁

Density = 1.7841 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7841 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	31.85 GPa
The volume	=	0.423 cc/g
The density	=	2.363 g/cc
The energy	=	3.90 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3947 K
The shock velocity	=	8.534 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.092 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.442 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.080

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.16					
2.20	-6.35	131	100	85	70	146
4.10	-7.64	131	99	86	72	138
6.50	-8.17	131	98	87	73	134
10.00	-8.52	131	98	87	74	130
20.00	-8.93	130	97	88	75	125
40.00	-9.23	129	97	88	76	119
80.00	-9.46	128	97	88	77	115
160.00	-9.64					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.132

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.854 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.854 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -10.198 kJ/cc
A = 911.74 GPa, B = 10.36 GPa, C = 1.67 GPa
R[1] = 4.74, R[2] = 1.11, omega = 0.40
RMS fitting error = 0.67 %

Appendix F Cheetah summary printout 87 wt. % RDX

F.1 COMP 34

F.1.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
HTPB	5.00	18.22	8.93	1195	54.09	0.90 C ₄ H ₆
IPDI	1.00	0.89	1.52	-88910	222.28	1.06 C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
DOA	7.00	3.72	12.16	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	87.00	77.18	77.40	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
HTPB	5.00	18.22	8.93	1195	54.09	0.90 C ₄ H ₆
IPDI	1.00	0.89	1.52	-88910	222.28	1.06 C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
DOA	7.00	3.72	12.16	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	87.00	77.18	77.40	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.6067 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.6067 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	24.77 GPa
The volume	=	0.474 cc/g
The density	=	2.111 g/cc
The energy	=	2.96 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3603 K
The shock velocity	=	8.033 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	1.919 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.114 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.185

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-0.93					
2.20	-5.25	108	83	70	58	120
4.10	-6.38	110	83	72	60	116
6.50	-6.86	110	83	73	62	112
10.00	-7.18	110	83	73	63	109
20.00	-7.57	110	83	74	64	106
40.00	-7.85	110	83	75	65	102
80.00	-8.08	110	83	75	65	98
160.00	-8.26					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.023

The mechanical energy of detonation = -8.545 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -8.545 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -8.954 kJ/cc

A = 785.19 GPa, B = 8.43 GPa, C = 1.25 GPa

R[1] = 4.82, R[2] = 1.04, omega = 0.33

RMS fitting error = 1.10 %

F.1.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
HTPB	5.00	18.22	8.93	1195	54.09	0.90	C ₄ H ₆
IPDI	1.00	0.89	1.52	-88910	222.28	1.06	C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
DOA	7.00	3.72	12.16	-290392	370.56	0.93	C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	87.00	77.18	77.40	16496	222.13	1.81	C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
HTPB	5.00	18.22	8.93	1195	54.09	0.90	C ₄ H ₆
IPDI	1.00	0.89	1.52	-88910	222.28	1.06	C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
DOA	7.00	3.72	12.16	-290392	370.56	0.93	C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	87.00	77.18	77.40	16496	222.13	1.81	C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.6067 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.6067 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	22.22 GPa
The volume	=	0.469 cc/g
The density	=	2.132 g/cc
The energy	=	2.74 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3708 K
The shock velocity	=	7.491 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	1.846 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	5.644 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.057

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-0.84					
2.20	-4.85	100	76	65	54	111
4.10	-5.98	103	77	68	57	108
6.50	-6.47	104	78	69	58	106
10.00	-6.81	104	78	70	59	104
20.00	-7.21	105	79	71	61	101
40.00	-7.52	105	79	72	62	97
80.00	-7.76	105	79	72	63	94
160.00	-7.96					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.178

The mechanical energy of detonation = -8.287 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -8.287 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0	=	-8.632 kJ/cc						
A	=	659.38 GPa	B	=	8.19 GPa	C	=	1.48 GPa
R[1]	=	4.86,	R[2]	=	1.09,	omega	=	0.36
RMS fitting error = 0.71 %								

F.2 COMP 35

F.2.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
pNIMMO	5.00	7.57	6.45	73853	147.13	1.28 C ₅ H ₉ N ₁ O ₄
IPDI	1.00	1.00	1.56	-88910	222.28	1.06 C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
DOA	7.00	4.21	12.49	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	87.00	87.22	79.51	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
pNIMMO	5.00	7.57	6.45	73853	147.13	1.28 C ₅ H ₉ N ₁ O ₄
IPDI	1.00	1.00	1.56	-88910	222.28	1.06 C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
DOA	7.00	4.21	12.49	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	87.00	87.22	79.51	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.6504 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.6504 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	27.21 GPa
The volume	=	0.461 cc/g
The density	=	2.168 g/cc
The energy	=	3.25 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3811 K
The shock velocity	=	8.309 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	1.984 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.325 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.188

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.03					
2.20	-5.82	120	92	78	64	134
4.10	-7.05	121	91	80	67	128
6.50	-7.56	121	91	80	68	124
10.00	-7.90	121	91	81	69	120
20.00	-8.30	121	91	81	70	116
40.00	-8.59	120	90	82	71	111
80.00	-8.82	120	90	82	71	107
160.00	-9.00					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.150

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.249 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.249 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -9.564 kJ/cc

A = 894.33 GPa, B = 10.12 GPa, C = 1.58 GPa

R[1] = 4.90, R[2] = 1.11, omega = 0.39

RMS fitting error = 0.94 %

F.2.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
pNIMMO	5.00	7.57	6.45	73853	147.13	1.28 C ₅ H ₉ N ₁ O ₄
IPDI	1.00	1.00	1.56	-88910	222.28	1.06 C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
DOA	7.00	4.21	12.49	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	87.00	87.22	79.51	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
pNIMMO	5.00	7.57	6.45	73853	147.13	1.28 C ₅ H ₉ N ₁ O ₄
IPDI	1.00	1.00	1.56	-88910	222.28	1.06 C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
DOA	7.00	4.21	12.49	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	87.00	87.22	79.51	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.6504 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.6504 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	25.42 GPa
The volume	=	0.456 cc/g
The density	=	2.194 g/cc
The energy	=	3.15 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3917 K
The shock velocity	=	7.883 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	1.954 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	5.929 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.035

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-0.96					
2.20	-5.43	112	86	73	60	125
4.10	-6.66	115	86	75	63	121
6.50	-7.17	115	86	76	64	117
10.00	-7.52	115	87	77	66	115
20.00	-7.94	116	87	78	67	111
40.00	-8.25	115	87	79	68	107
80.00	-8.49	115	87	79	69	103
160.00	-8.68					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.279

The mechanical energy of detonation = -8.960 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -8.960 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -9.299 kJ/cc

A = 719.64 GPa, B = 8.98 GPa, C = 1.62 GPa

R[1] = 4.79, R[2] = 1.09, omega = 0.38

RMS fitting error = 0.69 %

F.3 COMP 36

F.3.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	5.00	10.84	6.39	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
IPDI	1.00	0.97	1.56	-88910	222.28	1.06 C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
DOA	7.00	4.06	12.50	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	87.00	84.14	79.56	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
GAP	5.00	10.84	6.39	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
IPDI	1.00	0.97	1.56	-88910	222.28	1.06 C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
DOA	7.00	4.06	12.50	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	87.00	84.14	79.56	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.6515 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.6515 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	26.70 GPa
The volume	=	0.462 cc/g
The density	=	2.166 g/cc
The energy	=	3.17 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3733 K
The shock velocity	=	8.249 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	1.960 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.290 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.210

Cylinder runs:

% of standards						
V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.01					
2.20	-5.66	117	89	76	63	130
4.10	-6.85	118	89	77	65	124
6.50	-7.34	118	88	78	66	120
10.00	-7.67	118	88	78	67	117
20.00	-8.06	117	88	79	68	112
40.00	-8.34	117	88	80	69	108
80.00	-8.56	116	88	80	69	104
160.00	-8.74					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.065

The mechanical energy of detonation = -8.971 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -8.971 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -9.288 kJ/cc

A = 895.52 GPa, B = 9.76 GPa, C = 1.53 GPa

R[1] = 4.92, R[2] = 1.11, omega = 0.39

RMS fitting error = 0.92 %

F.3.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
GAP	5.00	10.84	6.39	33939	99.09	1.29	C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
IPDI	1.00	0.97	1.56	-88910	222.28	1.06	C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
DOA	7.00	4.06	12.50	-290392	370.56	0.93	C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	87.00	84.14	79.56	16496	222.13	1.81	C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkwc

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)	
GAP	5.00	10.84	6.39	33939	99.09	1.29	C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
IPDI	1.00	0.97	1.56	-88910	222.28	1.06	C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
DOA	7.00	4.06	12.50	-290392	370.56	0.93	C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	87.00	84.14	79.56	16496	222.13	1.81	C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.6515 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.6515 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	25.01 GPa
The volume	=	0.457 cc/g
The density	=	2.190 g/cc
The energy	=	3.07 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3825 K
The shock velocity	=	7.849 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	1.929 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	5.920 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.068

Cylinder runs:

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	% of standards				
		TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-0.94					
2.20	-5.30	109	83	71	59	121
4.10	-6.48	112	84	73	61	117
6.50	-6.98	112	84	74	63	114
10.00	-7.32	112	84	75	64	112
20.00	-7.73	112	84	76	65	108
40.00	-8.03	112	85	77	66	104
80.00	-8.26	112	85	77	67	100
160.00	-8.45					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.182

The mechanical energy of detonation = -8.715 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -8.715 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -9.055 kJ/cc
 A = 733.44 GPa, B = 8.78 GPa, C = 1.56 GPa
 R[1] = 4.82, R[2] = 1.10, omega = 0.38
 RMS fitting error = 0.69 %

F.4 COMP 37

F.4.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	5.00	6.68	6.35	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
IPDI	1.00	1.01	1.56	-88910	222.28	1.06 C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
DOA	7.00	4.25	12.50	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	87.00	88.06	79.59	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	5.00	6.68	6.35	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
IPDI	1.00	1.01	1.56	-88910	222.28	1.06 C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
DOA	7.00	4.25	12.50	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	87.00	88.06	79.59	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.6521 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.6521 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	26.73 GPa
The volume	=	0.462 cc/g
The density	=	2.167 g/cc
The energy	=	3.17 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3741 K
The shock velocity	=	8.253 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	1.960 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.292 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.210

Cylinder runs:

% of standards						
V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.01					
2.20	-5.67	117	89	76	63	130
4.10	-6.86	118	89	77	65	124
6.50	-7.35	118	89	78	66	120
10.00	-7.68	118	88	79	67	117
20.00	-8.07	117	88	79	68	113
40.00	-8.36	117	88	80	69	108
80.00	-8.58	116	88	80	69	104
160.00	-8.75					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.072

The mechanical energy of detonation = -8.986 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -8.986 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -9.303 kJ/cc

A = 896.73 GPa, B = 9.77 GPa, C = 1.53 GPa

R[1] = 4.92, R[2] = 1.11, omega = 0.39

RMS fitting error = 0.92 %

F.4.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc
 Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers
 The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	5.00	6.68	6.35	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
IPDI	1.00	1.01	1.56	-88910	222.28	1.06 C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
DOA	7.00	4.25	12.50	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	87.00	88.06	79.59	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkwc
 Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers
 The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	5.00	6.68	6.35	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
IPDI	1.00	1.01	1.56	-88910	222.28	1.06 C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
DOA	7.00	4.25	12.50	-290392	370.56	0.93 C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄
RDX	87.00	88.06	79.59	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.6521 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.6521 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	25.09 GPa
The volume	=	0.456 cc/g
The density	=	2.191 g/cc
The energy	=	3.08 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3832 K
The shock velocity	=	7.859 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	1.932 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	5.926 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.067

Cylinder runs:		% of standards				
V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-0.94					
2.20	-5.31	110	84	71	59	122
4.10	-6.50	112	84	73	62	118
6.50	-7.00	112	84	74	63	115
10.00	-7.34	113	84	75	64	112
20.00	-7.75	113	85	76	65	108
40.00	-8.05	113	85	77	66	104
80.00	-8.28	112	85	77	67	101
160.00	-8.47					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.188
 The mechanical energy of detonation = -8.734 kJ/cc
 The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc
 The total energy of detonation = -8.734 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0	=	-9.074 kJ/cc					
A	=	734.63 GPa, B	=	8.81 GPa, C	=	1.57 GPa	
R[1]	=	4.82,	R[2]	=	1.10,	omega	= 0.38
RMS fitting error = 0.69 %							

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F.5.1 BKWS product library

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	3.00	3.57	3.94	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
GAP	8.00	16.17	10.57	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
IPDI	2.00	1.80	3.22	-88910	222.28	1.06 C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
RDX	87.00	78.45	82.27	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkws library

Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	3.00	3.57	3.94	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
GAP	8.00	16.17	10.57	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
IPDI	2.00	1.80	3.22	-88910	222.28	1.06 C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
RDX	87.00	78.45	82.27	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.7078 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7078 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	29.16 GPa
The volume	=	0.447 cc/g
The density	=	2.236 g/cc
The energy	=	3.44 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	3941 K
The shock velocity	=	8.501 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.008 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.492 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.233

Cylinder runs:

% of standards						
V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.10					
2.20	-6.19	128	97	83	68	142
4.10	-7.47	129	97	84	71	135
6.50	-7.99	128	96	85	72	131
10.00	-8.33	128	96	85	73	127
20.00	-8.73	127	95	86	73	122
40.00	-9.02	126	95	86	74	117
80.00	-9.24	125	95	86	75	112
160.00	-9.41					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.172

The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.608 kJ/cc

The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc

The total energy of detonation = -9.608 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -9.923 kJ/cc

A = 1004.18 GPa, B = 10.95 GPa, C = 1.65 GPa

R[1] = 4.94, R[2] = 1.12, omega = 0.41

RMS fitting error = 0.97 %

F.5.2 BKWC product library

Product library title: bkwc
 Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	3.00	3.57	3.94	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
GAP	8.00	16.17	10.57	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
IPDI	2.00	1.80	3.22	-88910	222.28	1.06 C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
RDX	87.00	78.45	82.27	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Product library title: bkwc
 Reactant library title: # Version 2.0 by P. Clark Souers

The composition:

Name	% wt.	% mol	% vol	Heat of formation (cal/mol)	Mol. wt.	TMD (g/cc)
BAMO	3.00	3.57	3.94	100382	168.16	1.30 C ₅ H ₈ N ₆ O ₁
GAP	8.00	16.17	10.57	33939	99.09	1.29 C ₃ H ₅ N ₃ O ₁
IPDI	2.00	1.80	3.22	-88910	222.28	1.06 C ₁₂ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
RDX	87.00	78.45	82.27	16496	222.13	1.81 C ₃ H ₆ N ₆ O ₆

Density = 1.7078 g/cc Mixture TMD = 1.7078 g/cc % TMD = 100.0000

The C-J condition:

The pressure	=	28.70 GPa
The volume	=	0.442 cc/g
The density	=	2.263 g/cc
The energy	=	3.52 kJ/cc explosive
The temperature	=	4008 K
The shock velocity	=	8.275 mm/us
The particle velocity	=	2.031 mm/us
The speed of sound	=	6.245 mm/us
Gamma	=	3.075

Cylinder runs: % of standards

V/V0 (rel.)	Energy (kJ/cc)	TATB 1.83g/cc	PETN 1.76g/cc	HMX 1.89g/cc	CL-20 2.04g/cc	TRITON 1.70g/cc
1.00	-1.07					
2.20	-5.91	122	93	79	65	136
4.10	-7.17	123	93	81	68	130
6.50	-7.69	123	93	82	69	126
10.00	-8.04	123	93	82	70	123
20.00	-8.45	123	92	83	71	118
40.00	-8.75	122	92	83	72	113
80.00	-8.98	122	92	84	73	109
160.00	-9.16					

Freezing occurred at T = 1800.0 K and relative V = 2.230
 The mechanical energy of detonation = -9.366 kJ/cc
 The thermal energy of detonation = -0.000 kJ/cc
 The total energy of detonation = -9.366 kJ/cc

JWL Fit results:

E0 = -9.700 kJ/cc
 A = 826.95 GPa, B = 9.67 GPa, C = 1.66 GPa
 R[1] = 4.77, R[2] = 1.10, omega = 0.40
 RMS fitting error = 0.70 %